## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/31

Paper 3 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	31		
1	(a)	<ul> <li>(a) ruled clear lines;</li> <li>3 columns labelled A, B, C + 6 rows 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10;</li> <li>°C + min(ute)s appropriately recorded at least once;</li> <li>six readings recorded for all 3 tubes;</li> <li>temperatures decreasing with time in all three tubes;</li> </ul>						
	(b)	(i)	2. bo 3. go 4. co 5. pl	me (x axis) + temperature (y axis); oth axes labelled + units + linear scales; (minimum t ood use of grid (at least half used); orrect plots; ots joined cleanly or lines of best fit drawn; nes identified by label or key;	ime/min & temp/°	C); [6]		
		(ii)	mos leas inter temp	perature decreases/falls/in all three; t/fastest in A; t/stays the same in B; mediate in C/AW; perature changes calculated for each tube; correct answers in terms of heat loss		max [3]		
		One from	ent up to 4 max					
		(iii)		<ul> <li>repeat/replicate;</li> <li>increase reliability/identify error/calculate mean/a</li> </ul>	verage;			

- **Imp** use hotter water at the start/use of thermometers;
- **Exp** greater difference in temperature of water and room/heat loss more pronounced;
- Imp water at same temperature in all tubes at the start;
- Exp same amount of heat available to be lost;
- Imp same volume of water in all tubes at the start;
- Exp same amount of heat available to be lost;
- **Imp** similar external conditions for all tubes/same room temperature/use screen/prevent draughts;
- **Exp** prevent (variable) external conditions influencing the rate of heat loss /AW;

max [4]

(c) (i) B;

[1]

 (ii) lowers surface area (for heat loss) to volume ratio; ref. to insulation: heat transferred from hotter to colder; less heat radiates / lost to environment;

[Total: 21]

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	31
2	(a) leave leave leave leave	max [2]			
		numb	ber of sections in D; ber of sections in E; k Supervisor's report		[2]
		dista	nce for shoot D; nce for shoot E; k Supervisor's report and answer to <b>(b)(i)</b>		[2]
		lg. D	spiration/evaporation/capillarity; iffusion smosis		[1]
		great	r lost at faster rate in <b>D</b> ; ter leaf surface area in <b>D</b> than <b>E</b> /AW; d cells flaccid/stomata closed in <b>E</b> /ORA;		max [2]
					[Total: 9]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) (i)

type	length	no.	surface	root
incisor	-	8	chisel/flat/straight/even/AW;	-
canine	-	-	pointed /sharp;	single;
premolar	-	8	-	single;
molar	-	-	uneven /rough/cusped;	double /triple

All 8 correct = 3 6 or 7 correct = 2 4 or 5 correct = 1

- (ii) incisors cutting and biting; molars – crushing and grinding;
   R. chewing for incisor
   A. chewing for molar
- (b) (i) more/38 v 32/19 v 16; canines larger/AW; canines more pointed/sharper; more premolars; more premolars in lower than upper jaw + same no. in humans; premolars of different sizes/shapes + similar in humans; molars of different sizes/shapes + similar in humans; last molar is smaller than others + same size in humans; (dog) molars have double (or single) roots + human molars have triple (or double); some premolars(dog) have double roots + human premolars have single; crowns different heights/more uneven (in dogs) + similar height/even in humans/AW; molars in dogs are uneven/pointed/AW + flatter/AW in humans; max [3]

**A**. rough/rougher = uneven

- (ii) piercing/holding/gripping/killing/tearing/ripping;
- (c) More than one area of shading between teeth/shading at boundary of gum;
   A. shading around sides of teeth/boundary of gum with *lighter* shading over surface
   R. if all fully shaded

[Total: 10]

[1]

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[3]

[2]