

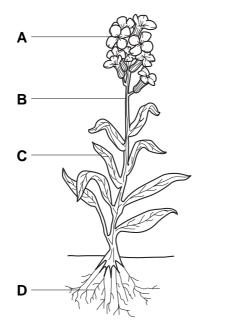
UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

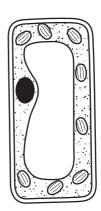
	CANDIDATE NAME						
	CENTRE NUMBER				CANDIDATE NUMBER		
* 6 3	COMBINED SCI	ENCE					0653/02
¢ 8	Paper 2 (Core)				C	October/Nov	ember 2007
0 5						1 hour	15 minutes
0 4	Candidates answ			Paper.			
9 0	No Additional Ma	aterials are r	equired.				
*	READ THESE IN	NSTRUCTIO	NS FIRS	т			
	Write in dark blue	e or black pe	en.		er and name on all the work you hand in. graphs, tables or rough working.		
	Do not use staple DO NOT WRITE				, glue or correction fluid.	For Exam	iner's Use
			ROODLO			1	
	Answer all quest A copy of the Pe		is printed	l on pa	age 20.	2	
				-	r work securely together. [] at the end of each question or part	3	
	question.					4	
						5	
						6	
						7	
						8	
						9	
						Total	

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



1 Fig. 1.1 shows a plant, and also a cell from part of the plant.







(a) From which part of the plant, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, does the cell come?

.....

(b) On the diagram of **the cell** in Fig. 1.1, label the following structures.

Use label lines and the appropriate letters.

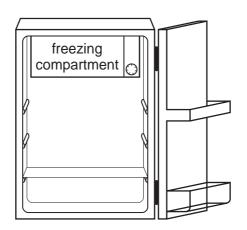
- P a partially permeable membrane
- **Q** the part of the cell that contains DNA
- **R** a structure where energy from sunlight is absorbed

[3]

[1]

(c)	Describe how	you would t	est a leaf fr	om the plant	for starch.			
							••••••	••••
								[3]
(d)	Complete thes these words.	se sentence	es about pa	nrt A of the _l	olant shown i	in Fig. 1.1. l	Jse some	of
	anthers	asexual	ovules	petals	sepals	sexual	stigma	
	Flowers are re	sponsible f	or		reproductior	۱.		
	The		make poll	en, which co	ntains the ma	ale gametes.		
	The female ga	imetes are f	ound inside	the				[3]

2 Fig. 2.1 shows the inside of a refrigerator.





(a) (i) Draw arrows on Fig. 2.1 to show what happens to the air cooled by the freezing compartment. [1] (ii) Name this method of heat transfer. [1] (iii) Use the idea of density to explain why this happens. [2] (b) The refrigerator has a lamp inside. The supply voltage is 240 V and the current passing through the lamp when lit is 0.04 A. Calculate the resistance of the lamp. State the formula that you use and show your working. formula used working Ω [2]

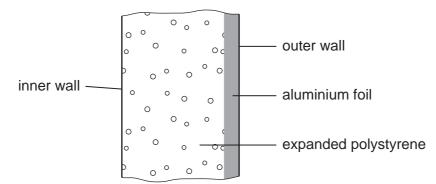
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(c) The refrigerator walls are insulated using both expanded polystyrene and aluminium foil.



Explain how the structure of the refrigerator wall will help to maintain a lower temperature inside the refrigerator.

[3]

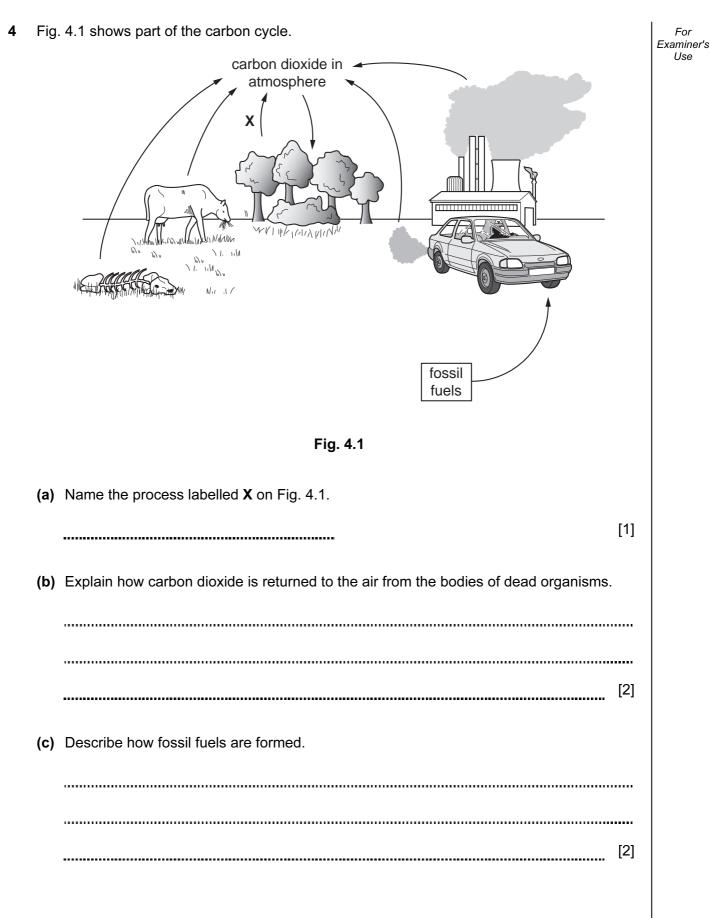
3	Hyd	droge	en peroxide, H_2O_2 , is a colourless liquid.	For
			en peroxide slowly decomposes into simpler substances. The equation for the osition reaction is shown below.	Examiner's Use
			hydrogen peroxide \rightarrow water + oxygen	
	(a)	Hov	v many atoms are there in one molecule of hydrogen peroxide?	
			[1]	
	(b)	(i)	The decomposition of hydrogen peroxide is usually carried out in the presence of a catalyst.	
			State the purpose of adding a catalyst to a reaction mixture.	
			[1]	
		(ii)	The solid compound manganese dioxide, MnO_2 , is used as a catalyst in the reaction above. Manganese is a metal in the fourth period of the Periodic Table.	
			What name is given to the family of metals which contains manganese?	
			[1]	

- (c) (i) Hydrogen peroxide contains two non-metallic elements bonded together. Name the type of chemical bonding in hydrogen peroxide molecules.
 [1]
 (ii) Oxygen molecules, O₂, are made of two oxygen atoms joined by a **double** bond. Suggest the displayed formula of an oxygen molecule.
 - (iii) The symbolic equation for the decomposition of hydrogen peroxide is shown below. The equation is not balanced.

Balance the equation.

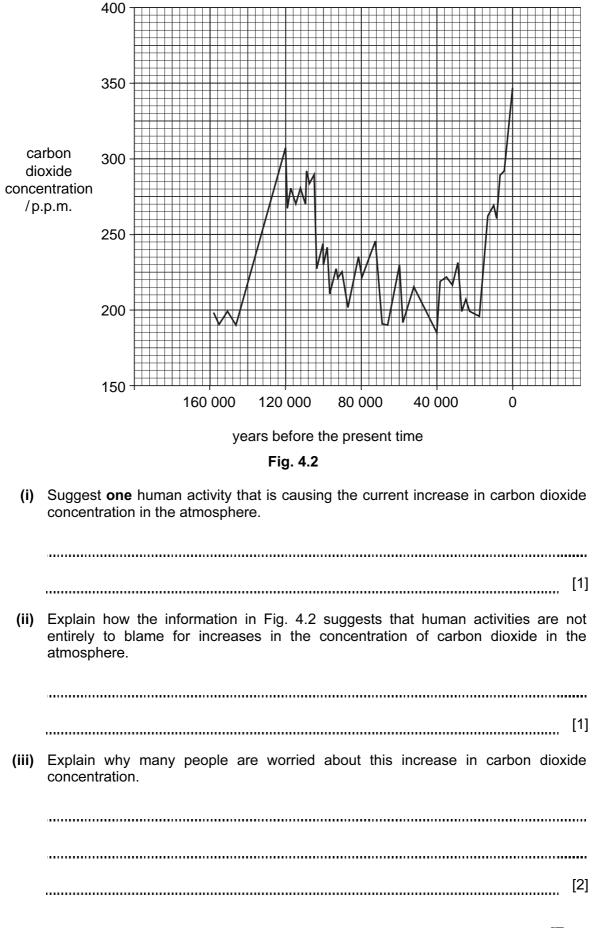
 $\ldots H_2O_2 \longrightarrow \ldots H_2O + O_2$

[1]



(d) Fig. 4.2 shows changes in the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere in the last 160 000 years.

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- 5 A space rocket is launched to the Moon.
 - (a) After launch, the empty fuel tanks are released and fall back to Earth. As a tank falls, two forces act on it as shown in Fig. 5.1.

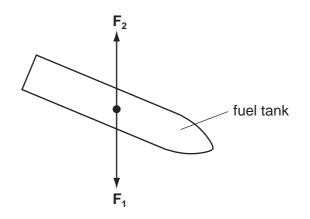
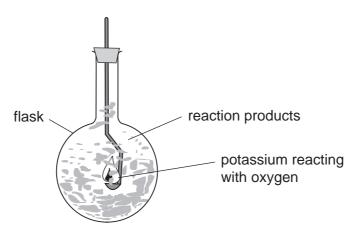


Fig. 5.1

(c) One of the astronauts on the rocket has a mass of 90 kg. The gravitational field For strength of the Moon is about one-sixth that of the Earth. Examiner's Use State the differences, if any, between (i) the mass of the astronaut on the Earth and on the Moon, [1] (ii) the weight of the astronaut on the Earth and on the Moon. [1] (d) There is no atmosphere and there are no fossil fuel deposits on the Moon. To provide the energy needed to use his equipment on the Moon, the astronaut needs to use renewable energy resources. Suggest **one** renewable energy resource which is naturally available on the Moon. [1]

6 The apparatus in Fig. 6.1 can be used to study the reaction between potassium and oxygen.

For Examiner's Use





(a) Suggest why the flask becomes warm during the reaction. [1] (b) One of the compounds formed in this reaction is potassium oxide. The chemical formula of potassium oxide is K₂O. (i) Explain the meaning of this formula.[1] (ii) Potassium oxide is made of positive and negative ions. Explain, in terms of protons and electrons, the difference between a **positive** ion and a neutral atom. [2]

(c)		en the reaction in Fig. 6.1 had finished, a student added water containing Universal cator to the flask.	For Examiner's Use
	Pre	dict the colour change of the Universal Indicator.	
	Exp	lain your prediction.	
		[2]	
(d)		assium metal reacts with water to form a solution of potassium hydroxide. During reaction a gas is given off.	
	(i)	Write the chemical formula of potassium hydroxide.	
		[1]	
	(ii)	Name the gas which is given off and describe a test for this gas.	
		name of gas	
		test	
		[3]	

Tuberculosis (TB) is an infectious disease caused by a bacterium. HIV/AIDS is caused by a virus.

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(a) Table 7.1 shows the percentage of people with TB and HIV/AIDS in four parts of the world in 2005.

part of the world	percentage of people with TB	percentage of people with HIV/AIDS
sub-Saharan Africa	0.51	7.2
Southeast Asia	0.35	1.1
Americas	0.07	0.7
Europe	0.06	0.5

Table 7.1

(i) In which of these four parts of the world was there the largest percentage of people with TB?

.....

[1]

(ii) Describe any pattern that seems to link the percentages of people with TB and with HIV/AIDS.

-[1]
- (iii) The virus that causes AIDS infects white blood cells. Explain how this could be responsible for the pattern that you have described in (ii).

.....

[2]

(b) The TB bacterium usually infects cells in the lungs. Many of the cells in the alveoli are destroyed.

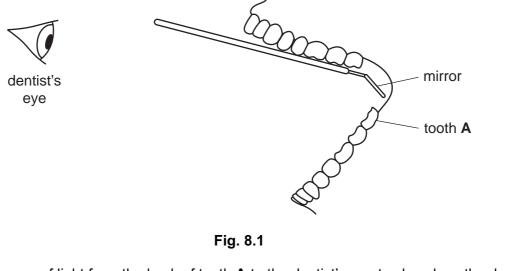
Explain how this can lead to a person feeling very tired and unable to carry out energetic exercise.

[2]

7

(c)	(i)	HIV/AIDS can be transmitted through sexual intercourse. Name two other diseas that can be transmitted in this way.	ses	For Examiner's Use
		1		
		2	[2]	
	(ii)	How can the spread of these diseases be reduced?		
			[1]	

- 8 A student is having a medical examination.
 - (a) A dentist checks the student's teeth using a dental mirror. This is shown in Fig. 8.1.



Draw a ray of light from the back of tooth \bf{A} to the dentist's eye to show how the dentist is able to see the back of the tooth.

On the ray, draw arrows showing the direction in which the light travels. [3]

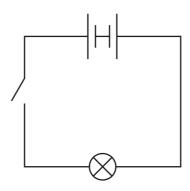
- (b) A doctor tests the student's hearing and confirms that the lowest and highest frequencies the student can hear are normal for a young person.
 - (i) Suggest a value for each of these.

	lowest frequency	Hz	
	highest frequency	Hz	[2]
(ii)	What is meant by the	ne frequency of a wave?	
			[1]
(iii)	Sound is one form	of energy.	
	Name two other for	ms of energy.	
	1.		
	2.		[1]

16

(c) The doctor wants to use a small torch to look down the student's throat. When he switches the torch on, it does not work.

Fig. 8.2 shows the circuit diagram for the torch.





(i) Explain what is wrong with the torch.

[1]

(ii) Draw the correct circuit diagram.

[1]

	mini ustry	um, iron, sodium and chlorine are important elements produced by the chemical	For Examiner's Use
(a)	Use	e the copy of the Periodic Table on page 20 to help you to answer this question.	
	Sta	te which of the elements above	
	(i)	is not in the same period of the Periodic Table as the other three,	
		[1]	
	/::\	has atoms which contain 11 electrons.	
	(ii)		
		[1]	
(b)		minium is a metal which resists corrosion and has a relatively low density. The ength of aluminium can be improved by making it into an alloy.	
	Exp	plain why aluminium alloys are important materials for use in aircraft construction.	
		101	
	•••••	[3]	
(c)		n is produced when iron oxide reacts with carbon monoxide in a blast furnace. st iron is converted into steel.	
	(i)	The equation for the reaction between iron oxide and carbon monoxide is shown below.	
		iron oxide + carbon monoxide $ ightarrow$ iron + carbon dioxide	
		Explain which substance has been reduced in this reaction.	
		[2]	
	<i></i>		
	(ii)	State two advantages of steel compared to iron from a blast furnace.	
		1	
		2. [2]	
		2[2]	
(d)	The	e chemical symbol for chlorine is C <i>l</i> .	
	Wri	te the chemical formula of a chlorine molecule. [1]	

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