

PHILOSOPHY, PAPER-II



**FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2010**

Roll Number

PHILOSOPHY, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED:	(PART-I) 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:20
	(PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:80

NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.
(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

PART – I (MCQ)
(COMPULSORY)

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)

- (i) Who is the author of “Being and Nothingness”?
(a) Sartre (b) Heidegger
(c) Kierkegaard (d) None of these
- (ii) Who is the author of “Being and Time”?
(a) Karl Jaspers (b) Gabriel Marcel
(c) Heidegger (d) None of these
- (iii) Who wrote “Tractatus Logico Philosophicus”?
(a) Ayes (b) Wittgenstein
(c) Carnap (d) None of these
- (iv) Who wrote “Language Truth and Logic”?
(a) Russell (b) Ayes
(c) Schlick (d) None of these
- (v) “Das Kapital” was written by:
(a) Hegel (b) Karl Marx
(c) Engels (d) None of these
- (vi) Who said “To be is to be perceived”?
(a) Locke (b) Hobbes
(c) Berkeley (d) None of these
- (vii) The theory of creative evolution was presented by:
(a) Bergson (b) Nietzsche
(c) Hobbes (d) None of these
- (viii) Who is the father of religious existentialism?
(a) Karl Jaspers (b) Soren Kierkegaard
(c) Heidegger (d) None of these
- (ix) Dialectical method was introduced in modern philosophy by:
(a) Kant (b) Descartes
(c) Hegel (d) None of these
- (x) Berkeley was:
(a) Rationalist (b) Idealist
(c) Skeptic (d) None of these
- (xi) Who is the author of “Tahafat-ul-Falasefah”?
(a) Al Kindi (b) Al Ghazali
(c) Ibn Sina (d) None of these

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- (xii) Who is the author of “Hujjat-allah ul Baleghah”?
(a) Ibn Rushd (b) Shah Waliullah
(c) Sayyid Ahmed Khan (d) None of these
- (xiii) Reconstruction of religious thought in Islam is written by:
(a) R.A. Nicholson (b) Allama Iqbal
(c) Mathew Arnold (d) None of these
- (xiv) “Kashful Mehjoob” is a book written by:
(a) Ibn Arabi (b) Ali Hajvery Data Ganj Bukhsh
(c) Rumi (d) None of these
- (xv) Doctrine of Wahdat ul Wajud is introduced in sufism by:
(a) Al Farabi (b) Ibn Arabi
(c) Al Kindi (d) None of these
- (xvi) Who believed “the beautiful vision of God is impossible”?
(a) Asharites (b) Mutazilites
(c) Sufis (d) None of these
- (xvii) Ibn Rushd is famous for his translations of:
(a) Plato (b) Pythagoras
(c) Aristotle (d) None of these
- (xviii) Asharites were:
(a) Rationalists (b) Traditionalist
(c) Sufis (d) None of these
- (xix) Who is the father of Muslim Philosophy?
(a) Al Farabi (b) Al Kindi
(c) Ibn Sina (d) None of these
- (xx) Who is known as “Al muallim al thani”?
(a) Al Farabi (b) Ibn Sina
(c) Al Ghazali (d) None of these

PART – II

NOTE:	<p>(i) PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks. (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.</p>
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- Q.2.** Explain various types of Idealism. Discuss Berkeley’s idealism. (20)
- Q.3.** Define Materialism. Critically examine Dialectical Materialism. (20)
- Q.4.** Existence precedes essence. Discuss with reference to Sartre’s existentialism. (20)
- Q.5.** Analyse Logical Positivists’ views regarding elimination of metaphysics. (20)
- Q.6.** Discuss Al Ghazali’s criticism of philosophers regarding the eternity of the world. (20)
- Q.7.** Ibn Khaldun is founder of philosophy of history and sociology. Discuss. (20)
- Q.8.** Elaborate Iqbal’s concept of Ijtihad as the principle of movement in the structure of Islam. (20)
