

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

5129/12 **COMBINED SCIENCE**

October/November 2012 Paper 1 Multiple Choice

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

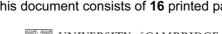
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

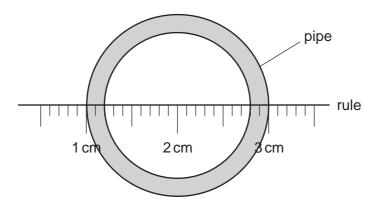
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.







1 A rule is used to measure the internal diameter of a pipe.



What is the internal diameter of the pipe?

- **A** 1.6 cm
- **B** 1.8 cm
- **C** 2.0 cm
- **D** 2.6 cm

2 A car of mass $1800 \, \text{kg}$ is brought to a halt. The deceleration is $2 \, \text{m/s}^2$.

What is the size of the force bringing the car to a halt?

- **A** 900 N
- **B** 3600 N
- **C** 18 000 N
- **D** 36 000 N

- 3 What describes the density of a material?
 - A the amount of matter in the material
 - **B** the mass per unit volume of the material
 - **C** the pull of gravity on the material
 - **D** the volume per unit mass of the material
- **4** A cell will deliver 3000 J of energy to a 2W electric motor before the cell is exhausted.

How long will the motor run?

- A 25 minutes
- **B** 100 minutes
- C 1500 minutes
- **D** 6000 minutes

5 A liquid-in-glass laboratory thermometer and a liquid-in-glass clinical thermometer have several properties in common.

Which statement is **not** correct?

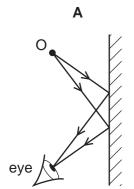
- **A** Both thermometers have a graduated scale.
- **B** Both thermometers have thin glass around the bulb.
- **C** Both thermometers have a constriction in the tube.
- **D** Both thermometers have a large bulb and a narrow bore.
- **6** What happens when a metal bar is heated?
 - A The distance between the molecules increases, making the bar longer.
 - **B** The molecules get larger, making the bar longer.
 - **C** The molecules vibrate more quickly, making the bar denser.
 - **D** The speed of the molecules increases, making the bar thinner.
- 7 Radio waves, visible light and X-rays are all part of the electromagnetic spectrum.

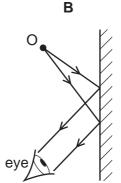
Which is the correct order of increasing wavelength?

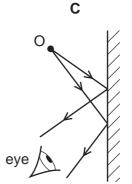
	shortest wavelength		longest wavelength
Α	visible light	radio waves	X-rays
В	visible light	X-rays	radio waves
С	X-rays	radio waves	visible light
D	X-rays	visible light	radio waves

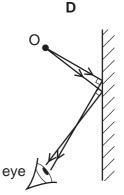
8 An eye views an object O by reflection in a plane mirror.

Which is the correct ray diagram?



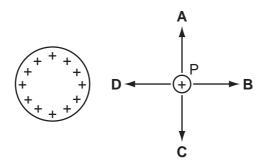






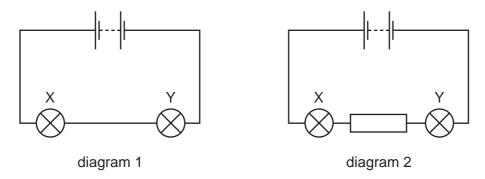
9 A small positive charge, P, is positioned close to a positively charged sphere.

What is the direction of the electrostatic force on P?



10 Diagram 1 shows two cells in series with two lamps X and Y. Both lamps light with normal brightness.

Diagram 2 shows a resistor in series with the same cells and lamps.



What is the brightness of lamp X and lamp Y in diagram 2?

	lamp X	lamp Y
Α	brighter than normal	dimmer than normal
В	brighter than normal	normal
С	dimmer than normal	dimmer than normal
D	normal	dimmer than normal

- 11 To determine whether a material is magnetic, a student should
 - A find out if it is a metal or a non-metal.
 - **B** find out if it is a conductor or an insulator.
 - **C** find out if it can be given an electric charge.
 - **D** find out if it affects the direction in which a compass needle points.

12 The primary coil of a simple iron-cored transformer is connected to an a.c. source and then to a d.c. source. The secondary coil is connected to an oscilloscope and the output of the transformer is observed for each source.

Which row correctly describes the output for a given source?

	source	output
Α	a.c.	a.c.
В	a.c.	d.c.
С	d.c.	a.c.
D	d.c.	d.c.

13 An atom has a nucleus surrounded by electrons.

What are the charges on the nucleus and on the whole atom?

	charge on nucleus	charge on whole atom
Α	neutral	neutral
В	neutral	positive
С	positive	neutral
D	positive	positive

14 Which statement about the particles in a liquid is **not** correct?

- **A** They are arranged in regular patterns.
- **B** They can escape from the liquid.
- **C** They form a definite surface.
- **D** Their speed increases as temperature increases.

15 What can be deduced from the symbol ⁴₂He?

- A An atom of helium has two electrons.
- **B** An atom of helium has two protons and four neutrons.
- **C** Helium has a proton number of 4.
- **D** Helium occurs as a diatomic molecule.

- 16 What is the best way of slowing down the reaction between magnesium and sulfuric acid?
 - A adding a catalyst to the reactants
 - **B** diluting the acid used in the reaction
 - **C** stirring the reagents
 - **D** using magnesium powder instead of ribbon
- 17 The table gives some properties of four substances.

Which substance is covalently bonded?

	melting point /°C	boiling point /°C	electrical conductivity when liquid	electrical conductivity in aqueous solution
Α	808	1465	✓	✓
В	-114	78	X	X
С	64	748	✓	✓
D	327	1730	✓	x

18 The diagram shows the electronic structure of silane, SiH₄.



Which row shows the properties of silane?

	conduction of electricity in the liquid state	melting point
Α	good	high
В	good	low
С	non-conductor	high
D	non-conductor	low

- 19 Which mass of oxygen combines with 16 g of sulfur to form sulfur dioxide, SO₂?
 - **A** 4g
- **B** 8g
- **C** 16g
- **D** 32g

20 Different solids were added to separate test-tubes of warm dilute sulfuric acid.

For which solid is the observation correct?

	solid	observation
Α	ammonium sulfate	alkaline gas produced
В	copper	gas evolved ignited with a pop
С	magnesium oxide	solid dissolved with no effervescence
D	zinc carbonate	gas evolved relights glowing splint

21 What is the order of reactivity of the halogens?

	most reactive		least reactive
Α	bromine	chlorine	iodine
В	chlorine	bromine	iodine
С	iodine	bromine	chlorine
D	iodine	chlorine	bromine

22 Which metal does **not** react with dilute hydrochloric acid to give hydrogen?

- A copper
- **B** iron
- **C** magnesium
- **D** zinc

23 The boiling points of some elements are given in the table.

element	boiling point/°C
nitrogen	-196
xenon	-108
oxygen	-183

A mixture of nitrogen, xenon and oxygen at -200 °C is allowed to warm up to -150 °C.

Which elements are still in the liquid state at -150 °C?

- A a mixture of nitrogen and oxygen
- **B** a mixture of nitrogen and xenon
- **C** nitrogen only
- **D** xenon only

24 Which reaction takes place in the blast furnace?

A FeCr₂O₄ + 4C
$$\rightarrow$$
 Fe + 2Cr + 4CO

B 3Fe +
$$4H_2O \rightarrow Fe_3O_4 + 4H_2$$

C SiO₂ + CaO
$$\rightarrow$$
 CaSiO₃

$$\textbf{D} \quad \text{SiO}_2 + 2 \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{Na}_2 \text{SiO}_3 + \text{H}_2 \text{O}$$

25 Ammonium sulfate, (NH₄)₂SO₄, is added to soil to provide an element that is important for plant growth.

What is this element?

- A hydrogen
- В nitrogen
- C oxygen
- **D** sulfur
- 26 X reacts with steam to form Y.

Y can be oxidised to Z.

$$X \xrightarrow{\text{steam}} Y \xrightarrow{\text{oxidation}} Z$$

If Z is propanoic acid, what would be the formula of X?

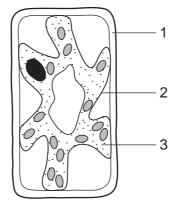
- A C_2H_4
- **B** C_2H_6 **C** C_3H_6 **D** C_3H_8

27 Propene is an unsaturated hydrocarbon. Its structure is shown.

What is produced when propene reacts with bromine?

- В

28 The diagram shows a typical plant cell after being placed into a concentrated salt solution for ten minutes.



Which numbered structures are partially permeable?

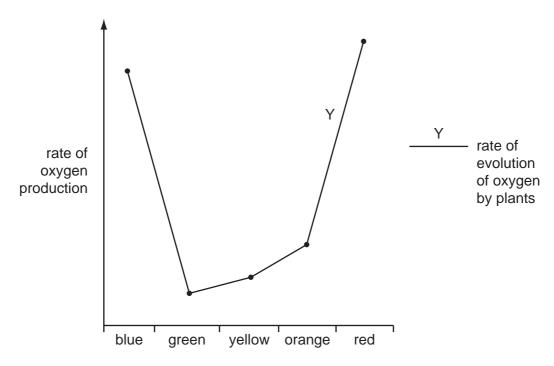
- A 1 and 2 only B 1 and 3 only
- **C** 1 only **D** 2 only

29 The following reaction occurs in the human alimentary canal.

What are the catalyst and the product?

	catalyst	product
Α	acid	glucose
В	alkali	energy
С	amylase	maltose
D	bile	amino acid

30 The graph shows the effect of different colours of light on the rate of oxygen production by green plants.

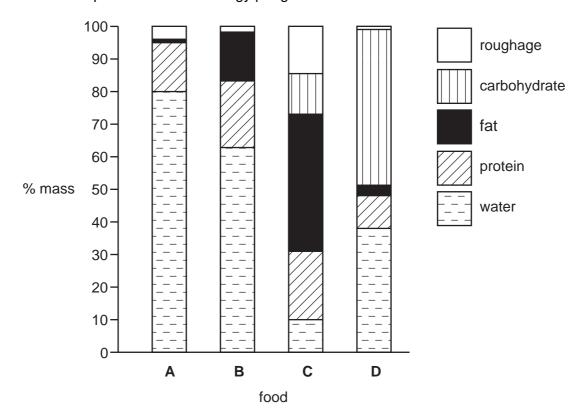


What can be deduced from the graph?

- A Photosynthesis is least active in green light.
- **B** Photosynthesis is most active in green light.
- **C** Respiration is least active in green light.
- **D** Respiration is most active in green light.

31 The diagram shows the composition of four foods.

Which food will provide the most energy per gram?



32 How do these substances enter a plant's root hairs?

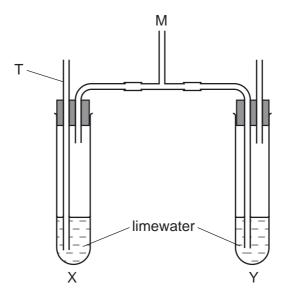
	nitrate	oxygen	water
Α	active transport	diffusion	osmosis
В	diffusion	osmosis	active transport
С	osmosis	active transport	diffusion
D	osmosis	diffusion	active transport

33 The table shows substances that pass between capillaries and tissues in a part of the body.

substance	into the capillaries from the tissues	out of the capillaries into the tissues
oxygen		✓
carbon dioxide	✓	
amino acids		✓
urea	✓	

In which part of the body are these capillaries?

- A between the alveoli
- B in the kidney
- C in the liver
- **D** in the villi
- **34** The apparatus shown is used to investigate gas exchange during breathing.



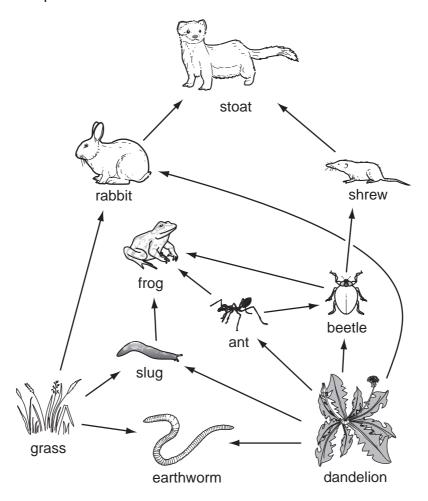
What would occur when a person breathes gently in and out several times through tube M?

- A The solutions in X and Y both turn cloudy.
- **B** The solution in X remains clear, but that in Y turns cloudy.
- **C** The solution in X turns cloudy, but that in Y remains clear.
- **D** The solution in X is forced out through the tube T.

- 35 Which statement best describes changes in parts of the eye when starting focus on a near object?
 - A Ciliary muscles contract, suspensory ligaments loosen and the lens becomes more rounded.
 - **B** Ciliary muscles contract, suspensory ligaments tighten and the lens becomes flatter.
 - **C** Ciliary muscles relax, suspensory ligaments loosen and the lens becomes more rounded.
 - **D** Ciliary muscles relax, suspensory ligaments tighten and the lens becomes flatter.
- **36** Which descriptions of drugs are correct?

	have side effects	are broken down by the liver				
Α	x	x				
В	x	✓				
С	✓	×				
D	✓	✓				

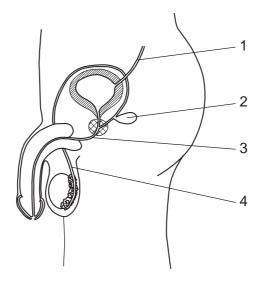
37 The diagram shows part of the food web.



Which organism can properly be described by **only one** of the terms producer, consumer, herbivore and carnivore?

- A ant
- **B** dandelion
- **C** frog
- **D** stoat
- **38** What increases in the long term as a result of tropical deforestation?
 - A cloud cover
 - **B** humidity
 - C soil erosion
 - **D** soil fertility

- 39 What is always true of the offspring from asexual reproduction in plants?
 - A a new variety
 - B more resistant to disease
 - C same flower shape
 - D same size
- **40** The diagram shows the male reproductive system.



How could surgical contraception be carried out?

- A cutting and tying tube 1
- **B** cutting and tying tube 3
- C cutting and tying tube 4
- **D** removing gland 2

DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

	0	Heium	20 Neon 10 Neon 140 Argon 18	84 Kr Krypton 36	Xe Xenon 54	Rn Radon 86		Lu Lutetium 71	۲
	=		19 Fluorine 9 35.5 C1 Chlorine 17	80 Br Bromine	127	At Astatine 85		173 Yb Ytterbium 70	Š
	>		16 Oxygen 8 32 S	Selenium 34	128 Te Tellurium	Po Polonium 84		169 Tm Thulium 69	Md
	>		14 Nitrogen 7 31 Phosphorus 15	75 AS Arsenic 33	122 Sb Antimony 51	209 Bi Bismuth 83		167 Er Erbium 68	FB
	≥		Carbon 6 Carbon 8 Silicon 14	73 Ge Germanium 32	119 Sn ™ 11n	207 Pb Lead 82		165 Ho Holmium 67	Es
	=		11 Boron 5 27 A1 Auminium	70 Ga Gallium 31	115 n Indium 49	204 T 1 Thallium		162 Dy Dysprosium 66	ర
				65 Zn Zinc 30	112 Cd Cadmium 48	201 Hg Mercury 80		159 Tb Terbium 65	ă
				64 Cu Copper 29	108 Ag Silver 47	197 Au Gold		157 Gd Gadolinium 64	S
Group				59 Nickel 28	Pd Palladium 46	195 Pt Platinum 78		152 Eu Europium 63	Am
Ģ			,	59 Cobalt	Rhodium 45	192 		Samarium 62	Pu
		T Hydrogen		56 Fe Iron	Ruthenium	190 OS Osmium 76		Pm Promethium 61	ď
				Mn Manganese 25	Tc Technetium 43	186 Re Rhenium 75		144 Nd Neodymium 60	238
				52 Cr Chromium 24	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	184 W Tungsten 74		141 Pr Praseodymium 59	Ра
				51 V Vanadium 23	Niobium 41	181 Ta Tantalum 73		140 Ce Cerium	232 T
				48 Ti Titanium 22	2 Zroonium	178 Hf Hafnium 72			nic mass bol
				Scandium 21	89 ×	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	227 Ac Actinium 89	d series series	a = relative atomic massX = atomic symbol
	=		9 Be Berylium 4 24 Mg Mg Magnesium 12	40 Ca Calcium	Strontium	137 Ba Barium 56	226 Ra Radium 88	*58-71 Lanthanoid series	а ×
	_		7 Lithium 3 23 Na Sodium 11	39 K	Rb Rubidium	133 CS Caesium 55	Fr Francium 87	*58-71 L	Key

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The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).