## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/53

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2		2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper			
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0653	53			
1	(a) (i)	-	large, neat pencil drawing ; drawing clearly shows petals, stamens, carpel ;					
	(ii)		stamen and carpel correctly labelled ; <b>stamen</b> marked as <b>male</b> and <b>carpel</b> marked as <b>female</b> ;		[2]			
	(iii)	clear any f	; [2]					
	(b) (i)	peta	I drawing in left of Table 1.1 showing colours ;		[1]			
	(ii)	•	petal drawing in right of Table 1.1 showing colours plus green/yellow/orang red/brown ;					
	(iii)	(redu	[1]					
	(iv)	insects will visit flower to collect sugar/sugar or glucose or nectar will attract insects ;						
					[Total: 10]			
2	(a) (i) x value for 60g recorded in the range		lue for 60g recorded in the range 25–50 cm ;		[1]			
	(ii)	<i>x</i> val	lue for 70g recorded to 1 decimal place ;		[1]			
	(iii)	rema	aining values of <i>x</i> recorded <b>and</b> values of <i>x</i> decreas	ing down the table	e; [1]			
	(iv)	1/x v	values calculated correctly ; ( <b>allow</b> more than 2 d.p.	)	[1]			
	(b) (i)	by a	able choice of scales with vertical axis starting at 60 t least 2 cm ;		ented			
			ints out of 4 plotted correctly to half a small square d best fit straight line judgement ;	•	[3]			
	(ii)		cation on graph of how data obtained ; ect calculation of gradient ;		[2]			
	<b>(c)</b> cor	(c) correct calculation of <i>M</i> from candidate's gradient to 2 significant figures ;						
					[Total: 10]			

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0653	53
3	(a) (i)	time	time value for 10 cm <sup>2</sup> of <b>A</b> ;		[1]
	(ii)	time	value for 8 cm <sup>3</sup> of <b>A</b> ;		[1]
	(iii)	all ti	plete set of time values ; ne values to nearest second (whole number) ; es of time increase down the table ;		[3]
	(b) (i)	all 1	(time values correct (2 decimal places or more) ;		[1]
	(ii)	poin	e–uniform and numbered for both axes ; ts–3 points plotted correctly within half a square ; -best straight line <u>through origin</u> ;		[3]
		portio ns of	nal/rate increases as (volume of) <b>A</b> increases ; (igi time)	nore conclusions in	[1] [Total: 10]