MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/22

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

0 0	; /	separates marking points alternatives
0	0	contents of brackets are not required but should be implied
0	R	reject
0	Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
0	AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
0	AVP	alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)
0	ORA	or reverse argument

- **<u>underline</u>** actual word underlined must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- **max** indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- + statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

	Expected Answer	Mark	Clarification
1 (a) (i)	epidermal / epidermis;		
(ii)	(ii) arrow shown clearly pointing to / or passing through stoma;		A arrow head on either end
(b) stoma shown clearly more closed than in Fig. 1.1;		1	R any view other than surface view
	any 3 correctly identified and labelled features from: nucleus; vacuole / cell sap; cytoplasm; chloroplast; cell wall; cell membrane; vacuolar membrane / tonoplast;	Max 3	Ignore mitochondrion / ribosome

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(c)	(1300 hrs) *allows C *allows O ₂ to be rel (* allow ONE for ref. ref. to water loss / tr minerals (to the leaf	eased; gaseous exchange); anspiration + cooling / bringing water or ions or) / from the soil; / reduces / stops + transpiration / loss of water;	Max 5	R water loss for control	r temperature regulation /
			[Total: 11]		

	Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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2 (a)	any 2 from: #duodenum / small intestine*; #ileum / small intestine*; #colon / large intestine; (# OR intestine for one mark) kidney; pancreas; liver; gall bladder; spleen; named blood vessel; bacteria / virus / fungus / microoganism / pathogen; (stomach contents) acid(ic) / ref. HCl; (and/or) enzyme / protease; destroys / kills / ref. wrong pH for growth (of microorganism or colony implied);		Max 2	*credit (small in	testine) once only.
(b)			Max 3	Ignore germs	
(c)	diaphragm (damage correct volume / pre air drawn in / out thr lungs / alveoli dama	les (damage or action); or action); essure reference; ough hole;	Max 5		
			[Total: 10]		

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) (i)	bacteria / Rhizobium;	1	
(ii)	nitrogen <u>from the air</u> / <u>atmosphere;</u> converts / changes / fixes; (into) ammonium ions / salts / compounds; (into) amino acids / proteins;	Max 3	R first two marks with incorrect bacteria R oxidised R ammonia
(b)	artificial selection / selective breeding; over many years / generations / repetition; selecting plants with <u>largest</u> flower spikes; and <u>most colourful</u> flowers; cross (breeding/ pollinating/ fertilising) / hybridisation; genetic engineering;	5	Ignore refs self- R if between species
(c)	any two from: temperature; oxygen; carbon dioxide; water; soil fertility / lack of nutrients / nutrition; different genetic makeup / mutation; wind;	Max 2	R any reference to 'high' AW for first 5 points Ignore light Ignore any additional (numbered) lines
		[Total: 11]	

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4 (a)	<u>kidney;</u>		1	
(b) (i)	C – renal artery / aorta; E – <u>pulmonary artery</u> ;		2	No e.c.f. in this instance
(ii)	right atrium/auricle; right ventricle;		2	
(c)	C F			Ignore refs. to O_2/CO_2 waste products
	blood +	urine;		
	(a named) cells / platelets / + plasma	no cells / platelets / plasma;		
	protein/antibodies + / amino acids / fats	none;		
	lower urea concentration /	higher urea concentration;		
	glucose +	no glucose;		
	fewer salts / ions / less water /	more / salts or ions / water;		Ignore minerals
	more hormones / vitamins / fewer hormones / vitamins;		Max 4	
			[Total: 9]	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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5	(a)	biotechnology / fermentation / culturing;	1	
	(b)	to control / lower / the temperature;	1	A maintain
	(c) <u>enzymes;</u> prevention of denaturation / destruction / prevents death of fungus / microorganism / bacterium; optimum / best / better / + for growth / reproduction; high(er) yield;		2	
(d)		 any ref. sterile; (H) for introduction of microorganism or named; and food / nutrients / culture medium; e.g. amino acids / protein / carbohydrates or named; (J) for introduction of air / oxygen; bubbles / large surface area (as O₂ passes through grille) / sparger; for respiration; 	Max 5	Ignore refs to stirring
			[Total: 9]	

	Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5090	22	
6 (a)	 addition / availability of carbon dioxide; controlled / optimum AW temperature (or any reasonable stated temperature); ref. light (intensity); ref. blinds during day / artificial lights (at night time); keep well supplied with water / ref. irrigation / humidity control; addition of fertiliser / any named ion / pH control / hydroponic techniques; nitrate + protein manufacture / magnesium + chlorophyll production; photosynthesis (A anywhere relevant); growth; maximum rate / day and night / 24 hrs per day; pest control; protection from (adverse) climatic factors or any named AW; 		Max 7	Ignore refs. to o A any named io R chloroplasts Must be ref. P/	on + function
(b)	(b) isolation from other varieties of the species; limited <u>genetic</u> variation; can pollinate only with plants in the building / ca with plants outside; exclusion from agents of pollination / wind / inse seeds less viable;		Max 3	R isolation fron A fertilisation fo	
			[Total: 10]		

	Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	7
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7	 protein + for growth / repair / production of protoplasm or antibodies or enzymes or hormones; carbohydrates (ignore names) + for energy; fats + for energy / insulation / solvent (e.g. for some vitamins); named mineral / ion + function*; named vitamin + function*; fibre / roughage + effective digestive transit AW; water + solvent / other correct use; 		Max 6	Ignore refs. energy do not penalise for refs to energy production *Disallow if function is incorrect for named component.	
	(diabetic) reduced carbohydrate / sugar or named ; digestion / breakdown to glucose; lack of insulin / cells do not take up glucose / no glucose to glycogen; high <u>blood</u> sugar / glucose;			Ignore ref. fats	
	(heart patient) reduc animal/saturated (fat deposition on / in art of heart / coronary; increased blood pres); ery / atheroma / atherosclerosis;	Max 2	R no fat Ignore refs. to o Deposition may Ignore refs. to I	/ be of cholesterol
			[Total: 10]		

	Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5090	22	
8 (a)	a <u>chemical</u> ; released into / carried to affect a <u>target orgar</u> destroyed in the liver;	Max 3			
(b)	 (male)testosterone for sperm / male ga 2ndry sexual charace (female) oestrogen development / releat 2ndry sexual charace 2ndry sexual charace 2ndry sexual charace repairs uterus lining progesterone + procession maintenance of uter inhibition of ovulation LH / luteinising how triggers ovulation / FSH / follicle stimute 	Max 7	(male) Max 2 A production Function must be linked to correct hormone Ignore refs. uterine wall (x2) (female) Max 5		
			[Total: 10]		

	Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	7
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5090	22	
9 (a)	 1. join arteries to veins; 2. <u>walls</u> + thin / one-cell thick / elastic; 3. allow passage of (tissue) fluid / plasma / permeable; 4. microscopic / pass easily between cells / large surface area / narrow lumen; 5. pressure reduction (along capillary); 6. ref. diffusion; 7. to / from + cells / tissues; 8. any 2 of the following: (may be carried, passed in / out) glucose, amino acids, oxygen, CO₂, hormones, urea, ions / salts, 		Max 5		are one cell thick')
(b) (i)	antibodies / antitox	es / dead cells / pathogens / microorganisms /	Max 3	Ignore germs A ref. immune	e system / immunity
(ii)	(platelets) plug dan fibrinogen; to fibrin; <u>clot</u> ting; ref. antithrombin / p thrombokinase;	naged vessels; prothrombin / thrombin / thromboplastin /	Max 2	R fibres	
			[Total: 10]		