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• Father’s name, Hazat Abdullah.

• Mother’ Name, Hazrat Amna.

• Maternal Grand Father’s name Wahib bins Abdul Munnaf.

• Maternal Grandmother, Batarah.

• Real name of Abdu Mutalib was Shaba.

• Grandmother name, Fatima.

• 10 is the number of Uncles and 6 aunts.

• Prophet journeyed to Syria with Abu Talib at 12 years.

• At 25 Prophet married to Hazrat Khadija.

• Hazrat Khadija accepted Islam first in Women and in all.

• Hazrat Abu Bakar accepted first in Men.

• Hazrat Ali accepted first in Children.

• Varqa Bin Naufal verified Prophet for the first time.

• Holy prophet had 4 daughters and 3 sons.

• At age of 40 holy Prophet received first Wahy.

• Hazrat Zubaida (RA) was the second wife of Holy Prophet.

In 622 A.D Holy Prophet migrated to madina.

• Hazrat Haleema was the foster mother of Holy Prophet.

• Besides Hazrat Haleema (RA) Holy Prophet (PBUH) said that Umme-e-Aemon is also my mother.

• Name the foster mother(s) of the Holy Prophet (SAW) Hazrat Halema (RA), Hazrat Sobia (RA) and Hazrat Khola (RA)

• How many years after the birth of Holy Prophet (SAW), Hazrat Aamina died? Six years

• Sheema was the foster sister of Holy Prophet.

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• Abduallh Bin Abu Sheema was the foster brother of Prophet.

• Hazrat Haleema looked after the holy prophet for 4 years.

• 35 was the age at the time of Hajr-i-Aswad incident.

• Hazrat Bilal Habshi was the first slave to accept Islam.

• Wife of Abu Lahab used to spread throne in the way of prophet in 4th year of prophethood.

• Home of Hazrat Arqam (RA) used as the centre of secret preaching by the holy prophet.

• In 7th Nabvi boycott of Banu Hashim began.

• Hazrat Adam met with Holy Prophet on the first heaven.

• Hazrat Isa and Hazrat Yahya on 2nd.

• Hazrat Yaqub on 3rd.

• Hazrat Idrees on 4th.

• Hazrat Harron on 5th.

• Hazrat Musa on 6th.

• Hazrat Ibraheem on 7th.

• Al-Kaswa is the name of Camel on which prophet traveled.

• Prophet purchased mosque land at medina from two orphans.

• 45 Companions were with Prophet in migration to madina.

• Charter of Madina was issued on 1 A.H it had 53 Articles.

• Transfer of Qibla was ordered in 2nd A.H.

• 27 total no of Ghazwas.

• First Ghazwah of Islam was Widan, fought in 12th month of First Hijrah.

• Jang Badr occurred in 2 A.H. 313 Muslims fought in battle.

• Types of Hadith are 10.

• Imam Zuhri (RA) became the first to consolidate Ahadith.

• No of Hadith Collected by Abu Huraira (RA) 5374.

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• Prophet hazrat Noah (AS) known as Shaikh al Anbiya

• Aby Ubaiduh Bin Jiirrah was entitled Ameen-ul Ummat.

• Hazrat Umar proposed Azan for the first time.

• The dome over the sacred Grave of the holy prophet is known as Dunbade-Khizra.

• Baitul Mamur is a place where seventy thousand angles were circumambulation during the Holy Ascension.

• Baitul Mamoor is on 7th Heaven.

• 4 kings accepted Islam when holy prophet sent them letters.

• Mosque of Zarar was demolished by prophet.

• Ume Salma was present at the time of the battle of Khyber.

• Hazrat Ali Conquered the fort of Qamus.

• Lady named Zainab tried to poison the Holy Prophet.

• Prophet recited surah Al-Fatha at the conquest of Makkah .

• Hashim was grand father of prophet & brother of Muttalib.

• The name Muhamammad was proposed by Abdul Muttalib while the name Ahmed was proposed by Bibi Aminah.

• Migration from Mecca to Abyssinia took place in the 7th month of the 5th year of the mission i.e 615 A.d. The total number of migrated people was 15

• Second migration to Habshah took place in 616 A.D.

• Second migration to Abyssinia 101 people with 18 females.

• After Amina’s death, Ummay Aimen looked after Prophet.

• After Harb-e-Fajjar, Prophet took part in Halaf-ul-Fazul.

Prophet made second business trip to Syria in 24th year of elephant.

• Friend of Khadija Nafeesa carried message of Nikah.

• Surname of Haleema Sadia was Ummay Kabtah.

• Surname of Prophet was Abu-ul-Qasim.

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• Da’ia of the Prophet was Shifa who was mother of Abdul Rehman bin Auf.

• Abdul Mutalib died in 579 A.D.

• Masaira a slave of Khadija accompanied Prophet to Syria.

• Foster mothers of Prophet were Haleema, Sobia & Khola.

• First forster mother was Sobia who was mother of Hamza.

• For six years Haleema took care of Prophet.

• For two years Abdul Mutalib took care of Prophet.

• Prophet had two real paternal uncles i.e Zubair & Abu Talib.

• Zubair died before Prophethood.

• After 7 days the Aqeeqa ceremony of Prophet was held.

• Prophet belonged to Banu Hashim clan of Quraish tribe.

• Among uncles Abbas & Hamza embraced Islam.

• Amina was buried at Abwa b/w Makkah & Madina.

• Six months before the Prophet’s birth his father died.

• Prophet had no brother and no sister.

• Abdullah died at Madina.

• Prophet had six aunties.

• Foster father of Prophet was Haris.

• At the age of 15, Herb-e-Fajjar took place.

• Herb-e-Fajjar means war fought in the probihited months.

• First father-in-law of Prophet was Khawalid.

• Aamina belonged to Bani Zohra tribe.

• Umar accepted Islam in 616 A.d.

• Social boycott of Banu Hashim took place in 7th Nabvi.

• Shi’b means valley.

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• Social boycott continued for 3 years.

• A group of Madina met Prophet in 11th Nabvi.

• Uqba is located near Makkah.

• The group of Madinites belonged to Khazraj tribe.

• Accord of Uqba took place in 13th Nabvi.

• On 27th Rajab, 10 Nabvi the event of Miraj took place.

• 10th Nabvi was called Aam-ul-Hazan (year of grief).

• Name of the camel on which Prophet was riding in migration was Qaswa.

• Omaar bin Hisham was the original name of Abu Jehl.

• Abu-al-Hikm is the title of Abu Jehl.

• When did Hazrat Hamza (RA) embrace Islam Fifth Nabavi

• Persons included in Bait-e-Uqba Oola 12 and in Bait-e-Uqba Sani 75.

• Cave of Hira is 3 miles from Makkah.

• Hijra took place in 13th Nabvi.

• Second convent of Al-Aqba arrived at Makkah in 12th Nabvi.

• Medina is 448 Km from Makkah. (250 miles)

• Makkah conquest occurred in 8th year of Hijra.

• Prophet performed Hajj in 10th Hija.

• Prophet was buried in the hujra of Ayesha.

• Prophet was born in 1st Year of Elephant.

• Ambassadors sent to Arab& other countries in 7th Hijra.

• King of Iran tore away the message of Prophet.

• King of Byzantine in 7th Hijra was Hercules.

• After 6 years of the birth of Holy prophet Bibi Aamna died.

After 8 years of the birth of Prophet Abdul Muttalib died.

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• 632 A.D Charter of Madina.

• Holy Prophet demised at the age of 63.

• Hijrah year began with 14th Nabvi.

• 10th year of prophet hood is known as year of grief.

• First Azan was called out in 1. A.H.

• Bahira Syrian Christian saint recognized prophet as last prophet.

• Harb-i-Fajjar was a war fought b/w Quraish and Bani Hawazin Prophet was of 15 years and participated in it.

• Prophet visited Taif in 10th Nabvi.

• Tribe of Taif was Saqaif.

• Prophet with Zaid bin Haris, went Taif & stayed for 10 days.

• Bibi Amna suckled Prophet for 3 days.

• After 18 month at Madina of change of Qibla occurred.

• Old name of Zu Qiblatain is Banu Saleem.

• Prophet prayed 2 years in cave Hira before first revelation.

• The name of Ibadat done by Prophet in Hira was Tahanas.

• Cave of Hira is in Jabal-e-Noor Mountain.

• At Masjid-e-Hanif (Madina) almost 70 prophets are buried.

• Masjid-e-Hanif (Mina) chk

• Month of migration was Rabiul Awal

• Qibla changed in 2nd Hijra.

• Qiblah now-a-days is called Khana-e-Kaba.

• Prophet addressed Khutba-e-Jum'aa for first time in 1st Hijra

• Azan for prayer was adopted in 1st Hijra.

• Inhabitants of Taaif accepted Islam in 9th Hijrah.

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• Year of Deputation is 9th Hijrah.

• Moawakhat (the brotherhood) took place in 2nd Hijra.

• Jehad was allowed in 2nd Hijrah.

• Ashaab-e-Sufah: Muhajirs who stayed near Masjid-e-Nabvi.

• Hurrirah means a cat.

• Bait-e-Rizwan took place in 6th Hijrah.

• Jewish tribe of Banu Nuzair expelled from Madina in 4th H.

• Bait-e-Rizwan is also known as Bait-e-Shajra made under Keekar tree.

• Companions of Prophet at Hudabiya were 1400.

• Prophet stayed at Makkah for 15 days after its conquest.

• 1 Lac companions accompanied Prophet at last Hajj.

• Prophet spent his last days in Ayesha's house.

• Cave of Soar is located near Makkah 5 miles.

• Quba is 3 miles away from Madina.

• In sixth year of Hijrah, Prophet intended for Umrah.

• Aam-ul-Wufood is 9th A.H..

• Prophet stayed in Ayyub Ansari's house for 7 months.

• Prophet performed Umrah in 7th A.H.

• Hazrat Haleema looked after the Holy Prophet for 3 years.

• Zaid Bin Haris (R.A) was the adopted son of the Holy Prophet.

• Kuniyaat of the Holy Prophet was Abul Qasim.

• Holy prophet made first trade journey at the age of 9.

• Nafeesa carried Khadija's message of marriage to Prophet.

• Year 570 known as year of Elephant or Amal Fil.

• Hazrat Khadija and Hazrat Abu Talib died in 619.

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• First place from where Prophet openly started his preaching Jabl Faran or Mount Safa.

• Prophet did covert messaging at House of Arkam upto 3 Nabvi. (i.e for 3 years)

• Prophet preached openly in 4th Nabvi.

Prophet narrated the event of Miraj first of all to Umm-e-Hani (real sister of Ali)

• Prophet was staying at the house of Umme-e-Hani on the night of Miraj.

• In miraj Prophet traveled from Baitul Muqadas to Sidratul Mantaha.

• During Hijrat Saraqa bin Sajjal spied.

• In Miraj Jibrael called Aazan in Baitul Muqadas.

• Prophet led all the prophets in a prayer in miraj at al-Aqsa

• Fatima died after 6 Months (age=31,11 A.H) Prophet.

• Youngest daughter Fatima.

• Islamic official seal started on 1st Muharram, 7 A.H

• Seal of Prophet was made of Silver.

• What was written on the Holy Prophet (SAW) seal?

Allah Rasool Muhammad

• Prophet performed 1(in10 A.H) Hajj and 4(in7 A.H) umras.

• Change of Qibla occurred on 15 Shaban,2 A.H(Monday)(during Zuhr)

• Construction of Masjid-e-Nabvi started Rabiulawal, 1 A.H.

• Namaz-e-Juma became Farz in Medina.

• First man to embrace Islam on the eve of Fatah-e-Makka was Abu Sufyan.

• Second woman to embrace Islam Lababa bint Haris (chk Ummay Aiman) (chk Nafeesa)

• First to migrate to Madina (first muhajir) Abu Salam.

• Last to migrate to Madina was Abbas.

• First non-arab to embrace Islam Farwah bin Umro

• Facsimile of the Prophet Mus’ab bin Umair.

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• Kalsoom bin al_Hadam gave land for Quba mosque

• The title of ammenul ummat is of Abu Ubaidah bin Jarrah.(conqurer of Damascus)

• Prophet offered congregational prayer in Kaaba in 6th Nabvi.

• The day when Prophet delivered his last Khutab was Juma.

• Idols in Kaba before Islam numbered 360.

• The largest idol named Habal.

• Prophet preached Islam openly in 4th Nabvi.

• Year of deputation was 9th.

• Bilal called first aazan of Fajr prayer.

• The Hadith, which is transmitted with continuity and enjoys such abundance of narrators that their statement becomes authentic, is called Matwatar.

• The grave of the Prophet was prepared by Hazrat Abu Talha

• Qasim was first of the Holy Prophet's children to be born.

• The first Namaz-e-Janazah performed by Rasoolullah was that of Asad bin Zaraara (radi Allahu anhu).

• The first Namaaz to be made Fardh was Tahajjud Namaaz, which was later made Nafil.

• At Masjid-e-Nabvi first Muslim University was established.

• Holy prophet labored in the formation of Masjid-e-Quba.

• Masjid-e-Zara was built by Hyporcrites at Madina.

• Nabvi Mosque constructed in 1 A.H Rabi-ul Awwal.

• 25 Doors are in Masjid –e-Haram, the most important door of Kaaba is Babul Salam.

• Qibla change order came in Mosque Zul Qiblatain

• The flag colour of the Holy Prophet was white and yellow at the time of conquest of Makkah.

• Friday is known as Sayeed Ul Ayam.

• Shab-e-Barat is celebrated on the 15th night of Shuban.

• 26th night of Rajab is the night of Accession.

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- In 256 Imam Bukhari died.
- 6 Lac Ahadith collected by Imam Bukhari.
- The camel driver of Prophet at the fall of Mecca was Usama bin Zaid bin Haris.
- Prophet issued order of killing Abdul Uza bin Khatal at the fall of Mecca.
- At Koh-e-Safa, Prophet addressed after conquest of Makkah.

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