

# History of Pakistan And India (Total Marks- 200)

PAPER - I (Marks-100)

**712-1857**

**(Excluding arrival of European nations decline and fall of Muslim Rule)**

- >Arrival of the Muslims in the sub-continent,
- >foundation of Muslim Rule – administrative system
- >and reforms under the Sultans and the Mughals.

**Structure of the Muslim society.**

- > Industry,
- >trade
- >and commerce under the Muslim patronage.
- >the Army.
- >Financial administration,
- >Zakat.
- > Ushr.
- >Kharaj **etc.**
- >Administration of Justice - Sufis and Ulema - the Madrassahs and Maktabas - Auqaf
- >Art and architecture.
- > literature,
- >sports,
- >dress-Muslim contribution to scientific knowledge - Policy of the Muslim rules towards non-Muslims
- .> The spirit and legacy of Muslim civilization.

PAPER - II (Marks-100)

## Part A: 1857-1947

- >Arrival of European nations-decline and fall of Muslim Rule,
- > contributions of Shah Wali Ullah,
- > Syed Ahmed Shaheed
- >and Sir Syed Ahmed Khan towards regeneration of the Muslim - Hindu reform movements
- >and anti-Muslim role of Hindu leaders.
- > Constitutional reforms of the British Government
- >and growth of the Political Parties-Indian National Congress
- >. All India Muslim league Partition of Bengal.
- >Simla Deputation.
- > Role of Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk.
- > Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk.
- >Syed Ameer Ali,
- > the Agha Khan
- > and **other Muslim leaders Lucknow pact:**
- >Khilafat movement Contribution of Maulana Muhammad Ali,
- > Allama Iqbal,
- > Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad All Jinnah for Muslim uplift and welfare.
- > Nehru report,
- > Quaid-i-Azam's Fourteen Points
- .> Allama Iqbal's Allahabad Address 1930,
- > Round Table Conference.
- >The Congress role in the provinces,
- >Lahore Resolution 1940,
- >various missions and plans for the partition of the sub-continent.

> Quaid-i-Azam as an organizer of the Muslim League Muslim leader and maker of Pakistan.

>PAKISTAN SINCE 1947

### Part B

>Constitution making in Pakistan-various attempts at constitution making

.> Difficulties in establishing a parliamentary democracy.

> imposition of various Martial Laws,

> nature of Pakistan's economy.

> development plait.

>Role of foreign aid.

>Separation of East Pakistan,

### causes and effect:

>Pakistan and the world-major powers,

> Islamic world,

>relations with India.

>Social

>and intellectual trends after 1947.

>Contribution of Quaid-i Azam as First Governor General and Liaquat All Khan as first Prime Minister.

### Suggested Readings

	Title	Author
1.	Constitutional Development in Pakistan	G.W. Choudhry
2.	Constitutional History of India	Keith A.B.
3.	Early India & Pakistan	Wheeler Mortimer
4.	Five Thousand Years of Pakistan	Wheeler R.E.M.
5.	Government and Politics in Pakistan	Ahmed Mushtaq
6.	Pakistan & India	G.W. Choudhry

7. Political System in Pakistan Khalid Bin Saeed
8. Pakistan; The Formitive Phase Khalid Bin Saeed
9. Studies in Islamic Culture in Indian Environment Aziz Ahmed
10. The Making of Pakistan Richard Symond
11. Political Parties in Pakistan Vol. I & II Afzal, Rafique
12. The Great Divide; Britain, India and Pakistan Hodson, H.V.
13. The Pakistan Experience - State and Religion Khan, Asghar
14. A History of India Kulke, Hermann & Rothermond, Dietmar
15. Pakistan in Transition Wriggins, W.H. (ed)