

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

PAKISTAN STUDIES

2059/01

Paper 1 History and Culture of Pakistan

May/June 2004

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.
Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper.
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or rough working.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer any **three** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **3** printed pages and **1** blank page.



- 1 (a) (i) In which year was Shah Wali Ullah born? [1]
(ii) Which militant Muslim leader in Bengal was known as Titu Mir? [1]
(iii) Where did Sir Syed Ahmed Khan found a Scientific Society in 1863? [1]
(iv) What title did Queen Victoria take in 1877? [1]
- (b) Why did the British Government take control of the affairs of the East India Company in the early nineteenth century? [7]
- (c) 'A lack of unity and coordination was the main reason for the failure of the War of Independence by 1858.' Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer. [14]
- 2 (a) (i) Who led the Congress Party at the time of the Simla Declaration of 1906? [1]
(ii) In which year was the Indian Councils Act passed? [1]
(iii) What organisation did M.A. Jinnah join in 1913? [1]
(iv) Name the park in Amritsar where a demonstration by Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs was held in 1919. [1]
- (b) Why was Bengal partitioned in 1905? [7]
- (c) Was the Chaura Chauri incident of 1922 the most important reason for the failure of the Khilafat Movement? Give reasons for your answer. [14]
- 3 (a) (i) Who called the Cripps Mission 'a post-dated cheque on a failing bank'? [1]
(ii) Who was Viceroy of India at the time of the Simla Conference of 1945? [1]
(iii) Who led the Unionist Party in Punjab in the elections of 1945–46? [1]
(iv) What is a jirga? [1]
- (b) Why was Congress Rule of 1937–39 so hated by the Muslims? [7]
- (c) Was the refugee issue the most important problem facing the newly formed government of Pakistan in 1947? Give reasons for your answer. [14]
- 4 (a) (i) Under the terms of which Constitution was the title 'Islamic Republic of Pakistan' first adopted? [1]
(ii) What was the average national growth rate of Pakistan during the 1960s? [1]
(iii) Who was the Foreign Minister of Pakistan in 1965? [1]
(iv) Who called the first general elections of Pakistan in 1970? [1]
- (b) Why was Urdu chosen as the national language of Pakistan? [7]
- (c) 'Economic factors were more important than political considerations in the creation of Bangladesh in 1971.' Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer. [14]

- 5 (a) (i) Which organisation was given the power by Zia-ul-Haq to decide if laws were 'Islamic'? [1]
- (ii) In which year did Pakistan and Afghanistan agree on a plan which would mean the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan? [1]
- (iii) Who became Prime Minister of Pakistan in 1985? [1]
- (iv) With whom did Pakistan sign a treaty of nuclear cooperation in 1986? [1]
- (b) Why did Pakistan leave SEATO in 1972? [7]
- (c) 'Constitutional reforms were the most important of Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's domestic policies between 1971 and 1977.' Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer. [14]

