	OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATI onal General Certificate of Sec	
CO-ORDINATED	SCIENCES	0654/01
Paper 1 Multiple	Choice	October/November 2004
Additional Materials:	Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recomr	<b>45 minutes</b>

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate answer sheet.

## Read the instructions on the answer sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

## This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



**1** An animal has the following characteristics.

1	four limbs
2	external ears
3	gives birth to live young
4	constant body temperature

What characteristic feature will the body surface have?

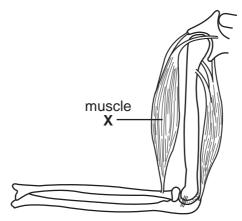
- A feathery
- B hairy
- C moist
- D scaly
- **2** The table shows the changes in length of five potato cylinders that were placed in a concentrated salt solution.

potato cylinder	length at start of experiment/cm	length after 24 hours/cm
1	2.9	2.3
2	2.9	2.4
3	3.1	2.7
4	3.0	2.5
5	3.1	2.6

Why do these changes occur?

- **A** Salt diffuses from the solution into the potato cells.
- **B** The potato cells are killed by the high salt concentration.
- **C** The solution inside the potato cells is more concentrated than the salt solution.
- **D** Water is drawn from the potato cells into the salt solution.

3 The diagram shows some muscles and bones of the human arm.

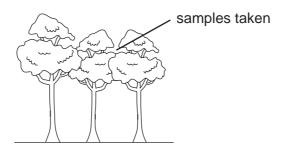


Muscle X causes the arm to move and it is attached to a bone in the forearm.

What describes the movement of the arm and states the bone to which the muscle is attached?

	movement of arm	bone
Α	extends	radius
в	extends	ulna
С	flexes	radius
D	flexes	ulna

4 The diagram shows a group of trees and the place where two samples of air are taken. The levels of oxygen and carbon dioxide in the samples are measured.

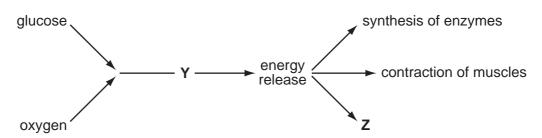


The first sample is taken on a sunny afternoon and the second sample is taken in the middle of the night.

Which shows the levels of the gases in the daytime sample compared with the sample taken at night?

	oxygen	carbon dioxide
Α	less	more
в	more	less
С	more	the same
D	the same	more

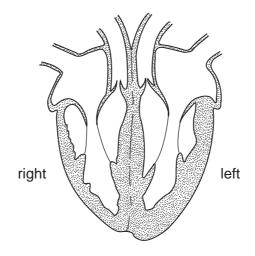
**5** Glucose is a fuel needed for body processes to continue.



What are processes Y and Z?

	Y	Z
Α	photosynthesis	growth
в	photosynthesis	respiration
С	respiration	growth
D	respiration	photosynthesis

6 The diagram shows a section through a human heart.



The left ventricle has a thicker, more muscular outer wall than the right ventricle.

This helps it to pump blood at a

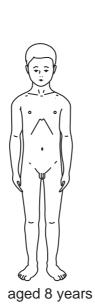
- A higher pressure.
- **B** lower pressure.
- **C** faster rate.
- D slower rate.

- 7 What effect does smoking tobacco have on the lining of the bronchi?
  - A Cilia are paralysed.
  - **B** Cilia sweep mucus towards the lungs.
  - **C** Goblet cells stop making mucus.
  - D Mucus becomes less sticky.
- 8 Which is correct for anaerobic respiration?
  - **A** glucose + carbon dioxide  $\rightarrow$  oxygen
  - $\textbf{B} \quad \text{glucose} \rightarrow \text{lactic acid}$
  - $\textbf{C} \quad \text{glucose} + \text{oxygen} \rightarrow \text{carbon dioxide} + \text{water}$
  - $\textbf{D} \quad \text{glucose} \rightarrow \text{lactic acid} + \text{carbon dioxide}$
- **9** Muscle wastage, lack of growth and the accumulation of fluid in tissues are conditions which result from the lack of nutrient **X** in the diet.

What is nutrient X?

- A calcium
- B carbohydrate
- C fat
- D protein

- 10 Where does undigested food move to after passing through the small intestine?
  - A blood
  - B large intestine
  - **C** pancreas
  - **D** stomach
- **11** The diagrams show a male at different ages.



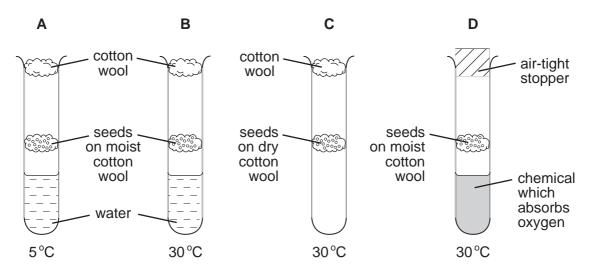
aged 20 years

Which hormone causes the changes shown?

- A insulin
- B oestrogen
- C progesterone
- D testosterone

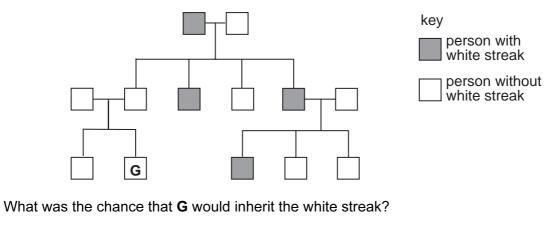
12 Four test-tubes with seeds are set up as shown.

In which test-tube does germination take place most rapidly?



**13** A white streak in dark hair is caused by the presence of a dominant allele.

The diagram shows how this white streak was inherited in a family.



**A** 0% **B** 25% **C** 75% **D** 100%

14 Which is the best description of the structure of glass?

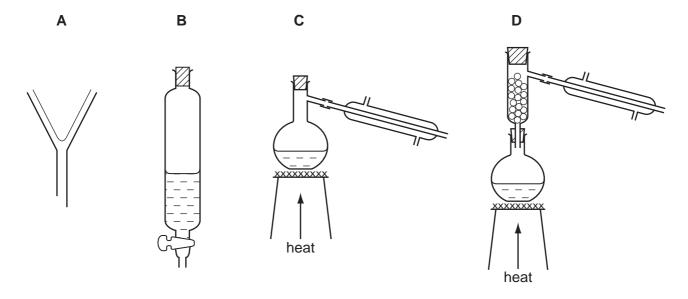
	arrangement of atoms	structure
Α	disordered	giant
В	disordered	molecular
С	ordered	giant
D	ordered	molecular

- **15** A laboratory report gives the following information about a solid element.
  - It conducts electricity.
  - It burns, forming a gas.
  - The gas dissolves in water, forming an acidic solution.

What is the element?

- A carbon
- B copper
- **C** iron
- D sulphur
- **16** Hexane and octane are liquid hydrocarbons that mix together.

How can the mixture best be separated into the two liquids?



**17** A silver ring contains the same amount of substance as a gold ring.

Are the mass and number of atoms in the rings the same?

	mass	number of atoms
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	×
С	x	1
D	×	x

**18** Neon and nitrogen are gaseous non-metals.

Which of these elements can be oxidised?

	neon	nitrogen
Α	$\checkmark$	✓
В	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	✓
D	x	x

**19** The table shows information about some minerals in rocks.

name	chemical formula
bauxite	$Al_2O_3$
calcite	CaCO <sub>3</sub>
haematite	$Fe_2O_3$
malachite	CuCO <sub>3</sub> .Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>

From which two of these minerals can a transition metal be extracted?

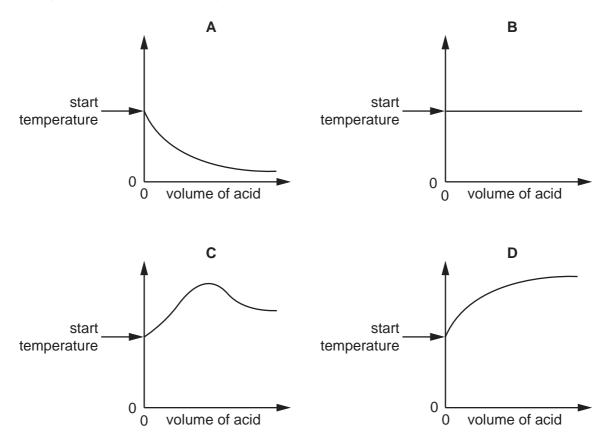
- A bauxite and calcite
- B bauxite and haematite
- **C** calcite and malachite
- D haematite and malachite
- 20 In a house, there is
  - a rusty spade, P
  - a pan used for boiling vegetables, **Q**
  - a shirt stained with oil, R

Which of these everyday objects is cleaned by using a non-aqueous solvent?

- A P only
- **B Q** only
- C R only
- D P, Q and R

21 An acid is added to an alkali until the final solution is **just** neutral.

Which graph illustrates the change in temperature of the alkali as the acid is added?



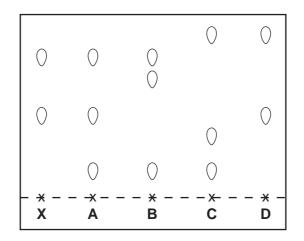
- 22 What is used to test for ammonia gas?
  - A a lighted splint
  - **B** aqueous sodium hydroxide
  - **C** damp red litmus paper
  - D limewater

**23** A plant colour **X** is a mixture.

Chromatography is used to compare **X** with four other coloured mixtures, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

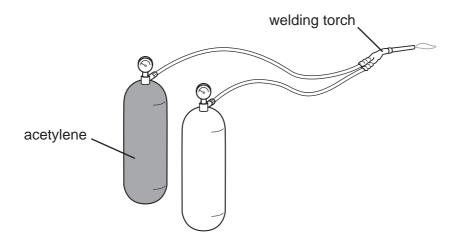
The results are shown in the diagram.

Which other mixture contains X?



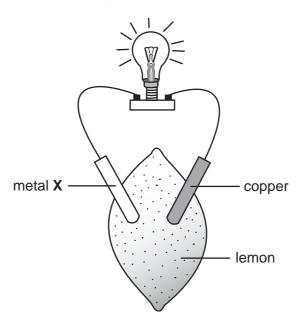
- 24 What are the products of burning a fossil fuel such as methane?
  - A carbon and hydrogen
  - B carbon dioxide and water
  - **C** carbon dioxide only
  - D water only

**25** The diagram shows a torch used for welding materials. One cylinder contains acetylene.



What is the gas in the other cylinder?

- A hydrogen
- B methane
- **C** nitrogen
- D oxygen



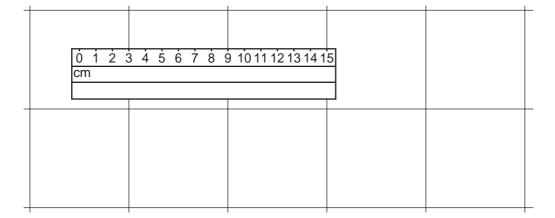
Which statements are correct?

	lemon juice is an electrolyte	X could be copper	<b>X</b> could be zinc
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓
в	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	x
С	$\checkmark$	x	✓
D	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

27 A student at a firework display notices that the fireworks produce red and green sparks.

Which metal cations caused the coloured sparks?

	red	green
Α	calcium	copper
В	sodium	calcium
С	potassium	copper
D	copper	sodium

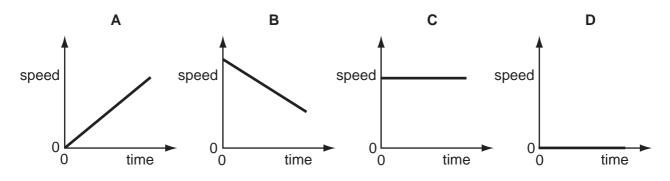


28 A floor is covered with square tiles. The diagram shows a ruler on the tiles.

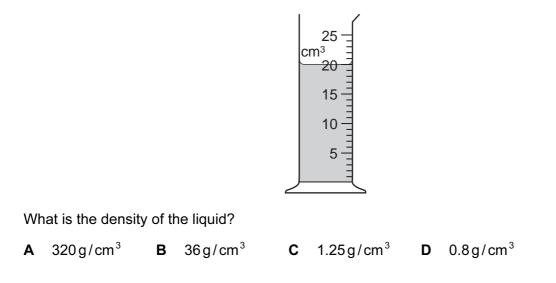
How long is one tile?

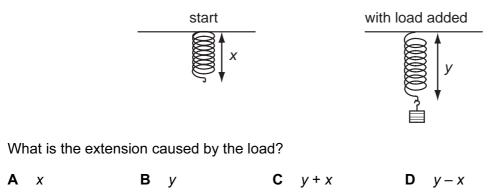
**A** 3 cm **B** 6 cm **C** 9 cm **D** 12 cm

29 Which speed/time graph applies to an object at rest?

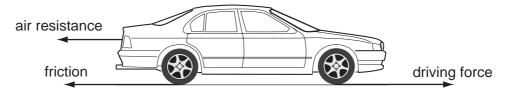


**30** The diagram shows some liquid in a measuring cylinder. The mass of the liquid is 16 g.





**32** Three horizontal forces act on a car that is moving along a straight, level road.



Which combination of forces would result in the car moving at constant speed?

	air resistance	friction	driving force
Α	200 N	1000 N	800 N
В	800 N	1000 N	200 N
С	800 N	200 N	1000 N
D	1000 N	200 N	800 N

**33** A child pushes a toy car along a level floor and then lets it go.

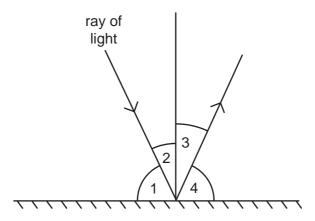
As the car slows down, what is the main energy change?

- **A** from chemical to heat
- B from chemical to kinetic
- **C** from kinetic to gravitational (potential)
- D from kinetic to heat

34 A beaker of water is heated at its base.

Why does the water at the base rise?

- A It contracts and becomes less dense.
- **B** It contracts and becomes more dense.
- **C** It expands and becomes less dense.
- **D** It expands and becomes more dense.
- **35** Which type of radiation lies between visible light and microwaves in the electromagnetic spectrum?
  - A infra-red
  - **B** radio waves
  - **C** ultra-violet
  - D X-rays
- **36** The diagram shows the path of a ray of light which has been reflected from a smooth surface.

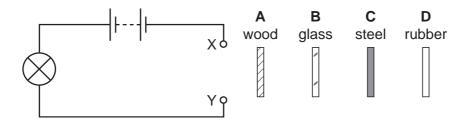


Which angles are the angles of incidence and reflection?

	angle of incidence	angle of reflection
Α	1	4
в	2	3
С	3	2
D	4	1

**37** A circuit is set up with a gap between two terminals X and Y. The four strips of material shown in the diagram are connected in turn across the gap.

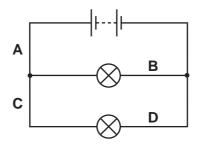
Which strip completes the circuit so that the lamp lights?



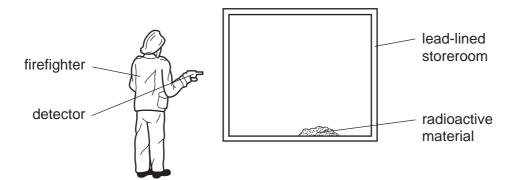
**38** A pupil measures the voltage across a device and the current in it.

Which calculation gives the resistance of the device?

- A current + voltage
- **B** current ÷ voltage
- **C** voltage ÷ current
- D voltage x current
- **39** In which position in the circuit shown should a switch be placed so that both lamps can be switched on or off at the same time?



**40** During a fire in a laboratory storeroom, some radioactive material was spilled. A firefighter detected radiation through the lead-lined walls of the storeroom. The radiation was emitted by the radioactive material.



Which type of radiation was being detected?

- A alpha-particles
- B beta-particles
- **C** gamma-rays
- D X-rays

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19

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DATA SHEET The Periodic Table of the Elements

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