MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0608 TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE

0608/04

Paper 4 (Extended Written), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	Question		Expected Answers	Mks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	excludes outlier in calculation of mean (1) (5.7 + 5.6 + 5.5 + 5.8 + 5.4)/5 (1)	[2]	allow inclusion of outlier / 32.7/6 for one mark only allow 28/5 for 2 nd mark
		(ii)	the mean of A does not lie within the range for B / the mean of B does not lie within the range for A	[1]	do not allow the ranges do not overlap
	(b)	(i)	when coal burns it forms sulfur dioxide (1) sulfur dioxide reacts with water (and oxygen) to form acid rain/sulfuric acid (1)	[2]	
		(ii)	acid rain damages crops/kills fish (1) reducing food supply (1)	[2]	
			Total	[7]	
2	(a)		$H \qquad CH_{3}$ $C = C$ $H \qquad H$ one mark for two carbon atoms and three/four hydrogen atoms (1) one mark for inclusion of CH ₃ (1) one mark for C=C double bond (1)	[3]	
	(b)	(i)	shorter chains have lower forces of attraction between them (1) so polymer chains move apart more easily/with less energy input (1)	[2]	
		(ii)	more crystallisation results in higher mp / higher density / harder (1) polymer chains closer together so more force/energy needed to separate them (1)	[2]	ora
			Total	[7]	

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3	(a)	crop takes in nitrogen/nutrients (1) when crop is harvested these are taken away / these are not returned to soil (1)	[2]	allow removal of phosphorus/potassium/ minerals		
	(b) (i)	they are expensive / they cannot afford them (1) they have to be imported / they are not made locally (1)	[2]		are concerned ution from fertilisers	
	(ii)	animal waste is used as a fertiliser (1) crops can be rotated (1) legumes can be grown (1)	[2]	any two allow nam	ed legume	
		Total	[6]			
4	(a)	velocity increases with distance / the further away the faster it is travelling (1) in (direct) proportion (1)	[2]		n for first point ear owwte for	
	(b)	gradient 750/5 = 150 km/s per Mly / gradient 500/3.2 = 156 (1) which is about 7 × 22 (= 154) (1)	[2]	allow ± 20)	
	(c)	gradient is too big so either y too big or x too small (1) his values of distance were too small (1)	[2]	small with allow calc distance c	or saying too out explanation of true of any galaxy omparison with	
		Total	[6]			

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	S	SyllabusPaper060804		
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5	(a)		carbon dioxide, methane, water (vapour) (any two) (1) idea that gases transmit radiation from the Sun (1) idea that gases absorb radiation from the Earth (1) gases absorb ir radiation (1)	[3]	one mark for two correct gases any two further marks		
	(b)	(i)	Earth's radiation is lower energy (1) burning carbon/fossil fuels / deforestation (1)	[1]			
		(ii)	climate change/food shortage/extreme weather conditions/flooding/sea level rise	[1]			
	(c)		UV splits up O_3 molecules (1) which then recombine (1)	[2]	accept 'absorbed by' accept 'reversible changes'		
			Total	[7]			
6	(a)		turbine generator reactor/boiler	[1]	accept eith	ner	
	(b)		nuclei (of uranium) split up (1) into two (roughly equal) parts(1) plus neutrons (1) chain reaction (1)	[2]		irking point ei, not atoms	
	(c)	(i)	need to supply very much more coal / lot of coal to transport and burn / less nuclear fuel needed / nuclear fuel more hazardous(1)	[1]			
		(ii)	100 × 12/36 (1) = 33.3 % (1)	[2]	allow 33.3 both mark	or 33 % for s	
	(d)		protective clothing to block radiation or prevent contamination (1) regular checks/monitor exposure to take off duty if dose excessive (1)	[1]		estion and n for the mark	
			Total	[7]			

	Page 5		Mark Scheme	S	yllabus	Paper
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7	(a)		to provide oxygen/glucose for respiration	[1]		
	(b)	(i)	as (mean) body mass (of the population) increased, the percentage (of people in the population) suffering from heart disease increased (1)	[1]	ignore idea that higher body mass means greater chance of heart disease	
		(ii)	disagree because: correlation does not mean patient will definitely get heart disease (1) lots of other factors involved (1) patient is only one individual case / not all patients will be the same (1) agree because: high body mass increases risk of getting heart disease (1) better to warn all even though not all will get heart disease (1) heart disease uses up medical resources (1)	[2]	any two answer mu use of data	ust relate to a
		(iii)	heart disease more common in UK/USA than non-industrialised countries because: diets higher in saturated fat / more fast food / higher salt intake (1) less exercise / lifestyle less active (1)	[2]	look for one diet related idea and one exercise related idea	
			Total	[6]		
8	(a)		alternative views of creation (by God) were very established (1) contravened an established model of creation (1) required the Earth to be much older than was thought possible (1) could not show evolution taking place (1) not enough evidence (1) mechanism (genes) not then known (1)	[2]	any two	
	(b)		changes in genes/DNA (1) occured in sex cells (1) passed on to offspring (1) produced resistance (1) only resistant worms survived to breed (1)	[3]	any three allow desc natural sel 2 marks	ription of ection for max

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(c)	two organisms with desirable characteristics selected (1) bred together by humans (1) to produce offspring with the desirable characteristics (1) trait established over many generations (1)	[2]	any two	
	Total	[7]		
9 (a)	employer: may lose her job (1) may not be promoted (1) may not be able to get another job (1) insurance company: premiums may go up (1) may not get insurance / insurance may be cancelled (1)	[4]	2 max for 2 max for company	employer and insurance
(b)	to see if he has the disease / to see if he is a carrier for the disease / to make decisions about whether he has children (1)	[1]		
(c)	caused by alleles of a single gene (1) inherits two recessive alleles (1)	[2]		
	Total	[7]		