



2006 Music Group performance GA 2: Performance examination

GENERAL COMMENTS

Students who presented for the Music Group performance 2006 performance examination presented a diverse range of instruments, including voice, in the context of many different types of groups and ensembles. Students' ability to address the criteria varied and was influenced by their performance skills, understanding of the music styles being performed and experience in performing in a group context (perhaps as a member of a school ensemble).

Students who attained high marks confidently communicated a high level of musical, technical and interpretative skills and displayed excellent interaction with the other members of the group.

Some students could have increased their marks in some of the criteria relating to group interaction and presentation. It appeared to the assessors that these students had not been aware of all of the criteria when rehearsing and practising during the year. In many cases students seemed to have focused on instrumental skills and neglected to develop their skill at performing as a member of a group. Many students would benefit from consciously listening to and acknowledging the other group members and adjusting their musical contribution to enhance the overall group sound.

In some examinations one student introduced all the songs when this could have been shared among the group. Students should not be reticent to spend a moment or two between items to check their tuning. Also, students' ability to adapt to unforeseen situations (for example, where another band member forgets their part or breaks a string) can enhance their result if they demonstrate an ability to adapt positively to the changed musical situation.

On a number of occasions teachers performed inappropriately as a member of the group. Examples of this were where a teacher counted in the song, talked to or joked with the students during the performance, improvised for extended periods (thus taking away valuable time from the assessed performers) or otherwise played a dominant role in the group. Such behaviour is distracting and does not ultimately assist the assessed students. The conditions for the performance examination specifically preclude this sort of behaviour. Non-assessed performers must read and follow the conditions listed on pages 58–61 of the study design.

Students consistently met the requirement to perform two musical items from the Prescribed List. A number of students also performed additional works from the Prescribed List, which is permissible. It can be difficult for groups with two or more assessed performers to perform substantially on only two prescribed works. In this case students should consider performing more than two prescribed works to allow all of the assessed performers to meet the criteria. When choosing the program, students should remember that each song or item performed should demonstrate further musical ability and not merely repeat previously demonstrated skills.

SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Study design

'Unit 3: Music Group performance' and 'Unit 4: Music Group performance' in the current *Music VCE Study Design* contain the relevant key knowledge and skills and a description of the examination. This document is available on the VCAA website, <www.vcaa.vic.edu.au>. Teachers and students should also refer to the examination section of the *VCE and VCAL Administrative Handbook*, which is published annually.

Students and teachers should be aware that a new study design was implemented in 2006.

Prescribed List

Students must include two works from the 'Prescribed List of Arrangements for Music Group Performance' in their end-of-year performance examination program. This list is updated annually and is available on the VCAA website as a supplement to the December *VCAA Bulletin VCE VET and VCAL*.

Assessment criteria

The wording of two assessment criteria was changed with the introduction of the new study design in 2006:

- criterion 7 changed to 'Skill in performing music from a range of styles'
- criterion 11 changed to 'Skill in the presentation of a program of music'.

The changes to the wording were designed to make their intent clearer to students and teachers.



The criteria for the award of grades are applied to the whole program and not to individual works. There are 11 criteria that cover all instruments and the performance of all works in the program. The document which lists the criteria also includes annotations to help unpack the general criteria into components more relevant to particular instruments. For 2007, the criteria can be found at <http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/vce/studies/musicgroup/2007music-group-crit.pdf> or in the *VCE Music Assessment Handbook 2006–2009*. Note that this document is published annually. Only the current version should be used.

Selection of instrument

The term 'instrument' as used in the study design includes voice. Students may choose to perform on more than one instrument in their performance examination; however, this decision should be made with the student's likelihood of scoring well in the assessment criteria in mind. For example:

- where the group wants an assessed performer to assist the balance of the group by playing an instrument that they are not particularly competent with. This may result in the student losing opportunities to maximise their marks if they perform on this instrument for a considerable part of the program. The student should be careful not to compromise the amount of time spent performing to their strength
- where the student is a strong performer on more than one instrument (or voice). In this situation, there are certain criteria (such as 'skill in performing a range of techniques' and 'skill in performing as a member of a group') in which the student would benefit from performing on more than one instrument.

The examination

Assessed students perform as members of a group or ensemble, and are assessed in this context. The level of ability of other members of the group does not directly affect the assessed student's results. The assessors concentrate on the performance of the student being assessed and on how well they meet the criteria for assessment.

On the other hand, it is undeniable that the assessed performer's ability to maximise their results is contingent on the context within which each individual performs. For example, a drummer who keeps irregular time or rhythm will affect the ability of the assessed performer to demonstrate their ability to maintain an even tempo and accurately interpret rhythm patterns, and will therefore indirectly influence their ability to maximise their results.

Composition of the group

A group is defined as two or more students enrolled in a secondary school. The *Music VCE Study Design* states 'Where a group comprises two performers only, that group may not have a non-student performer...as a member. The musical parts should be arranged so that each performer is equally able to take a leading role during the performance' (page 60).

The assessed performer(s) can vary the composition of the group during their performance as they wish, which may enhance the ability of the assessed performer(s) to demonstrate a variety of styles and techniques. Students must decide how best to organise their group context(s) in a program that will facilitate their best performance according to the assessment criteria.

Although students can be assessed as individuals (that is, as the only assessed performer in a group), they should be aware that this does not guarantee better marks.

Students should also be aware that non-students may assist as part of the group within certain guidelines as outlined on page 60 of the study design. Teachers are advised that their role, if participating, should not distract from or limit the ability of the assessed performers to present a program that will maximise the students' marks.

Assessed student performers are expected to perform in a way that allows them to maximise their results in all criteria. Hence, non-assessed performers should not count in, conduct, tune, adjust instruments and equipment, lead, or otherwise play a dominant or distracting role during the performance examination. This will only lessen the opportunities for the assessed students to address all of the assessment criteria.

Program selection

As well as having two works from the 'Prescribed List of Arrangements for Music Group Performance', the program must contain at least four contrasting works.

The programs selected by the students are the foundation that allows them the opportunity to achieve their best results against each criterion. It is strongly recommended that students carefully consider the selection of works/songs for their program on the basis that each work contributes to a program that meets the assessment criteria.



It is important that all assessed performers ensure that they participate significantly in the presentation of the prescribed works. Assessed performers should present the selected works from the prescribed lists at a standard that is consistent with the rest of the program. This may involve arranging works to create appropriate parts and/or allowing opportunities for improvisation as appropriate to the style.

The students should not be distracted by their inclination to perform works only from styles which they are most familiar with, as this may limit their ability to perform in a variety of styles. The assessed performer's primary focus should be on performing a program that it is diverse in style and mood.

It is acceptable to present a program that has a range of styles that relate to the type of group, as contrasting styles can exist within particular genres, such as rock or jazz. Therefore, groups can perform music that has contrasts in styles; for example, a jazz group could perform swing, bebop, west coast and/or fusion. Students should not necessarily perform styles that are not associated with the type of group that they represent. On the other hand, the criteria allow scope to acknowledge when students extend their variety of styles to successfully perform styles uncharacteristic of their group composition or instrumentation.

Assessed performers who present a program with a variety of styles enhance their ability to score marks in criteria other than that which specifically assesses students' ability to present a program that has a variety of styles. For example, by performing a diverse program stylistically, the assessed performer(s) could also score more highly in 'skill in using a range of performing techniques'.

Students should demonstrate their ability to use a range of performance techniques. Each instrument is capable of producing different timbres, dynamics and effects, and has an inherent potential to allow the performer to apply a range of performance techniques. The student should be able to demonstrate their awareness of this in their performance. A guitarist, for example, could use plectrum, finger style, sliding, bends, double stopping, tapping and/or alternative tunings.

The assessed performer(s) should also be aware of the need to avoid performing material that is merely a repetition of material previously presented.

Time Limits

From 2006, the examination times include a minimum time as well the maximum time allowed. The time allowed for the examination varies according to the number of assessed performers in a group:

- groups of one assessed performer: 15–25 minutes
- groups of two or three assessed performers: 20–30 minutes
- groups of four assessed performers: 25–35 minutes
- groups of five or six assessed performers: 30–40 minutes.

Students are advised to make full use of the time available. Well-rehearsed changeovers between songs or pieces can maximise the use of time and make performers more comfortable with the constraints of the examination.

Performance program information form

Prior to the examination, students will receive their individual VCAA Examination Slip and a performance program information sheet. The examination slip states the student's name, the date, time and venue of the examination and the address of the venue. The program information sheet is completed prior to the examination and presented at the examination. The works selected should be written in order of performance and the prescribed list selections identified. The Victorian Curriculum and Assessment Authority Examination Slip is sent to schools electronically through VASS, usually in August each year.

Arrival at the examination venue

Students are advised to arrive at the examination centre at least 30 minutes before their starting time. Students will have access to the examination room at least 30 minutes prior to the commencement of the examination. They should use this time to set up and adjust equipment, tune their instruments and warm up. Students may need to restrict the volume level if another examination is underway in a nearby room.

Equipment

Students are advised to carefully check their equipment before leaving home/school for the examination. They must remember to pack all the required gear, including replacement strings if appropriate. They should also bring extra power

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boards and extension leads so that the planned set up is not compromised by the placement of electrical switches at the venue.

During the year students should perform in a variety of rooms with different acoustics in order to become accustomed to adjusting to different performance spaces with varying qualities of acoustics and volume requirements.

Groups should also plan how they will sit/stand during the performance. Assessed performers must ensure that assessors can observe all performance techniques and technical skills. This may mean setting music stands so that finger movement and breathing techniques are visible. The seating plan or group organisation may be varied across the program to achieve the best performance environment for each work in the program.