UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 (a)

2

(iii) constant speed;

| insect | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | name | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|----------|---|---|---|--------------|--|
| | а | b | а | b | а | b | а | b | | |
| Α | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | | Musca | |
| В | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | Formica ; | |
| С | | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | Termes ; | |
| D | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | Graphosoma ; | |
| Е | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | | ✓ | Coccinella ; | |

one mark per correct row (if no ticks, or if all ticks are wrong, allow one mark for getting all four names correct) [4] (b) idea of universal understanding/to identify its genus and species; [1] (c) (i) protease/trypsin/pepsin OR lipase; [1] (ii) amino acids OR fatty acids and glycerol; [1] (d) (i) white (blood) cells; [1] (ii) they can kill other organisms; cause disruption to food chains; they could harm human health; pests can become resistant to the pesticides; [max 1] (e) (i) vibrations; ref. to air particles/compressions and rarefactions; [2] (ii) (midge buzz) higher pitch; [2] because higher frequency; [Total: 13] (a) (i) arrows correctly drawn and labelled; [1] (ii) equal and opposite; [1]

[1]

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|-------|-------|---|-------------|
| (b) | (i) | cause cancer/kills cells/radiation burns/radiation sickness; mutation/change DNA; | [2] |
| | (ii) | (granite) rocks/radon; | [1] |
| (c) | eled | ctromagnetic wave ; | [2] |
| (d) | (i) | to stop snacks spoiling/oxidising; stops microbes respiring; nitrogen is unreactive; | [max 2] |
| | (ii) | pressure inside packet is greater than airplane pressure; | [1] |
| | | | [Total: 11] |
| 3 (a) | (i) | 4; | [1] |
| | (ii) | silicon ; (does have same outer electrons) because in same group ; | [2] |
| | (iii) | neon; | [1] |
| (b) | (i) | formed as fossil fuel; decomposition of organic matter; from digestive systems of ruminants; ref. volcanism; | [max 2] |
| | (ii) | B ; exothermic means heat given off; much heat per second means rate is high; | [max 2] |
| (c) | (i) | detergent/soap; | [1] |
| | (ii) | suitable example of water pollution ; | [1] |
| | | | [Total: 10] |

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| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | [2] |
| o) (i) | (weight =) 10 800 (N); | | [1] |
| (ii) | (work =) force × distance; = 10800 × 100 = 1080 000 (J); | | [2] |
| (iii) | (kinetic energy =) $\frac{1}{2}$ mv ² ; = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 1080 × 0.2 × 0.2 = 21.6 (J); | | [2] |
| (iv) | (average speed =) distance/time; =1000/4000 = 0.25(m/s); | | [2] |
| • | · | ne is a hydrocar | bon [1] |
| | | | [Total: 10] |
| a) sex | cual <u>and</u> asexual ; (both needed) | | [1] |
| o) (i) | (large) petals/large flowers/nectar guides/landing platfor | m ; | [1] |
| (ii) | male gamete fuses with female gamete; | | |
| | zygote produced ; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete') | | [2] |
| (iii) | ovary; | | [1] |
| (iv) | seeds; | | [1] |
| e) (i) | increase growth of plants; (plants need nitrates) to produce proteins; proteins needed to produce new cells; | | [max 2] |
| (ii) | Q has nitrogen-fixing bacteria in its roots; provide plants with, nitrogen-containing compounds/amm | nonium ions ; | [2] |
| | | | [Total: 10] |
| | a) trapref. b) (i) (iii) (iv) c) doe fue a) sex b) (i) (iii) (iv) | IGCSE – October/November 2011 a) traps layer of air; ref. good insulator; b) (i) (weight =) 10 800 (N); (ii) (work =) force × distance; = 10 800 × 100 = 1080 000 (J); (iii) (kinetic energy =) ½ mv²; = ½ × 1080 × 0.2 × 0.2 = 21.6 (J); (iv) (average speed =) distance/time; =1000/4000 = 0.25 (m/s); c) does not deplete fossil fuel reserves/carbon neutral/keroser fuel; a) sexual and asexual; (both needed) b) (i) (large) petals/large flowers/nectar guides/landing platfor (ii) male gamete fuses with female gamete; zygote produced; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete') (iii) ovary; (iv) seeds; c) (i) increase growth of plants; (plants need nitrates) to produce proteins; proteins needed to produce new cells; (ii) Q has nitrogen-fixing bacteria in its roots; | IGCSE – October/November 2011 a) traps layer of air; ref. good insulator; b) (i) (weight =) 10 800 (N); (ii) (work =) force × distance; = 10 800 × 100 = 10 80 000 (J); (iii) (kinetic energy =) ½ mv²; = ½ × 1080 × 0.2 × 0.2 = 21.6 (J); (iv) (average speed =) distance/time; =1000/4000 = 0.25 (m/s); c) does not deplete fossil fuel reserves/carbon neutral/kerosene is a hydrocar fuel; a) sexual and asexual; (both needed) b) (i) (large) petals/large flowers/nectar guides/landing platform; (ii) male gamete fuses with female gamete; zygote produced; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete') (iii) ovary; (iv) seeds; c) (i) increase growth of plants; (plants need nitrates) to produce proteins; proteins needed to produce new cells; |

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| | | | IGCSE – October/November 2011 | 0654 | 22 |
| 6 | (a) (i) | 89 ; | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | melt | the component metals together; | | [1] |
| | (iii) | coins perio OR (cher coins OR malle | ng/hard/low malleability; s must not easily be damaged/must be easily rods/owtte; mically) unreactive; s must not easily corrode; eable; be shaped (for coin manufacture); | recognised over | long [max 2] |
| | (b) (i) | tin ox | xide + carbon → tin + carbon monoxide ; | | [1] |
| | (ii) | carbo joins | on ; with oxygen ; | | [2] |
| | (c) (i) | | ative electrode ; d which conducts a current/contains mobile ions ; | | [2] |
| | (ii) | (aton | m) loses electrons ; | | [1] |
| | (iii) | 15 ; | | | [1] |
| | (d) (i) | sol/c | colloid ; | | [1] |
| | (ii) | | are) not transparent so light does not reach skin/(sw sunscreen absorbs light/acts as a light filter) | sol) reflects light; | [1] |
| | | | | | [Total: 13] |
| • | fror fror | n red l | od ; (ignore 'ref to bleeding') blood cells ; moglobin ; on ; | | [max 2] |
| | (b) (i) | maki | ning warm ; ing new cells ; smitting nerve impulses ; | | [max 2] |
| | (ii) | home | eostasis ; | | [1] |
| | (iii) | | r lost in sweat ; o need to maintain water content of body ; | | [max 2] |

6

7

| | . age | v | mark Goriellie: Teachiers Version | Cy.iabas | i upci |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------|--|-------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | IGCSE – October/November 2011 | 0654 | 22 |
| | su blo ca | ipplies ockage ause of | ronary artery; heart muscle with, blood/oxygen; (in blood vessel); blockage (e.g. plaque, cholesterol, blood clot); uscle/cells, die/cannot contract, because of lack of | oxygen ; | [max 3] [Total: 10] |
| 8 | (a) (i) | arro | ws go down ; | | [1] |
| | (ii) | conv | vection ; | | [1] |
| | (iii) | cold | air becomes more dense and sinks; | | [1] |
| | (b) (i) | = 7.4 | sity =) mass/volume ; 4/8; 925(g/cm³) ; | | [3] |
| | (ii) | | l – regular arrangement and all particles touching ; | | [-] |
| | (, | | d – irregular arrangement and most particles touchi | ng; | [2] |
| | (c) (i) | • | stance =) voltage/current ; $0/0.05 = 5000(\Omega)$; | | [2] |
| | (ii) | | $R_1 + R_2$; $00 + 5000 = 10000(\Omega)$; | | [2] |
| | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | [Total: 12] |
| | | | | | |
| 9 | (a) (i) | A; C; | | | [2] |
| | (b) (i) | | osynthesis ; iration ; | | [2] |
| | (ii) | gluc | ose/carbohydrate/sugar/starch; | | [1] |
| | (iii) | • | e produce oxygen which coral uses/coral prod h algae uses ; | uces carbon | dioxide [1] |

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(c) (i) increased use of fossil fuel/example which implies this; carbon dioxide produced when fuel burns;

(ii) carbon dioxide dissolves in/reacts with (sea) water;
makes water more acidic/less alkaline;
non-metal oxides are acidic;
[max 2]

(iii) accept any reasonable science based idea:
 e.g. calcium carbonate may react with more acidic water / lower pH makes it more difficult for coral to extract ions from sea / coral (polyps)/algae do not survive in more acidic water;

[max 1]

[2]

[Total: 11]