MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2			Mark Scl	neme	Syllabus	Paper		
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1	; ; ; ; ; ;	a col unit (mea: used	ment given oplete loop of f electrical cur ures potential in switching c	rent difference rcuits	<i>word required</i> circuit coulomb voltmeter relay		[2]		
		any two correct for 1 mark ;;							
	(b)	i	oes out (no m ncomplete circ	uit ;			[1]		
	(o that they all	n be individually get the full mains ails the rest still o			[max 2]		
	(iii) $1/R = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$; = $1/1.2 + 1/1.2$; $R = 0.6 \Omega$;						[3]		
							[Total: 8]		
2	(a)	(i)	、; 3, E, F ;				[2]		
	(ii)	tarch/cellulos	e/sugar/chlorop	hyll/any other correct	• 3	[1]		
	(i	ii)	.04 ; (accept (0.03)			[1]		
	 (b) feed/digest/breakdown on dead (plant or animal) material/organic products (from plants or animals); use carbon-containing substances/sugar; for respiration; return carbon dioxide to the air; 						aste [max 2]		
	(c)	1	ne maximum o	aph shows a ma occurs at 480 ± 2 decrease than ir	,	ency ;	[2]		
	(ii)	lear statemen atural variatio orms with the ecause they a o worms with nd pass their	t that only some n; genes/response are less likely to b the genes/respo genes to their off	earthworms have gene e are more likely to sur be killed by moles ; nse are more likely to	vive/escape ; reproduce ;	a of		

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3	(a) (i)		o 14 ; o 0 ;		[1]
	(ii)) met	er is more accurate/precise/reference to quantitativ	/e ;	[1]
	(iii)	whit OR add	(acidified) silver nitrate/ethanoate (solution) ; e precipitate/solid indicates hydrochloric acid/chlor (acidified) barium chloride/ethanoate/nitrate (solut e precipitate/solid indicates sulfuric acid/sulfate (io	ion);	[max 2]
	(b) (i	elec corr	ect transfer of electrons e.g. magnesium loses elec trons ; ect linking of gain of electrons to reduction and ation ;		
	(ii)	refe mag cop	acid to the mixed metals ; rence to adding excess acid e.g. until bubbling stop gnesium (reacts) / dissolves ; per (does not react) / does not dissolve ;	s ;	
		filter	off the copper ;		[max 3]
					[Total: 9]
4	()	vork do	force = 600 N ; one =) force x distance ; 1.3 = 780 J ;		[3]
	(b) 78	30J;			[1]
	• • •		=) work/time ; = 1560 W ;		[2] [Total: 6]
					[]
5	(a) (i		$_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \rightarrow 6CO_2 + 6H_2O$;; hand side and right hand side)		[2]
	(ii)	volu	oon dioxide would not be absorbed ; me of carbon dioxide produced = volume of oxygen to change in volume ;	used ;	[max 2]
	(b) (i) to cl cont	heck that movement was caused by germinating/liv trol;	ing seeds/as a	[1]
	(ii)	air/	nge in temperature/there was a small amount of ca microorganisms on the seeds were respiring ; cept decomposition if linked to respiration)	rbon dioxide in the	[1]

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	(iii)	corre 10°0	eased (rate elation ; C rise double ed and rate of	s rate/u	se of data				nperature, between		[2]
	(iv)		novement ; /mes do not w	ork at hig	gh temper	atures	/enzyme	s denat	ured ;		[2]
										I	[Total: 10]
6	pov	wder ł	e/fast reaction has high surfa face area (of s	ce area ;		te/coll	ision freq	uency ;			[max 2]
	(b) (i)	SO	uter electrons, now three ges/electrons	more	ost ; positive	char	ges (pi	rotons)	than	negative	[2]
	(ii)	bala refe	balanced) nced requires rence to the or ectly balances	xygen im	balance/	•		m on bo	oth sides ;		[max 2]
	oxi pot ide	dised tassiu	m perchlorate t oxygen need	produce	s oxygen	(when	heated);				[max 2] [Total: 8]
7	(a) (i)	visib	ole light ;								[1]
	(ii)	infra	-red ;								[1]
	(iii)	micr	owaves ;								[1]
	beo alp beo	cause ha de cause	not deflected ; gamma has r flected one wa alpha and be charges attra	no charge ay and be ta have c	eta the op	•					[5]
	(c) (i)	nucl	eus splits ;								[1]
	(ii)	cano	cer/radiation t	ourns/mi	utation/da	images	s cells/da	amages	DNA ;		[1]

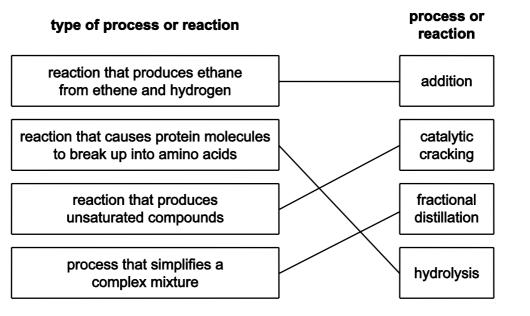
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		(iii)		a behind protective screen ; r protective clothing ;		[2] [Total: 12]			
8	8 (a)		 (i) A – carries sperm/semen ; B – produces fluid for sperm to swim in/containing sugar/secretes sem fluid ; C – carries sperm/semen and urine ; 						
		(ii)	labe	I to testis ;		[1]			
	(b)	pro mo	re mo	d in larger quantities ; bile ; ail/pointy head/streamlined ;		[max 3]			
	(c)	(c) gametes will fuse together ; to produce a cell with the diploid number of chromosomes/two complete set chromosomes/46 chromosomes/23 pairs of chromosomes ;							
	(d)	refe	erence	troys/damages/attacks white blood cells ; e to (T) lymphocytes/T cells; ability to destroy viruses/fight infection ;		[max 2] [Total: 11]			
9	(a)	failure to decompose the green gas ; elements cannot be simplified/owtte ;			[2]				
	(b)	(i)	Y – I	sodium chloride ; nydrogen ; sodium hydroxide ;		[3]			
		(ii)		atoms with shared pair of electrons between them ; ther electrons correct/6 unshared electrons each ;		[2]			
	(c)	(i)		ulates <i>M</i> _r as 55 + (16 × 2) = 87 ; ulates number of moles as 1.74 ÷ 87 = 0.02 ;		[2]			
	 (ii) use of equation to establish 1 : 1 molar ratio MnO₂ : Cl₂/states that 0.02 moles chlorine will be produced ; does the proportion sum to arrive at 24 × 0.02 ; states answer with unit i.e. 0.48 dm³/480 cm³ ; 								
			รเลเย	5 answer with unit i.e. 0.40 uni / 400 cm ,		[3]			
						[Total: 12]			

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10	wa	velenç	e labelled ; gth labelled ; imensions ;			[3]
	(b) (i)	A is	louder than B ;			[1]
	(ii)	X ha	is higher pitch ;			[1]
	(iii)	spee	ed of sound m/s			
		vacu solid liquio gas	l	0 5000 1500 330		
		(all c	correct for 2 mark	ks, 3 or 2 correct for 1 mark) ;;		[2]
	(iv)			of high pressure / lots of (air) partic low pressure / fewer (air) particles		[2]
	•		diation can trav	vel through vacuum/conduction	and convection	need [2]
	(d) (i)	labe	lled where rays r	neet ;		[1]
	(ii)	59 ±	1 mm ;			[1]
	(iii)	an ir	nage which can	be projected onto a screen ;		[1]
						[Total: 14]
11	car	teins	drates ;			[max 2]
			,			[
	(b) (i)	weal	k bones/soft bor	nes/rickets ;		[1]
	(ii)	tired	ness/anaemia/o	dizziness/faintness ;		[1]
	(c) bacteria ; Lactobacillus / Streptococ change lactose in milk ; to lactic acid ;		<i>cillus / Streptococ</i> actose in milk ;	cus ;		
				tions/reference to appropriate terr	nperature ;	[max 3]
						[Total: 7]

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12 (a) (i) carbon and hydrogen;

(ii)



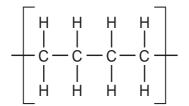
(all correct for 2 marks, 3 or 2 correct for 1 mark) ;;

[2]

[1]

(b) (i)	decane/alkanes does not decolorise bromine solution/bromine is only decolorised by an unsaturated substance/alkene ; so a new product (which does) has been produced ; new product must be unsaturated/reference to ethene/alkene ;	[3]
(ii)	catalysts do not undergo chemical changes/catalyst remains unchanged ;	[1]

- (iii) makes catalyst more efficient/work better/increases reaction rate; [1]
- (c) (i)



	at least one more carbon atom with single C–C bonds ; two H atoms bonded to each carbon ;	[2]
(ii)	size of molecules varies/variable chain length/owtte;	[1]

[Total: 11]