CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/63 Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2)	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2013	0654	63
1	(a)	sensible scale on y-axis, 20 °C or 25 °C per 5 squares, labelled time/s ; at least 4 out of 5 accurate plots, \pm ½ square ; smooth best fit curve between 1% and 5% IGNORE outside this range ;				[3]
	(b)) (time at) 2%/ B (is short,)/(time at) 3%/ C (is too long,) AND because of wrong solution or dilution/volume/difficulty with end-point/variation in temperature/variability of biological material;				
	(c)	any	estin	mate of less than 20 secs ;		[1]
	(d)	(i)	wate	eat using different temperatures/heat the mixture; er bath mentioned/at least four different temperature o urease concentration/%age constant;	es;	[3]
		(ii)	time OR grap	oh with temperature on horizontal axis, time on vertice shows decrease then increase; oh with temperature on horizontal axis, rate on vertice shows increase then decrease;		
				, eneme mercuco unen ucencuco ,		-
						[Total: 10]
2	(a)	(i)	1.2 (<i>i</i> 2.3 (<i>i</i> 6.5 ([3]
		(ii)		1.2 = 5.4 (ohms) (ecf) (accept any number of decimet be correct);	al places BUT ro	unding [1]
	ı	(iii)	6.5/2	2.3 = 2.8 (ohms) (ecf) ;		[1]
	(b)	6.5	/0.75	= 8.67 (ecf);		[1]
	(c)) 5.4 + 2.8 = 8.2 and 8.67 (ecf);				
		either: 8.2 to 8.67 similar so within experimental error; OR 8.2 different to 8.67 and a reason for this e.g. variability of equipment such as different wires/different meters ignore pupil error e.g. read the meter wrong; [ma				uch as [max 2]

(ii) lamps in Fig. 2.3/series are less bright than in Fig. 2.1/parallel, owtte;

(d) (i) lamp X is less bright than Y (or lamp Y is brighter than X);

[1]

[1]

[Total: 10]

. ugc	•	a. K Contonic	Cyabao	. apci	
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	7.5 ;	tolerance		[3]	
(b) (i)	8.5,	8(.0) 8.3 (ecf);		[1]	
(ii)) exot	hermic because there was a temperature rise/heat	was given out ;	[1]	
` '		e volume/amount/concentration of alkali/OH wass/amount of water was formed each time;	as used each ti	me/the [1]	
th O	(d) errors in measuring (volume or temperature) will be the same;the temperature (rise) will be greater;OR				
	ster rea	action ; neat loss ;		[max 2]	
ol.	bservat	test solution: silver nitrate (accept AgNO ₃)/lead nitr ion: white precipitate/solid/deposit/sediment (both tion dependent on the correct reagent)			
(a) (i) incre	eases then decreases ;		[1]	
(ii)	•	eases and increases/increasing and decreasing eases in the light;	/increases in da	ark and [1]	
(iii)	phot	oon dioxide) decreases during (the day due osynthesis;		ŕ	
	(cart	oon dioxide) increases during (the night due to plant	ts) respiration;	[2]	
(b) (i)) lette	r X drawn on steepest part of the ascendant curve ;		[1]	
(ii)) (oxy	gen taken in due to) respiration (by the plant);		[1]	
(iii)	,	ar line to that provided but values generally lower we the existing line;	no part of the lin	ne goes [1]	

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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	(c) set up the same but in a darkened room for all experiments; vary light intensity by changing distance of a lamp from aquarium/changing brightness of the bulbs by changing resistance/dimmer switch, etc. (active); leave time to settle to conditions; measure amount of oxygen and time/datalogger; [mathemathemathemathemathemathemathemathe				anging [max 3]	
		1110	asurc	amount of oxygen and time/datalogger,		[max o]
						[Total: 10]
5	(a)	(i)	mea	suring cylinder, spatula/spoon, stirring rod (any 2);		[2]
		(ii)		ure stops bubbling ; nesium carbonate added does not dissolve/solo ker ;	ution is cloudy/s	solid in [2]
	(b) diagram shows filter funnel and paper, beaker/collecting vessel; two relevant and correct labels;				[2]	
	(c)	(i)	(hea	oorate; t/boil) to concentrate/saturate/to crystalisation poir e to cool; porating to dryness scores max 1 mark)	nt ;	[3]
		(ii)	susp	pend a crystal in (saturated) solution, owtte ;		[1]
						[Total: 10]
6	(a)	(i)	refle scre	octed beams are parallel; octed beams are at 30° to the mirror at point of incident en should lie within the reflected beam); oruler used 1 max)	idence (the line la	abelling [2]
		(ii)	angl	e of incidence = angle of reflection ;		[1]
	(b)		•	ines drawn (no mark) between the points where the lines hit the screen =	2.0 cm (± 0.2 cm)	; [1]

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(c) (i) at least 1 beam bent towards the normal (and not beyond) on entering block;

beams inside the block are parallel;

at least 1 beam bent away from the normal as it leaves the block;

beams leaving the block are parallel to each other;

beams leaving the block are parallel to incident rays;

[max 4]

(any four points)

If no ruler lines must be straight

(ii) line drawn at 90° to block; both angles correctly labelled;

[2]

[Total: 10]