UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/22

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	ge 2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

Abbreviations

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

; separates marking points

/ alternatives

R reject A accept

AW alternative wording

max underline actual word given must be used the maximum number of marks that can be given statements on both sides of the + are needed

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

Section A

1 (a) (i) A pupil / aqueous humour / anterior chamber;

B cornea;

[2]

(ii) dilates / gets big / enlarges / opens / gets wide / expands;

[1]

(iii) **Z** on ciliary muscle / iris / external muscle;

[1]

(b) reasonable ref. light receptors / sensitive cells / rods / cones;

not in contact with optic nerve;

no impulses;

to brain;

no picture formed / unable to see / blindness; (R blurred vision or reduced visionary powers)

less / no nutrition for retina;

[max. 3]

(c) failure to focus (all) light (rays);

blurred image AW;

any reference to the passage of light rays being impaired (e.g. reflection / refraction / deflection / absorption / convergence);

ref. possible change in elasticity / ability to accommodate;

faded colour vision; [max. 3]

2 (a) (i) Mark as follows:

Award 2 marks for a correct answer with no working;;

Award 3 marks for a correct answer with any working;;;

Award 2 marks max. for correct working with no or wrong answer;;

Answer: 4.7(6)(%) (A 4.7 / 4.8);;

Examples of correct working are as shown below:

$$\frac{1600}{4}$$
 / OR 1600 × $\frac{25}{100}$ / OR 400 (;)

$$\frac{400}{8400}$$
 (;)

(ii) higher (R ref. to higher GDA); [1]

(b)	mo	re or a high amount AW fibre / roughage;	[1]		
(c)	(c) (i) bones; soft / weak / deformed / bent / ref. bandy legs; (R bent 'legs' – that is the effect of the knee joint.) (Mark the first effect in a list)		[2]		
	(ii)	C;			
		vitamin D / uptake of calcium / calcium used by bones AW;	[max. 2]		
(a)	(i)	cell wall + correct drawing (outside existing line);			
	(ii)	nucleus + correct drawing (must be in cytoplasm);			
	(iii)	vacuole / cytoplasm + correct drawing (if vacuole, must be larger than the nucle	eus.); [3]		
		If no marks scored through unacceptable drawings, allow max. 1 if all 3 are sho correct positions – vacuole in the middle, cell wall on the outside and nucleus be			
(b)	elo	ngation of cell (R cylindrical);			
	loss of cell contents / or one named content (A ref. death of cell / hollow) (R chloroplasts / dissolving of cell contents.);				
	loss of end walls;				
	addition of thickening / strengthening material / lignin; [max. 3]				
(c)	(ste	em) contains xylem;			
	(xy	lem is) thickened / strengthened / contains lignin;			
	pro	ovides support;			
	(leaf) xylem less important for support;				
	loss of water / transpiration;				
	wat	ter not replaced / doesn't reach leaves;			
	cell	ls become flaccid / lose turgor AW (R plasmolysed);			
	cells unable to support weight of leaf / wilts; [max. 5]				

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

GCE O LEVEL - May/June 2012

Syllabus

5090

Paper

22

Page 4

3

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

4 (a) animal dispersal (A plausible named animal);

attraction + colour / succulence / smell;

(fruit) eaten / ref. food;

time for digestive processes AW;

seeds are **not** digested;

pass out with faeces / egested AW;

ref. seeds discarded elsewhere;

[max. 5]

(b) (i) ref. to interference with the sexual reproductive process / infertility;

meiosis / reduction division not possible;

gamete formation / seed production impaired AW;

[max. 1]

(ii) (A reverse argument re. diploid animals)

many plants can reproduce asexually / propagate vegetatively;

mitosis unaffected / meiosis not involved;

triploids more hardy / survive better AW;

[max. 2]

(c) chromosomes;

mutation / ref. to meiosis AW;

gamete + one extra / 24 (chromosomes);

one extra (chromosome) / 47 + inherited / handed on; (mark not awarded for saying offspring have 47 chromosomes)

[max. 3]

5 (a) (i) $37-39 \,^{\circ}$ C (A range or any temperature within the range);

[1]

(ii) (If first line blank, then Max. 1 for location if correct for function)

A any human enzyme or enzyme from biotechnology;

location (specific rather than general) correct for enzyme;

function correct for named enzyme (substrate + product);

[3]

Page 6	ge 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

(b) denatured / destroyed;

stops working / no product made / cannot be used again;

relevant ref. active site;

substrate no longer fits / no formation enzyme-substrate complex AW;

correct use of lock and key idea;

possible effect of heat on shape of substrate molecule;

[max. 5]

[Total: 50]

Page 7	7 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

6

Section B

(a) testa / seed coat + protection (any qualification must be plausible); testa / testa + water entry / gas or named gas passage; endosperm / cotyledons / seed leaves + food storage; cotyledons / seed leaves + first (green) leaves; cotyledons / seed leaves + eventually used for photosynthesis; embryo + forms (new) plant; radicle + (young) root; plumule + (young) shoot / stem; micropyle + water entry; micropyle + gas or O₂ entry / CO₂ exit; [max. 7] **(b)** water uptake + a function (e.g. dissolution); oxygen uptake + respiration / for energy release; any named e.g. of energy use (cell division / active transport); ref. mitosis / cell division + growth; enzyme action + why it is needed; [max. 3] (a) (Marking points are available on an annotated drawing) shows the number of organisms at each (trophic) or named level; (R species) width / length of band indicates the number; number of organisms decreases towards the top of the pyramid; correct ref. to **two** technical terms from the following: producers / consumers / herbivores / carnivores / trophic level; (R named example) in food chain / web / ecosystem (R habitat / named e.g. of a food web); ref. to an anomalous situation (e.g. trees / single tree); [max. 4]

Page 8	Page 8 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

(b) ref. Sun;

light (energy) to chemical energy;

absorbed by / inside plants or producers / photosynthesis;

named photosynthetic product;

food for / eaten by + animals / herbivores / consumers / decomposers;

lost as heat;

(from) respiration / ref ATP;

any *two uses of energy (for two marks);;

*Any two from: active transport, muscle contraction / movement / locomotion, e.g. of anabolism / protein synthesis / making large molecules, temperature control, nervous impulses, growth, cell division / mitosis / meiosis

does not pass back to producers / plants / Sun;

[max. 6]

8 (a) (i) (osmosis) ref. diffusion;

of water;

from high to low (water) molecular concentration or water potential / low to high solute concentration.;

Ref. to partially permeable membrane AW;

passive / no energy required;

e.g. of an application;

[max. 4]

(ii) (active transport) movement of ions / molecules / substances;

against a concentration gradient;

needs living or cell membrane;

energy required;

from respiration;

e.g. of an application;

[max. 4]

Page 9	Page 9 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5090	22

((b)	thin walls /	one cell thick +	⊦ alveoli / a	air sacs /	capillaries
М	~	tilli watio /		. u.v.oo, c	411 OGOO /	oupilialio

haemoglobin + oxygen absorption;

ref. relatively high concentration of oxygen in the lungs / oxygen regularly replenished / more oxygen in the air than in the blood;

continuous movement of blood;

large surface area / alveoli have rich supply / surrounded by capillaries;

[max. 2]

9 (a) toxic / poisonous materials (R harmful);

waste products + metabolism AW; (R refs. to salts)

urea;

liver / blood + kidneys;

urine;

urethra;

sweat;

skin / (epi)dermis;

carbon dioxide;

from cells / blood + alveoli;

exhaled / breathed out / expelled or removed from lungs AW;

[max. 8]

(b) undigested food;

cellulose / fibre / lignin / roughage;

not from metabolism AW;

[max. 2]