## CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

- ; separates marking points
- I alternatives
- o () contents of brackets are not required but should be implied
- **R** reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- **Ig** ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)
- **AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- o AVP alternative valid point (where a greater than sual variety of responses is expected)
- **ORA** or reverse argument
- o <u>underline</u> actual word underlined must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- o max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

Qu	Answer	Mark	Notes
1 (a)	A 2 4; B 2 5; –ve signs for both A values ;	[3]	R the word decrease
(b)	reference to movement of <u>water;</u>		
	2. out of tissue in A + into tissue in B;		
	3. turgor lost in A + increased in B;		3. A flaccid/plasmolysed for A A decrease + increase in size of cell vacuole
	4. <u>osmosis;</u>		<ul><li>A B is more turgid than A</li><li>4. A within ex- or endosmosis</li></ul>
	5. Solution A is more concentrated solution / lower water potential / hypertonic / lower concentration of water (than tissue) or converse for solution B is less concentrated solution / higher water potential / hypotonic / higher concentration of water (than tissue);		Ig direct comparison of concentrations of solutions A and B
1	6. partially permeable membrane;	max [5]	6. A semi permeable

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(c)	1. 2. 3.	<pre>outer layer / skin could not absorb / lose water / impermeable / waterproof / AW; stayed the same (length / size); water lost and/or gained by tissue causes curvature / bending /AW; osmosis if not in already credited (b);</pre>	max [3]	<ul> <li>Ig dead</li> <li>3. A cells / strip</li> <li>3. R if implies strip is one cell</li> <li>3. A skin comparatively longer/shorter than other tissue causes curvature</li> </ul>
			[Total: 11]	

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2 (a)		I				
	structural feature	bean seedling	pea seedling			mark per structural feature for 2 correct mparative points
	radicle	longer	shorter			
		thinner	thicker /wider		A	long/short etc.
		more curved /curly grown more	less curved/ straighter		R R	e.g. long v small, as not comparative large/small
		grown more	grown less			
	plumule	smaller	larger			
		shorter	longer		R	leaves / no leaves
		2 leaves	1 leaf			icavos / no icavos
		'stalk' not visible	'stalk' visible			
		inside cotyledons	'outside' cotyledons			
	cotyledon	smaller	larger			
		'vertical'	'horizontal'		A R	epigeal (bean) hypogeal (pea) refs to texture
		above ground / soil	below ground /soil covered by testa			reis to texture
		not covered by testa	covered by toola			
	testa	separate/ removed/ absent (from seedling)	attached / present	[4]	lg lg	above ground/ below ground refs to texture, splitting or tearing
		,				

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(b) (i)	pea 63-73 mm; bean 80-90 mm;	[2]	max 1 for 2 correct measurements with no / incorrect units
(ii)	only the pea seedling drawn;		R if bean drawn or both pea and bean drawn
	2. ×2 length of specimen;		2. 120 – 150 mm (130–160 if bean drawn)
	3. clear, clean, continuous lines + no shading ;		
	4. radicle clearly longer than plumule;		
	5. good shape of testa-covered cotyledons;		broad attachment, longer horizontally than vertically, tapering from right to left
	6. Labels: radicle + plumule + testa;	[6]	6. all 3 correct  Ig other labels e.g cotyledon  A seed coat
(c) (i)	seed ground / cut up /crushed ;		A cut in half
	add biuret / sodium or potassium hydroxide + copper sulphate; blue changes to purple/lilac/mauve/violet;		R if heated Ig adding water
	bide changes to purple/illac/madve/violet,	[3]	A e.g blue buiret
(ii)	same mass/volume of each tissue tested ;		R amount/quantity
	same volume/concentration of reagent added;		A if volume given in 2(c)(i) and 'use same method as in 2(c)(i)' is stated.
	left for same length of time;		Ig same temperature
	deeper/ darker colour = more protein ORA;	max [3]	<ul><li>A purple as darker, violet/lilac as lighter</li><li>A faster colour change = more</li></ul>

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(d) (i)	axes fully labelled + linear scale for mass;		one axis to be labelled with 'type of food' as well as with food names the other with 'mass of protein in g/100g'
	2. correct 'plots';		0.5 mm tolerance
	3. sides of bars ruled + of equal width;	[3]	bars may be vertical or horizontal bars may be arranged in increasing / decreasing order of length or as given in the table
(ii)	pea + (soya) bean + lentil;	[1]	all three required.  R if other foods included
		[Total: 22]	

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3	carbon dioxide test either hydrogen carbonate <u>indicator;</u> red to yellow;			
	or limewater; cloudy / milky /chalky ;			
	oxygen test glowing splint; rekindles / burns more brightly ;		A splinter R burning / lighted splint R rekindles if also 'pops'	
	water vapour exhaled air saturated / 100% / more than inhaled air;		R variable	
	test either cobalt chloride (paper); blue to pink; or anhydrous copper sulphate; white to blue	[7]		
		[Total: 7]		
		[40]		