## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

## **5054 PHYSICS**

5054/03 Paper 3, maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5054	03	
1	(a)	(a) <i>D</i> measured correctly and, recorded to the nearest mm or better with unit and in the range 4.50 cm to 5.50 cm		B1	
	(b) Or	Or Use of set squares against lens and rule as in part (d), (Accept top or bottom of rule or 3D view with set squares in middle of rule)			
	Or Or	, , , ,		B1	
	(c)	<i>T</i> measured to the nearest mm or better with unit and in 8.0 mm.	n the range 4.0 mm to	B1	
	(d)	) Diagram showing set squares used like vernier callipers. (Accept top or bottom of rule or 3D view with set squares in middle of rule)		B1	
	(e)	f calculated correctly with unit and yielding a value in the cm. (Ignore s.f.)	range 10.0 cm to 20.0	B1	[5]
2	(a)	<i>I</i> in the region of 5 mA, measured to 0.1 mA or better with unit seen here or in			
		(c). V in the region of 3 V, measured to 0.1 V or better with ur	nit seen here or in <b>(c)</b> .	B1	
	(b)	Correct calculation of resistance with unit seen here or in	(d). (Ignore s.f.).	B1	
	(c)	<ul> <li><i>I</i> reduced to approximately 1 mA, measured to 0.1 mA or better with unit seen here or in (a).</li> <li><i>V</i> similar to (a), measured to 0.1 V or better with unit seen here or in (a).</li> </ul>		B1	
	( D)				
	(d)	Correct calculation of resistance with unit seen here or in	(b). (Ignore s.f.)	B1	
	(e)	Resistance increases as the amount of light decreases. (Must be reference to change in light level).		B1	[5]
3	(a)	Normal correct and angle of incidence = 30° by eye.		B1	
	(b)	Points A and B to be at least 10 cm apart.		B1	
	(c)	Points C and D to be at least 10 cm apart.		B1	
	(d)	Angle of reflection = $30^{\circ} + 2^{\circ}$ with correct unit.		B1	
	(e)	Refraction through the glass of the mirror / Thickness of pins leads to an error in positioning/ Thickness of glass.		B1	[5]

		Syllabus	Paper			
	GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5054	03			
Initial rea	nitial readings					
(a)	<i>t</i> recorded to 0.1 s or better with unit and in the range 1.50 s to 2 least 2 readings correctly averaged. (Seen here or in the table).	2.50 s from at	B1			
(b)	Correct calculation of $w$ and $v$ (Ignore unit errors – penalise in table (May be scored from table if not seen here)	e).	B1	[2]		
<u>Table</u>						
(c) & (d)	Table with units for <i>x</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>w</i> and <i>v</i> .		B1			
	Correct trend in time values ( <i>t</i> increases as <i>x</i> increases)		B1			
	One value of $x \ge 90.0$ cm.		B1			
	Range of $x \ge 35.0$ cm.		B1			
	Total of at least 5 values of $x$ showing correct trend in $v$ i.e. $v$ in increases. (Do not include values of $x$ below 40.0 cm).	ncreases as t	B1	[5]		
<u>Graph</u>						
(e)	Axes labelled with unit and correct orientation.		B1			
	Suitable scale, data occupies $\geq$ 8 cm squares horizontally and $\geq$ 12 vertically and scale is easy to follow; no 3's, 6's, 7's etc.	2 cm squares	B1			
	All points plotted from an easy to follow scale. Check the two p from the line are plotted correctly. Ring these points.	oints furthest	B1			
	Best fit fine line through the data and fine points. (Ignore the line beyond the data.) (Fine judged to be equal to or thinner than the major grid lines.)		B1	[4]		
Comments and Calculations						
(f)	Correct description of acceleration from candidate's line. e.g. constant if straight line, or increasing if curving upwards, or decreasing if curving downwards, or increasing and then decreasing if S shaped.		B1			
	Either describes shape					
	Or gradient = acceleration (stated or implied)		B1			
(g)	(Any reasonable $v$ – any reasonable $u$ ) / time		M1			
	Correct calculation of acceleration with unit and 2/3 s.f.		A1	[4]		