MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0471 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

0471/01

Paper 1 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Focus
1 (a)	 State and explain <u>three</u> negative environmental impacts likely to be caused by the development work shown in Fig. 1(a). Most candidates will offer pollution types and we should be careful not to be overly generous to vague statements that are not really justified by what is shown in Fig. 1(a). Award one mark for the correct identification of each of three valid negative environmental impacts and award a second mark for an appropriate explanatory comment about each. Correct ideas include: noise pollution (1) – heavy machinery (1) visual pollution (1) – building waste in sea (1) wildlife disruption (1) – habitat lost (1) tidal changes (1) – construction in sea (1) beach destruction (1) – clearly disruption to the existing ecosystem (1) Credit all valid reasoning. 	6	1.2(c)
(b)	 When the development work is complete, the destination expects to receive additional visitors. Explain three positive economic impacts that are likely to result from this increase in visitor numbers. Very straightforward – award one mark for the correct identification of each of three valid positive economic impacts and award a second mark for an appropriate explanatory comment about each. Correct ideas include: more jobs (1) – created by demand (1) increase in standard of living (1) – wages (1) foreign exchange (1) – visitor spend (1) multiplier effect (1) – consumption of supplies (1) less underemployment (1) – more staff required (1) 	6	1.2(b)
(c)	Dubai (25N, 55E) is located north of the Tropic of Cancer on the southern shore of the Arabian Gulf. State the following: Award one mark for each correct identification as follows: • Time = advance • Ocean = Indian • Reason = the heat/high temperatures	3	2.2(a) 2.1(a) 2.2(c)

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(d)	 Fig. 1(b) shows one of the many small shops in Dubai's Gold Souk (market). Suggest and explain two reasons why local markets, such as the Dubai Gold Souk, attract many visiting tourists. Candidates do not have to be familiar with Dubai to answer this – there 		y local visiting	4	2.3(a) 2.3(c) 4.1(a)
	are c Awai rease	 Idues to interpret in the wording of the question and it in the correct identification of each of the points and award a second mark for an explanatory depoints will include the following: plenty of choice within shops (1) – styles to choose plenty of choice between shops (1) – this allows shopping (1) 	in Fig. 1(b). wo valid evelopment. pose from (1)		
	Cred	 souk is famous (1) – a must-see activity (1) cost/cheap/value (1) – expected to haggle (1) – shopping good value (1) – exchange rate (1) it all valid reasoning. 	no tax or VAT		
(e)	sigh orga	y leisure tourists will choose to take an organise tseeing tour in their destination. With reference nised tour with which you are familiar, assess it ing leisure tourists.	to <u>one</u>	6	4.2(a)
	of a s The of the	is quite straightforward; however, candidates must pecific tour otherwise 4 max . key is the assessment of what the candidate identifi e chosen tour and we will credit all valid comments in ng leisure tourist needs and expectations.	es as features		
	Leve chos will b Leve aspe requi	 level of response criteria l 1 (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate a en tour e.g. transport, places visited etc. providing size mainly descriptive. l 2 (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an analysis of size, clearly indicating suitability for tourist needs and irements for at least two of these. 	ome detail but selected tour d/or		
	each of cu	I 3 (5–6 marks) can be awarded for evaluative com aspect and this will probably be related to the servi stomer needs. The better answers will have a reaso lusion.	ce's meeting		
	The Duba Bridg mode pass wher The gues the 4	nple: e.g. Dinner cruise on Bateaux Dubai along Ducreek is a natural seawater inlet that cuts through that. Leisure vessels such as Bateaux Dubai cruise to ge allowing diners to view many of the city's historic ern landmarks (L1). As well as the impressive archit engers see a picturesque glimpse of Dubai's tradinge dhows bound for distant places dock to unload the dinner cruise provides visitors with a romantic settin watching the view (L2) and gaps in the order of servits to go on deck and take photos (L2). The biggest accourse dinner and 5* service and a summer special set this an outstanding value-for-money attraction (L2).	e centre of Al-Maktoum as well as ecture (L1), g heritage (L1), eir goods (L1). g for eating ice allow attraction is al at 333AED		

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2 (a)	With reference to Fig. 2, identify the <u>three</u> countri important destinations for tourists seeking medic Award one mark for the correct identification of each India Singapore Thailand	al treatment.	3	1.4(b)
(b)	 With reference to Fig. 2, identify and explain two many Americans seek medical treatment outside Please be aware that Fig. 2 clearly suggests that there reasons and thus credit is RESTRICTED to these. And the identification of each of two valid reasons and aw mark for an appropriate explanatory development of obased on: costs (1) – much cheaper than in USA (1) quality of care (1) – JCI US-based quality a approved (1) range of treatments available (1) – cardiad (1) 	of the USA. re are only 3 real ward one mark for ard a second each – to be	4	2.4(b)
2 (c)	 Explain <u>three</u> marketing and promotion methods a country's national tourist board to increase the international leisure tourists. Award one mark for the identification of each of three appropriate to the National Tourist Board context and mark for an appropriate explanation of each. Correct website (1) – destination information worldwid (1) overseas offices (1) – supply target markets (publicity campaigns (1) – promote destination markets (1) travel fairs (1) – showcase facilities to operate familiarisation trips (1) – impress travel agents loyalty offers (1) – reward sales (1) brochures and destination manuals (1) – avail or direct (1) sponsorship (1) – to raise awareness of destintarget group/market (1) Credit all valid reasoning. NB Radio and/or TV unexplained = 1 max. 	number of valid methods l a further one ideas include: le 24/7 availability 1) events to target ors (1) s (1) able from offices	6	1.1(b) 1.3(a)

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(d)	(LED arriva	e destinations in Less Economically Developed Cs) have experienced a rapid increase in intern als. Explain how <u>each</u> of the following is likely t use of this rapid growth.	ational visitor	6	1.2(a)
	 water shortages in some local communities Award one mark for each of two valid comments, allowing a development point for additional amplification of a key point such as: More hotel rooms = more bath water/toilets/swimming pools/golf course (1) etc therefore shortages particularly in seasonal climates (1). 				
	•	 a change in the country's traditional employ structure Award one mark for each of two valid comment development point for additional amplification of such as: More visitors = more tourism staff (1) leave tradiand (1) – NB do credit candidates making reference TERTIARY rather than PRIMARY sector of employed and the sector of employe	ts, allowing a of a key point ditional jobs on rence to the		
	•	the devaluing of local cultural traditions Award one mark for each of two valid comment development point for additional amplification of such as: More visitors = greater demand for shows/enter and dances/traditional 'rituals' become perform of their true cultural significance (1).	of a key point rtainment (1)		

	e 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Pa	aper
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(e)	disc	reference to <u>one</u> destination with which you are uss the main features of the <u>natural</u> environmen isure tourists.		6	2.4(a)
	The i	 natural environment of a destination will include the cts: location climate 	following		
		physical features – landscapevegetationwildlife			
	relate	lidates may refer to any of the above (or just one) a es to an identifiable destination – otherwise the answ x. We will NOT credit anything manmade.	•		
	Leve chos	<i>level of response criteria</i> I 1 (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate a en destination's natural environment, providing son e mainly descriptive.			
	natur need Leve	 I 2 (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an analysis of a sale of a sector of the sector of t	[,] for tourist nment about		
	attrac	ctiveness. The better answers will have a reasoned			
	many of the hecta home	Kruger National Park is the primary destination in Se y international tourists. Established in 1898 to protect e South African Lowveld (L1), this national park of n ares is unrivalled in the diversity of its life forms (L1) e to an impressive number of species: 336 trees, 49 hibians, 114 reptiles, 507 birds and 147 mammals (I	ct the wildlife early 2 million . Kruger is fish, 34		
	Park seen withc Origi Africa rhino	estricting fences between Game Reserves in the Kru so exciting wildlife encounters in the open veld are (L2). Many travellers regard a visit to South Africa a but having spotted, and perhaps photographed, the nally used only by hunters, the term 'Big Five' refers a's greatest wild animals – lion, leopard, elephant, b . As during the bygone hunting era the term 'Big Five'	e always to be as incomplete Big Five (L3). s to five of ouffalo and ve' still		
	ande	ires up the romance and excitement of Africa's exot experiences (L3).			
3 (a)	The of is sin ident sente ampl	cribe the main trends in the airline statistics sho data involves passenger numbers and load factor. T nple description of the identifiable trends. Award one ification of an increase in both cases (even if this is ence) and then award a second mark for a developr ification about each e.g. 7.9% and 2.2% annual incr ectively.	The command e mark for the made in same nent or	4	1.4(a)

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3 (b)	Other than low fares, state <u>three</u> characteristic fea service provided by low-cost budget airlines. Award one mark for the correct identification of each of features of low-cost operations, such as: a single passenger class a single type of <u>aeroplane</u>, commonly the <u>Airl</u> <u>Boeing 737</u> (reducing training and servicing of 	f three valid ous A320 or	3	4.4(a)
	 fare scheme (typically fares increase as the p which rewards early reservations) unreserved seating (encouraging passengers and quickly) flying to cheaper, less congested secondary a air traffic delays and taking advantage of low short flights and fast turnaround times (allow utilisation of planes) simplified routes, emphasising point-to-point transfers at hubs emphasis on direct sales of tickets, especially Internet employees working in multiple roles, for insta attendants also cleaning the aircraft or workin agents (limiting personnel costs) 'free' in-flight catering and other 'complimenta eliminated, and replaced by optional paid-for 	airports (avoiding er landing fees) ng maximum aransit instead of v over the nce flight ng as gate ary' services are in-flight food and		
3 (c)	drink (which represent an additional profit sou airline). For long journeys, many international travellers ch a full fare scheduled airline. Explain <u>three</u> ways in which passengers travelling class will enjoy advantages over those travelling i class.	noose to fly with in business	6	4.4(a)
	Award one mark for the identification of each of three and then award a second mark for an appropriately ex- comment about each. Scheduled carriers now offer a facilities, both on the ground and in the air, including: • private limo transfers (1) – a door to door ser • separate check-in (1) – less waiting (1) • first call for boarding (1) – less crowded (1) • lounge access (1) – ability to work in peace (1) • flat bed seat (1) – more comfort (1) • premium food and beverage service (1) – cho • higher staff ratio (1) – better in-flight service (1) Credit all valid reasoning.	xplanatory variety of vice (1) 1) vice (1)		

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usua haul Awar and a ideas • t • t • t • t • t • t • t • t • t • t	ain <u>three</u> in-flight services that full fare schedule ally provide for the benefit of younger passenger flights. rd one mark for the identification of each of three va award a second mark for each if appropriately expla- s will include: bassinette (1) – safely hold an infant (1) child meals (1) – more appropriate content (1) activity pack/toys (1) – keep occupied (1) cartoon channel/games (1) – keep entertained (1) Sky Nanny (1) – help parents (1) it all valid ideas/reasoning and references to unesce	rs on long- lid services nined. Correct	6	4.4(a)
A tea share temp indiv who throu Tean bene Use Leve reaso Leve reaso Leve the s will h Exar Cabi efficie trave make dishe	uss the reasons why it is important for airline can a sare a team. arm is simply defined as a limited number of people we dobjectives at work and who co-operate, on a permitorary basis, to achieve those objectives in a way the idual to make a distinctive contribution. In this case, may be formed from people who have rarely worked using prior training, must clearly understand their responwork is important for airline efficiency in delivering fits include: • improved productivity • improved quality of products or services • increase in spread of ideas • increased employee motivation • allows multi-skilling and employee flexibility. Nevel of response criteria • I (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate the providing some detail but will be mainly descripted and the service for the service of particular reasons. The beside of the service more afficience of particular reasons. The beside areasoned conclusion. I start is the service more efficient (L2), one member place and the other passing trays (L2). Teamwork is more as and the other passing trays (L2). Teamwork is more service trolleys block the aisles and crew members y will pass fresh supplies to colleagues, without the pt service (L3). Such adaptations benefit both passe (L3).	who have manent or at allows each airline crews, d together but, bective roles. services and ypes of ive. selected s are being ment about etter answers nes are safety, for the class of n pairs and this ating hot ost important s nearest the need to	6	3.1(b)

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4 (a)		tify the <u>two</u> currencies involved in the transaction rd one mark for each of: GBP/Pounds/Sterling AED/Dirhams	on.	2	3.4(a) 3.4(d)
(b)			about PROFIT. In exchange is In margins. In as:	3	3.4(d)
		 Larger amounts may warrant a better rate. Some may charge commission. Those who do not may reduce the rate on offer 	etc.		
(c)	adva with Awar one a ideas	 mational Exchange has several branches. Explaintages to International Exchange of having a brain a large modern shopping mall. rd one mark for the identification of each of two valid additional mark for an appropriate development of estimates include: shopping malls attract a lot of people (1) – gener pedestrian flow (1) they have a convenient location (1) – which mate easy (1) shop units near entrances have a prominent pohigh visibility (1). it all valid reasoning. 	anch located d reasons and each. Valid erates high kes access	4	3.5(a) 4.1(c)
(d)	the f	 ain why it will be important for foreign exchange ollowing personal skills: clear speech Award one mark for each of two valid comment development point for additional amplification o such as: communication skill (1) – customer requirement (1) – no mistake/complaint (1). numeracy Award one mark for each of two valid comment development point for additional amplification o such as: key skill as dealing with money (1) – easily cher (1) – give client correct amount (1). 	s, allowing a f a key point ts understood s, allowing a f a key point	4	3.2(b)

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(e)	thos hote	Business tourists have different needs from leisure tourists and those visiting relatives and friends. Explain <u>three</u> ways in which hotels can meet the needs of <u>female</u> business tourists travelling alone.				
	The emphasis here is on lone female and so at least ONE way must be gender-specific – otherwise 4 max . Award one mark for the identification of each of three valid ways the needs of lone female business travellers can be met and award a further one mark for an appropriate explanatory comment about each.					
		 female only floor (1) – safety and security (1) not on ground floor (1) – avoid break-in etc (1) extra lighting (1) – apply make up etc (1) double locks (1) – extra security feature (1) 				
	all ap	 side tables in restaurant (1) – not being placed attention (1). candidates may not appreciate such issues so we ppropriate other hotel business services subject to t so about 4 max. 	will also credit			

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	with	all tourists will want to stay in 4/5* hotels. For <u>or</u> which you are familiar, discuss the range of 'bu accommodation that is available.		6	4.3(b) 2.4(b)
	awar	 self-catering apartments guest houses/B&B youth hostels camp sites caravan parks etc. ever, points made must be destination-specific othe 			
	Leve chose but w Leve types requi Leve provis	I 1 (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate a en destination's budget accommodation, providing s vill be mainly descriptive. I 2 (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an analysis of s, clearly indicating suitability for tourist needs and/c rements for at least two of these. I 3 (5–6 marks) can be awarded for evaluative com sion and this will probably be related to visitor need better answers will have a reasoned conclusion.	some detail selected or nment about		
	Cape stayin break (L2). airpo Break the s oppo these trave Cour grade provi	nple: Cape Town Town guest houses and lodges (L1) are an ideal and and at the more expensive hotels in the area. Meals (fast are often available (dinner and/or lunch) usual Many of the services offered at hotels can be exper rt transfers, wake-up calls and laundry service (L2). (L1) are usually less expensive than hotels a ame standard of accommodation. Staying at a B&B rtunity to live as a local (L2) and enjoy the advice of e establishments are usually owner-managed (L2). Iller are catered for in Cape Town and The Tourism noil evaluates those establishments which apply for es them 1 to 5 stars, according to the type of accom ded – hotels, lodges, B&B, self-catering, caravan pa- bing and backpackers (L3).	besides ly on request cted, such as . Bed and nd often offer gives you the f your hosts as All types of Grading grading and modation		