

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper
for the guidance of teachers**

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2009	5090	06

- 1 (a) A = guard cell ;
B = stoma(ta) ; [2]
- (b) (i) CO₂ ; [1]
- (ii) O₂ and water (vapour) ; [1]
- (iii) stomata/pore/guard cell closed (in darkness) ; [1]
- (iv) either: cobalt chloride paper on leaf ; how held ;
(blue to) pink shows water ;
or: plant in bell-jar (etc) ; droplets (condense) ;
test for water ;
or: aquatic plant ; bubbles ; test for oxygen/glowing splint ; [max 3]
- (c) (i) measurements of both with units (once) ;
expression $\frac{49(-52)}{8(9)} \times 400$;
magnification correctly given ; ($\times 2450$ or c. 1100 if wrong dimension used)
R: decimal places
Look for reasonable and consistent attempts. [3]
- (ii) thicker inner wall ;
causes bending/banana shape ; when cell turgid ; [3]
- (iii) chloroplast ;
iodine (solution)/methylene blue ; [2]
- (iv) two from:
photosynthesis in light ; produces CHO/sugar ; R: starch/food
in cell sap/solution affects water potential ; AW
ref. osmosis/water enters/turgor ; [2]
- [Total: 18]**

2 (a) Table 2.1

statement	starch test	reducing sugar test	biuret test	ethanol emulsion test
heating is required	x	✓	x	x
when test solution added contents of test-tube are blue	x	✓	✓	x
the test is completed by the addition of water	x	x	x	✓
positive result of test is contents turning black	✓	x	x	x
the test can be carried out on a solution of the test material in water	✓ or x	✓	✓	x
the material being tested is a carbohydrate	✓	✓	x	x

(1 mark per line)
max 3 if words used

R: any line with ✓ and x and blank

[6]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2009	5090	06

(b) (i) reducing sugar test ; [1]

(ii) small amount (etc) of reducing sugar ; [1]

(c) reducing sugar test:
 for gentle/even heating ; avoids spurtng ; test-tube breaking ;
 burning finger or other safety factor ; may change substrate ; (e.g. starch to reducing sugar)
 R: ref heating alcohol or decolourising leaf [2]

[Total: 10]

3 (a) (i) all boxes reasonably filled ; [1]

(ii) table marks:
 one clear method of 'tally' (etc), somewhere ;
 total 'numbers' given ;
 third column grouping correct and total 25 ; [3]

(iii) frequency diagram marks:
 3–5 ruled, uniform columns, good size ;
 axes labelled, with units ;
 range of each column clear on x-axis ;
 accurate for numbers in table ;
 reversed axes: allow 1, 3 and 4 line graph allow 2 and 4 [4]

(b) (seedlings from) seeds of different sizes ;
 grown in uniform conditions ;
 two specified (soil/medium, light, nutrients, temperature, water) ;
 seeds (collected and) measured ;
 range recorded/tabulated ;
 thus variation within single genotype ;
 extent of range – same for shorter and longer parents?
 replications ;
 analysis/conclusion suggested ;
 allow approach of: same size seeds ;
 grown in different conditions ; and so on for other points above [max 4]

[Total: 12]