

SUPERVISOR TO ATTACH PROCESSING LABEL HERE

	STUDENT NUMBER							Letter	
Figures									
Words									

# **GEOGRAPHY**

## Written examination

Friday 14 November 2008

Reading time: 3.00 pm to 3.15 pm (15 minutes) Writing time: 3.15 pm to 5.15 pm (2 hours)

### **QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK**

#### Structure of book

Number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Number of marks
5	5	60

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners, rulers, coloured water-based pens and markers.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape.
- No calculator is allowed in this examination.

#### Materials supplied

- Question and answer book of 11 pages.
- A data book.

#### **Instructions**

- Write your **student number** in the space provided above on this page.
- All written responses must be in English.

#### At the end of the examination

You may keep the data book.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room.

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#### **Instructions**

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided. Refer to the data book as indicated.

### Question 1

Use Figure 1 on pages 2 and 3 of the data book when responding to Question 1.

	1 mark
distr	Australia, the percentage of total water runoff in a drainage division closely reflects its population ibution.' Provide one piece of evidence supporting this statement <b>and</b> one piece of evidence rejecting statement.
i.	Supporting evidence
ii.	Rejecting evidence

**TURN OVER** 

Total 5 marks

#### **Question 2**

Use Figure 2 on pages 4 and 5 of the data book when responding to Question 2.

it a unique region of Australia.
1 m Describe the distribution of fruit and vegetable growing in the Murray-Darling Basin.
Describe the distribution of fruit and vegetable growing in the Marray Durining Busin.
3 m
A new area of fruit and rice production was planned for the region between Broken Hill and Lake Menir in the 2000–2007 period. With reference to the data provided, discuss the likely sustainability of plan.

- **d.** Below is a list of strategies, either existing or proposed, to manage water in the Murray-Darling Basin.
  - Improving irrigation techniques
  - Limiting water allocation rights
  - Compulsory purchase of water allocation rights
  - Recycling of saline water
  - Guaranteeing environmental water flows

Select **one** of the above strategies. Evaluate how effectively this strategy manages, or could manage, water resources for one location within the Murray-Darling Basin.

Strategy selected	l				
Location in the N	Murray-Darling	Basin			
Evaluation					
Evaluate this star	ement of water i tement with refe	•	-	-	
Evaluate this star		•	-	-	nevitable.'
Evaluate this star		•	-	-	nevitable.'
Evaluate this star		•	-	-	nevitable.'
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Evaluate this star		•	-	-	nevitable.'

	estion 3 ntify a local resource for which you have collected data in the field.
a.	Classify and justify your classification of this resource.
b <b>.</b>	Describe the local resource you studied in your fieldwork, using each of the following geographic characteristics.
	Location within its region
	• Distance
	• Scale
c.	3 marks. Identify a management policy that is a response to a negative impact on either people or the environment as a result of the use of this resource.

1 mark

d.	Evaluate the future sustainability of this management response.				
	2 marks				
	Total 8 marks				

#### **Question 4**

Use Figure 3 on pages 6 and 7 of the data book when responding to Question 4.

Infant mortality rate	
Total fertility rate	
	1 mark
Describe the overall pattern shown on the scattergraph, making specific reference to the countries I in groups A and B.	
	mark
Define the term 'replacement rate'.	
	1 marl
What is the significance, for a country's future population, of a replacement rate below 2.1?	

2 marks

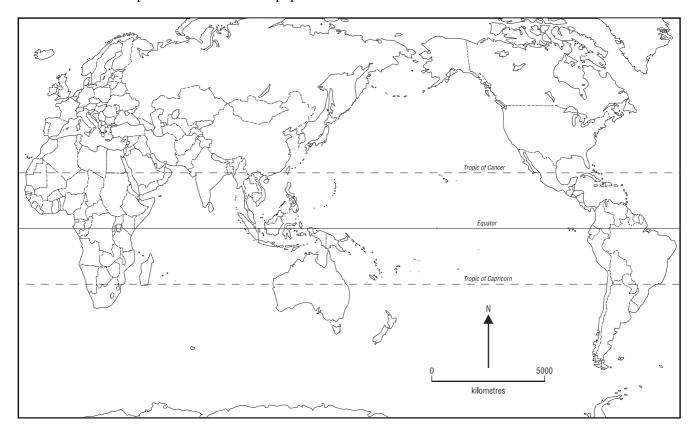
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	fant mortality rates and d	eclining birth rates	s, together with risi	ng life expecta
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Total 16 marks

#### **Question 5**

b.

**a.** Use the outline map provided below to map the distribution of a global phenomenon you have studied. Do not use the phenomenon of human population.



	3 marks
Discuss two factors which explain the distribution of your mapped global phenomenon.	

Locate and name on the map one place where your mapped global phenomenon is having either a positive

	impact on people or a negative impact on the environment.
	On your map or its key, clearly indicate whether the impact is positive on people or negative on the environment.
	1 mark
d.	Describe the impact of the global phenomenon at the location you have mapped in <b>part c.</b>
	2 marks
e.	Outline and justify an effective management strategy to deal with the impact of the global phenomenon you described in your answer to <b>part d.</b>
	4 marks

Total 14 marks



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#### **DATA BOOK**

#### **Directions to students**

- A question and answer book is provided with this data book.
- Refer to the data in this book for each question as indicated in the question and answer book.
- The data contained in this book is drawn from current real world case studies.

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# Figure 1 Water as a resource

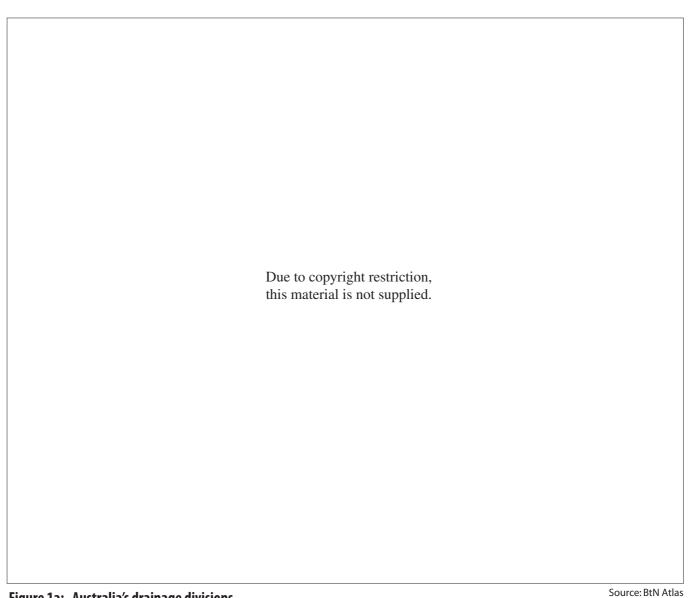


Figure 1a: Australia's drainage divisions

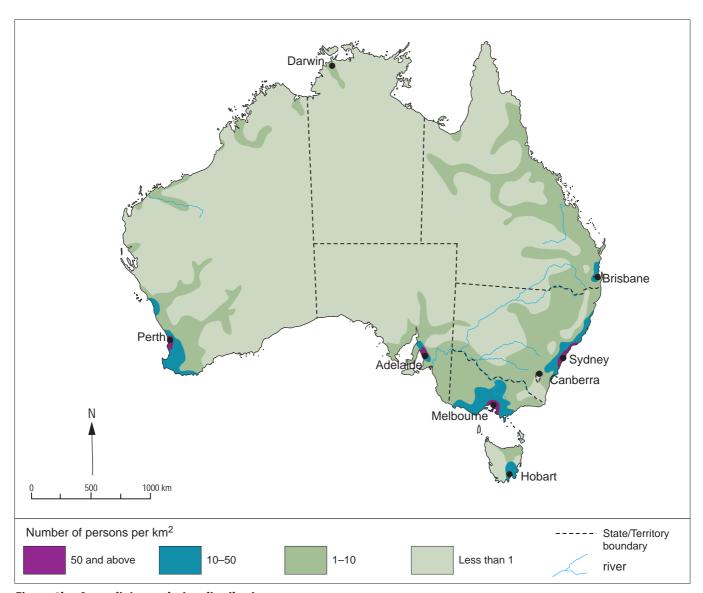


Figure 1b: Australia's population distribution

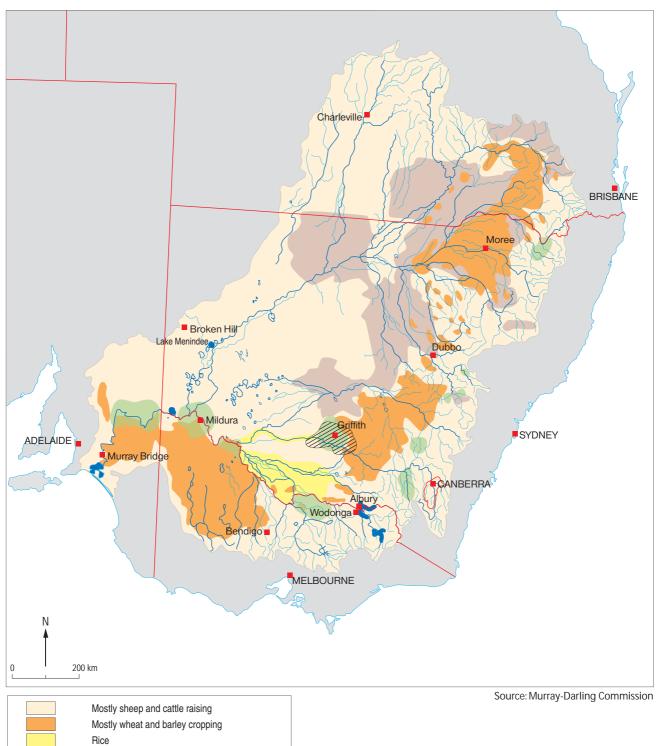




Figure 2a: Generalised land use of the Murray-Darling Basin

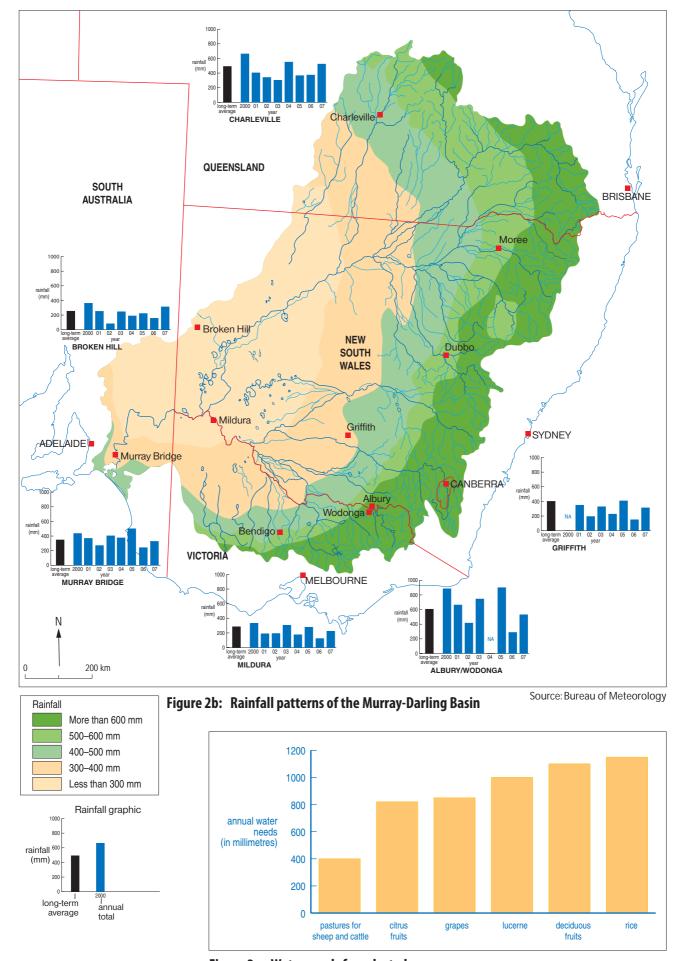
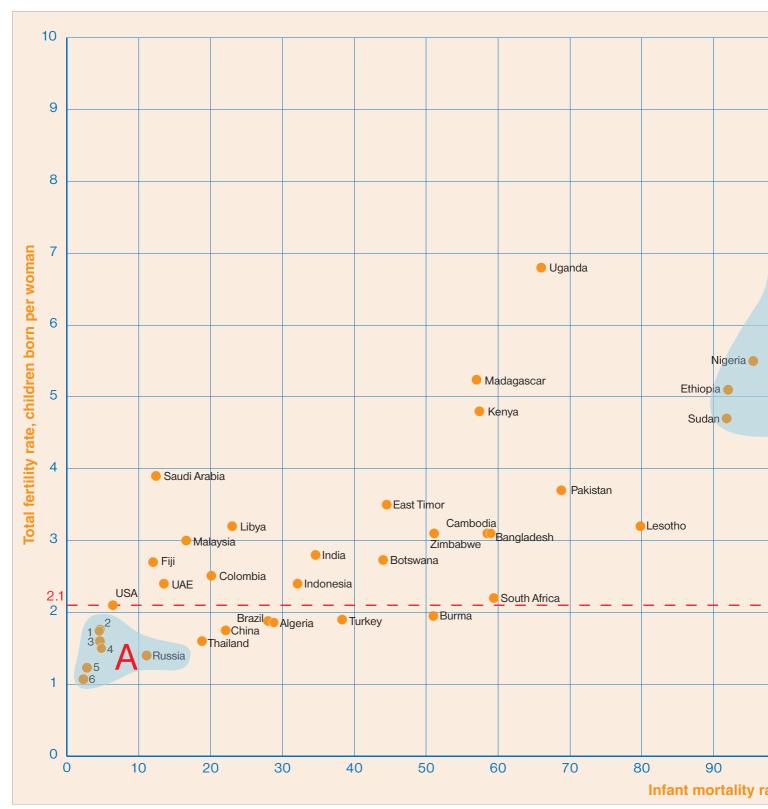


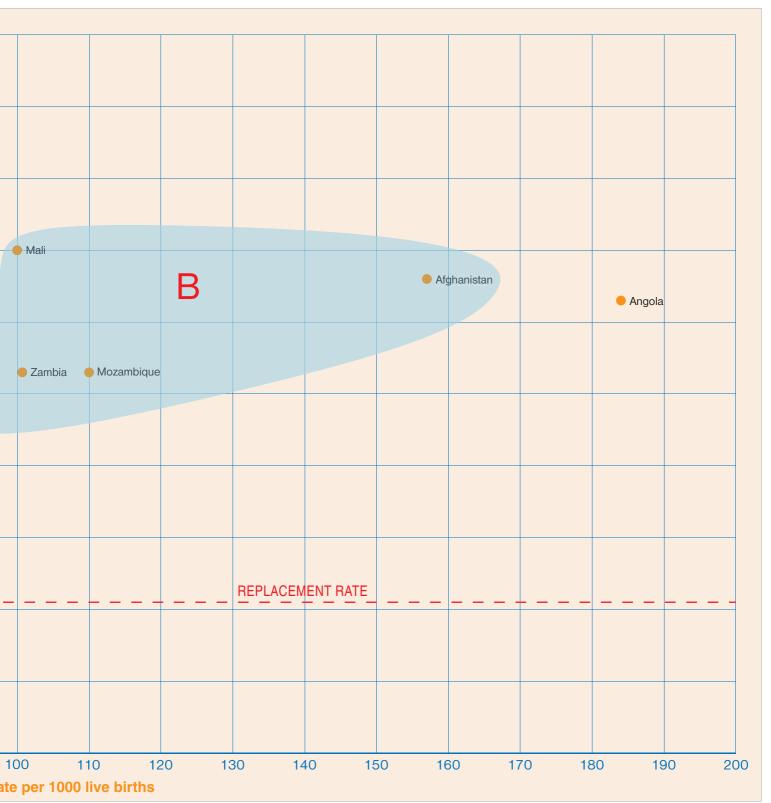
Figure 2c: Water needs for selected crops

# Figure 3 **Human Population**



- 1 Denmark
- 2 Australia
- 3 Canada
- 4 European Union countries
- 5 Japan
- 6 Singapore

Figure 3: Infant mortality rates and total fertility rates for selected countries, 2007



Source: CIA. The World Factbook

