MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

5090 BIOLOGY

9050/02

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5090	2
		Section A		
(a)	diffusi <u>thin</u> w into la) <u>villi</u> on/or good description of all/epithelim (R ref. <u>cell</u> wall) cteals/lymph (Ignore capillaries) returned to blood	max 4	
(b)	(i)	lipase/steapsin	1	
	(ii)	optimum/best AW + for <u>enzyme/lipase</u> action (I ref. body temp)	1	
(c)	<u>fatty a</u> glycer	<u>cids</u> ol/glycerine/propantriol	2	
(d)	(can) conce	cids/ref. smaller molecules pass through membrane/Visking tubing <u>ntration gradient/diffusion</u> dity of or lowers pH of water/ref acidity of molecules	max 3 Total = 11	
(a)	(i)	transpiration (A evapotranspiration) (R evaporation)	1	
	(ii)	<u>12.30</u>	1	
(b)	(i)	warmer AW faster + evaporation/vapouration (I refs. to transpiration) lighter/brighter <u>stomata</u> open ref. increased wind/decreased humidity	max 4	
	(ii)	water lost from plant cannot be replaced (A loses water faster than it gains water) overall decrease in water content of plant/loss of turgidity AW) (A refs. wilting)		
		stomata/pores + close	max 2	
(c)		evaporation of water/less loss of <u>latent</u> heat (R less transpiration)		
		ool plant everse argument)	2	

	Page 3			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3	(a)	(i)	<u>co</u> r	onary		
	. ,		arte		2	
		(ii)	Ра	aorta (-tic arch)		
		()		eft + atrium/auricle	2	
	(b)	(marl				
				inner or weaker + walls/valves/pressure ref.	_	
				(A less muscular + walls)	2	
	(c)	(i)		tf,opl) (A platelets)	-	
			2 fr	rom: fat/cholesterol/blood cells/clot(ted blood) (A atheroma for 1 mark) (A ref. fibres/fibrin)	2	
		(ii)		ural response to damage or injury is for blood to clot AW		
				telets + release enzymes/cause fibrinogen to change to fibrin refore drug prevents clotting (or implied – platelets cause blood to clo	t) max 2	
			uie	actions and prevents clotting (or implied – platelets cause blood to clo	y 1110X Z	
					Total = 10	
4	(a)	(i)	<u>oxy</u>	/gen/temperature <u>qualified</u> (I air/temperature) (R warmth)		
		(ii)	cot	yledon/seed leaves/endosperm		
		(iii)	tes	ta (A seed coat) not accounted for	3	
	(b)	(i)& (ark together		
				d digested/ref. enzyme action (I breakdown) rch → sucrose or glucose/protein → amino acids		
			trar	nsportation AW		
			to g	growing regions/used for growth (or process described)		
			use	ed for respiration/correct energy reference	max 4	
	(c)	(i) &		nark together		
				od storage region) will still lose mass re slowly AW		
			plu	mule + photosynthesis AW		
				<u>ge(r)/fast(er)</u> increase in mass		
				licle slightly faster increase in mass (than when in dark) e to <u>more/faster</u> growth	max 4	
				Ŭ		
					Total = 11	
5	(a)			allopian tube (mark the first)	1	
		(A de	scrip	tion of oviduct)		
		•				
	(b)	<u>mitos</u>	sis (-1	totic)	1	
	(c)			ion AW		
				ndometrium (R wall) womb		
				ation AW/ref. placental devpt. (I fetal membranes)	max 2	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d)	mother's gametes [#] shown as I^{A} and I° max 1 if wrong father's gametes [#] shown as I^{B} and I° symbols used	
	*grid correctly filled (A e.c.f. if gametes incorrectly shown)	
	square $I^{\circ}I^{\circ}$ identified as the embryo	Λ
		4
	(A genetic diagram, but [#] ensure gametes are not shown as parental genotypes –	
	*this mark not available on a genetic diagram)	

Total = 8

Total for Section A = 50

	Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5090	2	
			Section B			
	(2)	(1 00)	three fasts linked to a process)			
	(a)		three facts linked to a process) sis is simple diffusion			
		partially/selectively/semi-permeable membrane				
			t refs. in each case to:			
			ergy/energy required			
			only/ions AW or larger molecules against concentration gradient	max 3		
		(R alor	· · ·	max o		
	(b)		salts ions or one named (A minerals) (R nutrients)			
			from soil ref. root hairs			
			to make proteins/amino acids/DNA			
			chlorophyll (R chloroplasts)			
			even when scarce in surrounding soil AW	max 4 for (i)		
			(could be ref. to concentration gradient)			
			glucose			
			amino acids uptake from gut			
			through (micro) <u>villi</u>			
			*for protein (or named) manufacture (linked to amino acids)			
			*for respiration/correct energy ref. (linked to glucose)	max 7 for (b)		
			Or kidneys; reabsorption; 2 named salts or any 2 from glucose, amin	(mark 1 st .2)		
			acids, urea, salts (unspecified or one named);;	0		
			ref. osmoregulation; any <u>one</u> of those marked * above;	max 7 for (b)		
				Total = 10		
	(a)		rpothalamus			
			us control/impulses/brain ctive sweat glands/sweating stops			
		(A inac				
		less e	vaporation (of sweat) (R no evaporation)			
			onstriction AW			
		less b	ries/-erioles/blood vessels (R capillaries/veins) lood			
			illaries (A ref. heat loss from)			
			eat lost	Ironalina		
			ing generates heat/hair erection decreases heat loss (or insulates)/ac e/higher metabolic rate	lienaline		
		one be	ehavioural reference (e.g. moving/putting clothes on)	max 7		
	(1.)	I				
	(b)		nge (in level/of set point) AW ponsible for/triggers/causes/ref. sensor/ref. receptor			
			onse/reaction			
		(which	n leads to) restoration of original level	max 3		
		(If give	en, accept specific examples instead of general account)			
				Total = 10		

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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8 E (a)	(breeds in) large numbers attracted to warm bodies feeds on blood sharp mouthparts/relatively painless bite feeds at night/while victim sleeps spits before sucking/ref. anticoagulant vector of/carrier of/not seriously affected by/host to + human pathogen(s) (or named) AW
	(R named disease)carry many pathogens(fly) from person to personmax 5
(b)	intimate body contact or described bacterium/a/spirochaete/ <i>Treponema</i> primary sore or described/papule/chancre a secondary symptom described (headache/slight pyrexia/rash/skin lesions/ulceration/hair loss) (lengthy) dormant period tertiary symptom described (organ destruction) antibiotic or named (doxycycline, erythromycin, tetracycline) (A 'penicillin' to mean antibiotic) need for early diagnosis/treatment max 5 Total = 10
8 <i>0</i> (a)	named plant or animal (with some economic importance) (plausible for description given) named selected feature breeding of specimens both with desired feature selection of offspring with best of desired feature over a period of time/repitition financial reward (i.e. of some pecuniary benefit) danger of inbreeding/disadvantage to organism involved max 6 (e.g. highly-strung dogs/Pekingeses with breathing problems)
(b)	named organism + required characteristic (i.e. what you are breeding for) required characteristic ensured/no variation no dangers of inbreeding/of introduction of undesirable traits *cheap/large numbers of offspring/one parent needed *relatively quick * <u>genetically</u> identical max 4 Any of the marks indicated with * available for a fungus or a seaweed Up to a max 2
	Total = 10