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4037/01

For Examination from 2013

2 hours

No Additional Materials are required.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

The total number of marks for this paper is 80.



[Turn over

Mathematical Formulae**1. ALGEBRA***Quadratic Equation*

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$,

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}.$$

Binomial Theorem

$$(a + b)^n = a^n + \binom{n}{1} a^{n-1} b + \binom{n}{2} a^{n-2} b^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{r} a^{n-r} b^r + \dots + b^n,$$

where n is a positive integer and $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}.$

2. TRIGONOMETRY*Identities*

$$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1.$$

$$\sec^2 A = 1 + \tan^2 A.$$

$$\operatorname{cosec}^2 A = 1 + \cot^2 A.$$

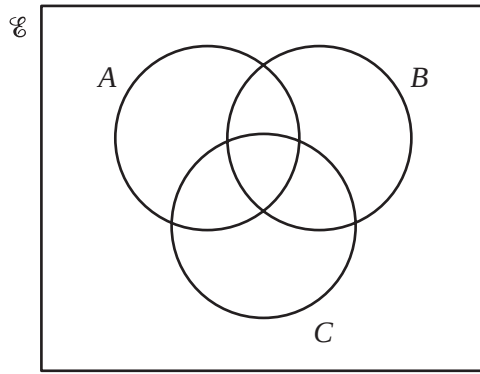
Formulae for $\triangle ABC$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}.$$

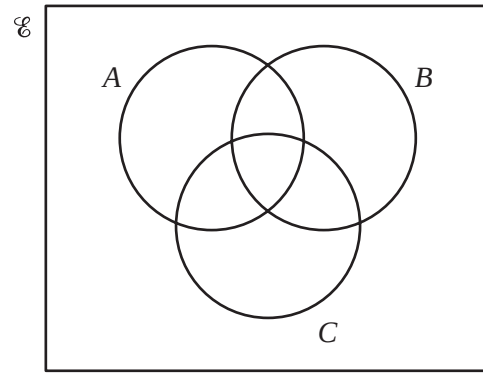
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A.$$

$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A.$$

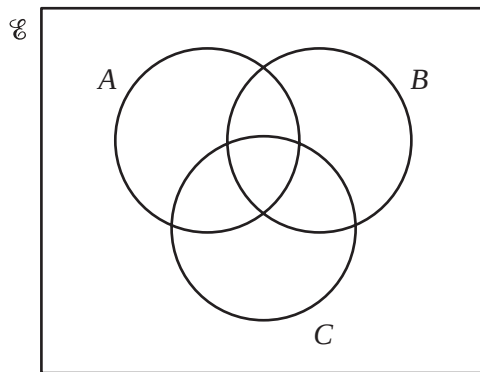
- 1 Shade the region corresponding to the set given below each Venn diagram.



$$A \cup (B \cap C)$$



$$A \cap (B \cup C)$$



$$(A \cup B \cup C)'$$

[3]

- 2 Find the set of values of x for which $(2x + 1)^2 > 8x + 9$.

[4]

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3 Prove that $\frac{\sin A}{1 + \cos A} + \frac{1 + \cos A}{\sin A} \equiv 2\operatorname{cosec} A.$

[4]

*For
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Use*

- 4 A function f is such that $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + 3x + 4$. When $f(x)$ is divided by $x - 1$, the remainder is 3. When $f(x)$ is divided by $2x + 1$, the remainder is 6. Find the value of a and of b . [5]

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-
- 5 (i) Solve the equation $2t = 9 + \frac{5}{t}$. [3]

- (ii) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation $2x^{\frac{1}{2}} = 9 + 5x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$. [3]

6 Given that $\mathbf{a} = 5\mathbf{i} - 12\mathbf{j}$ and that $\mathbf{b} = p\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$, find

(i) the unit vector in the direction of $\mathbf{a}$,

[2]

(ii) the values of the constants p and q such that $q\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} = 19\mathbf{i} - 23\mathbf{j}$.

[3]

For
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- 7 (i) Express $4x^2 - 12x + 3$ in the form $(ax + b)^2 + c$, where a, b and c are constants and $a > 0$. [3]

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- (ii) Hence, or otherwise, find the coordinates of the stationary point of the curve $y = 4x^2 - 12x + 3$. [2]

- (iii) Given that $f(x) = 4x^2 - 12x + 3$, write down the range of f . [1]
-

- 8 A curve is such that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4e^{-2x}$. Given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$ when $x = 0$ and that the curve passes through the point $(2, e^{-4})$, find the equation of the curve. [6]

*For
Examiner's
Use*

- 9 (i) Find, in ascending powers of x , the first 3 terms in the expansion of $(2 - 3x)^5$.

[3]

*For
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Use*

The first 3 terms in the expansion of $(a + bx)(2 - 3x)^5$ in ascending powers of x are $64 - 192x + cx^2$.

- (ii) Find the value of a , of b and of c .

[5]

10 (a) Functions f and g are defined, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$, by

$$f(x) = 3 - x,$$

$$g(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}, \text{ where } x \neq -2.$$

(i) Find $fg(x)$.

[2]

(ii) Hence find the value of x for which $fg(x) = 10$.

[2]

(b) A function h is defined, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$, by $h(x) = 4 + \ln x$, where $x > 1$.

(i) Find the range of h .

[1]

(ii) Find the value of $h^{-1}(9)$.

[2]

- (iii) On the same axes, sketch the graphs of $y = h(x)$ and $y = h^{-1}(x)$.

[3]

*For
Examiner's
Use*

11 Solve the following equations.

(i) $\tan 2x - 3\cot 2x$, for $0^\circ < x < 180^\circ$

[4]

*For
Examiner's
Use*

(ii) $\operatorname{cosec} y = 1 - 2\cot^2 y$, for $0^\circ \leq y \leq 360^\circ$

[5]

(iii) $\sec(z + \frac{\pi}{2}) = -2$, for $0 < z < \pi$ radians.

[3]

*For
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Use*

12 A curve has equation $y = \frac{x^2}{x+1}$.

- (i) Find the coordinates of the stationary points of the curve.

[5]

*For
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The normal to the curve at the point where $x = 1$ meets the x -axis at M . The tangent to the curve at the point where $x = -2$ meets the y -axis at N .

(ii) Find the area of the triangle MNO , where O is the origin.

[6]

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