

SUPERVISOR TO ATTACH PROCESSING LABEL HERE

	STUDEN	Γ NUMBE	R			Letter
Figures						
Words						

# AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL STUDIES

# Written examination

Wednesday 5 November 2003

Reading time: 9.00 am to 9.15 am (15 minutes)

Writing time: 9.15 am to 10.45 am (1 hour 30 minutes)

# QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK

## Structure of book

Number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Number of marks
4	4	100

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners and rulers.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape.
- No calculator is allowed in this examination.

# Materials supplied

Question and answer book of 15 pages.

#### **Instructions**

- Write your **student number** in the space provided above on this page.
- All written responses must be in English.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other electronic communication devices into the examination room.

# **Instructions**

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Students are encouraged to use diagrams wherever they may help description or explanation.

# **Question 1**

Ringworm

From the list provided in Table 1, choose the pest or disease that you are most familiar with by placing a tick in the appropriate box.

Powdery mildew

 Table 1.
 Selected pests or diseases

ise is <b>most</b> affected by the pest or disease you
ise is <b>most</b> affected by the pest or disease you
ise is <b>most</b> affected by the pest or disease you
1 mark s or animals to reduce production quality or

1 mark

Total 9 marks

method	d disease <b>control</b> is used to stop pests and diseases when they occur. <b>Eradication</b> is a control that destroys the affected plants or animals.
	s eradication, list <b>one</b> other method of controlling the pest or disease you have chosen when it e a problem.
	1 r
Integra of IPM	ted Pest Management (IPM) is used to manage pest or disease problems. List the main compon.

AGHORT EXAM

### **Question 2**

John is a landscape gardener. He has been asked to design and build a garden in a newly constructed retirement village in Melbourne. The garden is for the residents of the village and for community functions throughout the year.

John inspects the site for the garden and notes the following.

- A 1.5 metre high brick wall surrounds the site.
- The garden will be fully exposed to the sun in the north, except where the walls cast shadows around the edge.
- There is a large, mature deciduous flowering tree next to the south wall of the site. This tree must be carefully managed as it is listed on the Victorian Significant Tree Register.
- The soil in the garden site was compacted during the village construction.
- The builder has roughly filled the site with clay-loam soil from another construction site.
- The site is located in a cool climate area with high rainfall that falls mainly in winter. The summer months are very dry.
- To save money, once the garden is built, the elderly residents of the village want to maintain the garden.

۱.	List five things John should con	sider when deciding what type of plants to put in the garden.
	i	
	ii	
	iii	
	iv	
	V	
		5 marks
).	Describe four ways that the larg garden.	ge deciduous tree will influence the environment for plant growth in the
	i	
	ii.	
	iii	
	iv	

	thy plant growth.
i.	The soil below the clay-loam topsoil is compacted.
ii.	The clay-loam topsoil has many weed seeds in it.
	3 + 3 = 6  marks
	ommend the <b>best</b> organisation to help John solve the soil problems and maintain sustainability of this len. Give <b>three</b> reasons why it is the best organisation to help solve the soil problem.
Rec	ommended organisation
Rea	sons for the recommendation
i.	
ii.	
111.	3 marks

d.

Jillariks

AGHORT EXAM 6

Describe one thing John should do to make the garden e	environmentally sustainable.
	2
	2 mar
	Total 24 mar

### **Ouestion 3**

Kim has purchased a 200 hectare grazing and cropping property in Western Victoria. The property has the following features.

7

- It is in a high rainfall area (greater than 500 mm).
- The main winter crop grown is wheat.
- Wheat has been grown using a rotation of three years crop and one year of pasture for the past 60 years.
- All crop stubble has been burnt in the field after harvest.
- Desmond Creek, a significant permanent waterway, runs through the property.
- Three hectares of remnant vegetation remain on the property in a number of small pockets linked together by the creek.

Kim is concerned about the sustainability of the farm. In the coming year, Kim wants to work on three problems.

- The main wheat paddocks are not providing the yield that they did in the past.
- The remaining three hectares of remnant vegetation need protecting.
- The banks (riparian zone) of Desmond Creek are being degraded.

Kim has asked for suggestions to help solve the problems.

One suggestion	was to grow a legur	ne crop in rotat	tion with the w	yheat. Explain o	ne benefit of doing
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Question 3 – continued www.thealipapers.com/ER

3 marks

	3 r
The	
	practice of 'minimum tillage' was also suggested to Kim.  Describe what is meant by minimum tillage.
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2 + 3 = 5 marks

d.

	found two types of fertiliser in the shed. One had an NPK content of 21:6:10 (high N) and the other a content of 13:13:21 (high K).
i.	State what the letters NPK mean.
ii.	Which fertiliser should Kim use on the pasture? Include a reason for your choice in your answer.
	3+2=5  marks

**CONTINUED OVER PAGE** 

e.

	Department of Sustainability and Environment has told Kim that excessive use of artificial fertiliser rafter year is causing soil and water degradation.
i.	What is the most likely <b>soil</b> degradation problem?
	What macronutrient is causing this problem?
	How would the extent of the problem be monitored?
ii.	What is the most likely water degradation problem?
	What macronutrient is causing the problem?
	How would the extent of the problem be monitored?
	3 + 3 = 6  mark

	Explain why these areas are important to maintain.
ii.	List three things Kim needs to do to preserve these areas.
	1
	2
	3
	J
A fa	3 + 3 = 6  mark
	3 + 3 = 6 marks rm consultant has advised Kim to develop a whole farm plan for the property. Describe the stages of
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11

6 marks

# **Question 4**

Many activities are required to efficiently produce crops, animals, plants or gardens. Choose the enterprise type in Table 2 that you are most familiar with by placing a tick in the appropriate box.

12

 Table 2.
 Selected agricultural or horticultural enterprises

Growing a wheat crop	Rearing cattle for the beef market	Producing milk for the whole milk market
Fish or yabby breeding	Designing or maintaining a garden	Growing flowering plants in a glasshouse
Managing trees to produce a crop of fruit	Managing vines to produce a crop of grapes	Growing a vegetable, herb or flower crop
Managing poultry for fresh eggs or meat production	Rearing sheep to produce wool	Container growing of ornamental plants

	er the following questions with regard to the enterprise type you have chosen in Table 2. Describe in point form, and in the correct order, the activities involved in your selected enterprise
L	Describe in point form, and in the correct order, the activities involved in your selected enterprise
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b.

it is used by many different enterprises.

Most enterprises require 'specialist' equipment or machinery. Specialist means that the machinery, equipment

or tool is **only** of use to a group of similar enterprises. A tractor **is not** a specialist item of equipment because

i.	Name of machinery, equipment or tool
	What is it used for?
ii.	Name of machinery, equipment or tool
	What is it used for?
	3 + 3 = 6  m
	3 + 3 = 6  m blain how you would monitor the <b>economic</b> sustainability of the enterprise type you have chose
	3 + 3 = 6 m blain how you would monitor the <b>economic</b> sustainability of the enterprise type you have chose
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	3 + 3 = 6 m blain how you would monitor the <b>economic</b> sustainability of the enterprise type you have chose

d.	i.	Name the type of environmental degradation that the enterprise type you have chosen in Table 2 is <b>most</b> likely to cause.			
	ii.	Describe how to monitor if this degradation is becoming a problem.			

e. On Table 3, choose (by placing a tick in the appropriate box) an area of technological development that has affected the enterprise you chose in Table 2.

**Table 3.** Areas of technological developments

Biological pest or disease control		Chemical pest or disease control	
Genetic manipulation		Innovation in resource management	
Alternative energy sources		Remote sensing	
Reproduction manipulation		Plant or animal breeding	
Communication innovation		Radiation use	

ii. What an	What are <b>two</b> advantages of the technology?					
1						
2						
<u> </u>						
iii. What a	re <b>two</b> disadvantages	of the technolog	y?			
1						
2						
<u> </u>						

2 + 2 + 2 = 6 marks

Total 33 marks