CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2003

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate answer sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

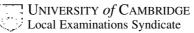
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.

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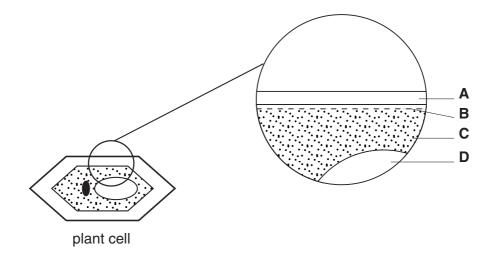


1 Which pair of features is found in plant cells but **not** in animal cells?

Α	cell membrane	cell sap	
В	cell sap	sap cell wall	
С	cell wall	nucleus	
D	nucleus	cell membrane	

2 The diagram shows a small part of a plant cell greatly magnified.

Which part controls what enters and leaves the cell?



- 3 When an enzyme molecule has catalysed a chemical reaction in a cell, what happens to it?
 - A It acts as a catalyst again.
 - **B** It is denatured.
 - **C** It is digested.
 - **D** It is used up by the reaction.

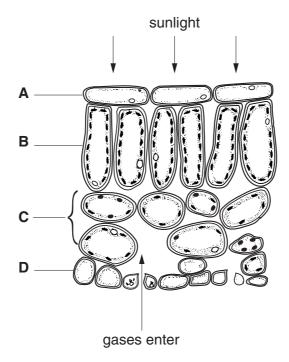
- 4 There are four stages in testing a leaf for starch.
 - 1 soften in hot water
 - 2 stain with iodine
 - 3 boil in alcohol
 - 4 boil in water

What is the correct order for these stages?

Α	1	2	3	4
В	1	4	3	2
С	3	1	2	4
D	4	3	1	2

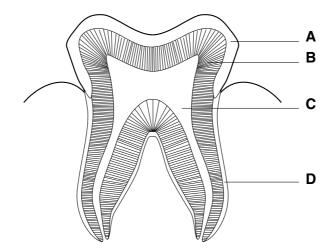
5 The diagram shows some cells in a leaf of a green plant.

In which layer of cells does most photosynthesis occur?



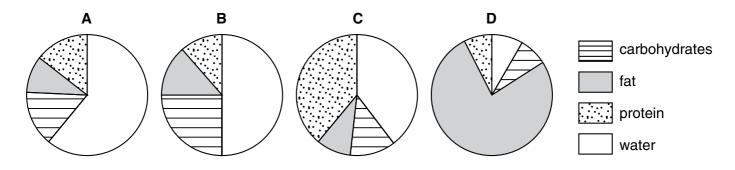
6 The diagram shows a section through a human tooth.

Which part is made of the hardest material?



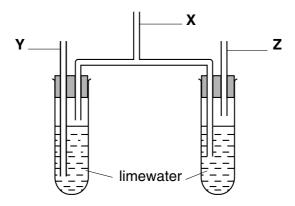
7 The pie-charts show the compositions of four different foods.

Which food contains the most energy?



8 The diagram shows apparatus that can be used to demonstrate that the air breathed out by a person contains more carbon dioxide than the air breathed in.

The person breathes in and out at **X**.



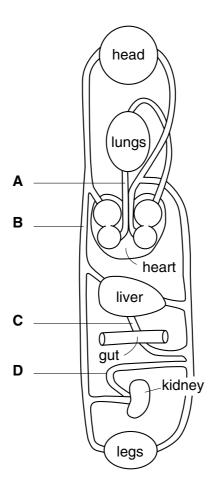
Where does air enter and leave the apparatus?

	air enters at	air leaves at
Α	Y	Y
В	Υ	z
С	Z	Y
D	Z	z

- **9** Which cells destroy harmful microorganisms in the blood?
 - A goblet cells
 - **B** platelets
 - c red blood cells
 - **D** white blood cells

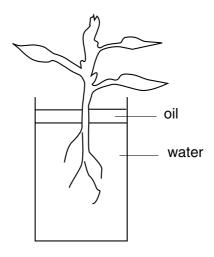
10 The diagram shows part of the human circulatory system.

Which structure carries oxygenated blood?



11 The drawing shows a plant in a container of water. There is a layer of oil on top of the water that stops the water evaporating. The apparatus weighs 300 g.

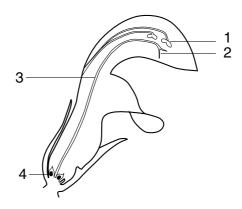
After two hours it weighs 296 g.



What is the rate of transpiration?

- A 150 g water/hour
- B 148 g water/hour
- C 4g water/hour
- D 2g water/hour
- 12 Which organ releases insulin when the blood sugar level is too high?
 - A kidney
 - **B** liver
 - **C** pancreas
 - **D** stomach

13 The diagram shows a section through a flower.



Where do the following occur?

	pollination	fertilisation
Α	1	2
В	2	4
С	3	1
D	4	3

- 14 Which process takes place when a sperm joins with an ovum?
 - A fertilisation
 - **B** intercourse
 - **C** menstruation
 - **D** sterilisation

15 Which diagrams show the bonding in the molecules of nitrogen and ethene?

nitrogen ethene

B N-N H-C-C-H

 $c \qquad N \equiv N \qquad \begin{array}{c} H \\ C = C \\ H \end{array}$

 $\mathbf{D} \quad \mathbf{N} \equiv \mathbf{N} \quad \mathbf{H} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}$

16 The reaction of zinc and sulphur to form zinc sulphide is exothermic.

Which information in the table is correct?

	elements in a mixture of zinc and sulphur	elements in zinc sulphide	energy change during the reaction
Α	easy to separate	difficult to separate	heat given out
В	easy to separate	easy to separate	heat taken in
С	difficult to separate	difficult to separate	heat taken in
D	difficult to separate	easy to separate	heat given out

17 Which substance is an ionic compound?

	melting point electrical conducti when melted	
A	high	high
В	high	low
С	low	high
D	low	low

18 Bromine is in the same group of the Periodic Table as chlorine.

What are the colour and formula of hydrobromic acid likely to be?

	colour	formula
A	brown	HOBr
В	brown	HBr
С	colourless	HOBr
D	colourless	HBr

19 Which equation shows an insoluble base reacting with an acid?

 \mathbf{A} barium chloride + sulphuric acid \longrightarrow barium sulphate + hydrochloric acid

B magnesium oxide + hydrochloric acid → magnesium chloride + water

 \mathbf{C} sodium carbonate + hydrochloric acid \longrightarrow sodium chloride + water + carbon dioxide

D zinc + sulphuric acid \rightarrow zinc sulphate + hydrogen

20 Flame tests are carried out on calcium chloride and copper(II) chloride.

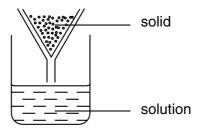
What are the colours of the flames?

	calcium chloride	copper(II) chloride
A	red	blue-green
В	blue-green	lilac
С	C lilac yellow	
D	yellow	red

21 In an experiment, 100 cm³ of dry air are passed over heated copper turnings until there is no further change in volume (at r.t.p.).

What volume of gas remains?

- **A** 89 cm³
- **B** 79 cm³
- **C** 21 cm³
- **D** 11 cm³
- 22 A mixture of copper, magnesium and zinc is added to an excess of dilute sulphuric acid. The resulting mixture is then filtered.

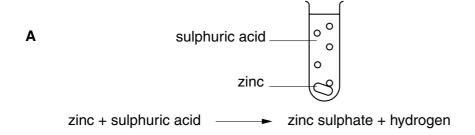


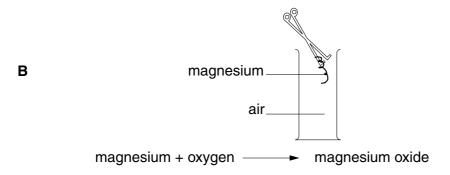
What is the solid left behind?

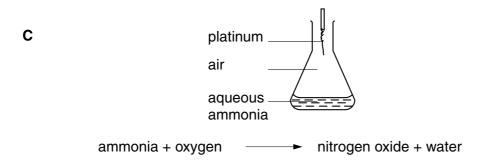
- A copper and magnesium
- **B** copper only
- C magnesium and zinc
- **D** zinc only
- 23 Which statement best describes how and why drinking water is sterilised?

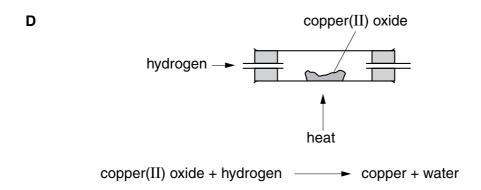
	how	why
Α	boiled	bacteria cannot multiply
В	boiled	kills bacteria
С	chlorine added	bacteria cannot multiply
D	chlorine added	kills bacteria

24 In which experiment does the metal act as a catalyst?

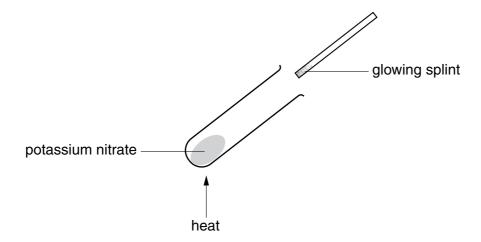








25 The diagram shows an experiment to investigate the effect of heat on potassium nitrate.



The glowing splint bursts into flame.

What happens to the potassium nitrate when it is heated?

	type of reaction	gas produced
Α	combustion	hydrogen
В	combustion	oxygen
С	thermal decomposition	hydrogen
D	thermal decomposition	oxygen

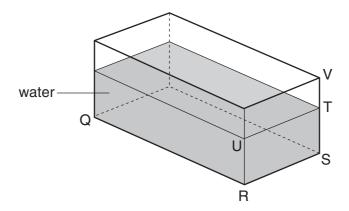
26 The description below of a plastic is incomplete.

To make a plastic,1 of a2. combine to form a long chain3......

Which words correctly complete the gaps?

	gap 1	gap 2	gap 3
Α	atoms	monomer	polymer
В	atoms	polymer	monomer
С	molecules	monomer	polymer
D	molecules	polymer	monomer

- 27 Why is water often used to extinguish fires?
 - **A** The boiling point of water is 100 °C.
 - **B** Water is a compound containing oxygen and hydrogen.
 - **C** Water removes heat from the fire.
 - **D** Water reacts with most fuels.
- 28 A glass tank contains some water.



The length QR and the width RS of the tank are known.

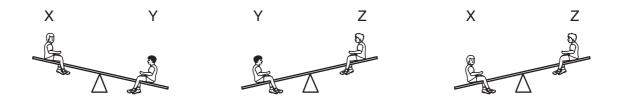
What other distance needs to be measured in order to be able to calculate the volume of the water?

- A ST
- **B** SV
- **C** TU
- TV
- 29 A tunnel has a length of 50 km. A car takes 20 min to travel between the two ends of the tunnel.

What is the average speed of the car?

- **A** 2.5 km/h
- **B** 16.6 km/h
- **C** 150 km/h
- **D** 1000 km/h

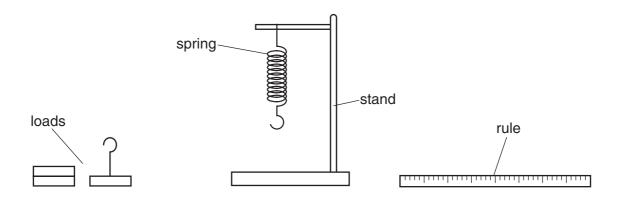
30 Three children, X, Y and Z, are using a see-saw to compare their weights.



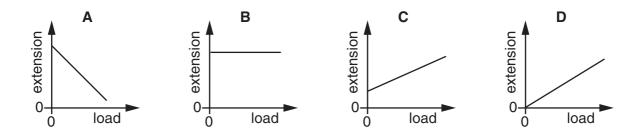
Which line in the table shows the correct order of the children's weights?

	heaviest	\longleftrightarrow	lightest
Α	Х	Υ	Z
В	Х	Z	Υ
С	Y	Χ	Z
D	Y	Z	X

31 A spring is suspended from a stand. Loads are added and the extensions are measured.

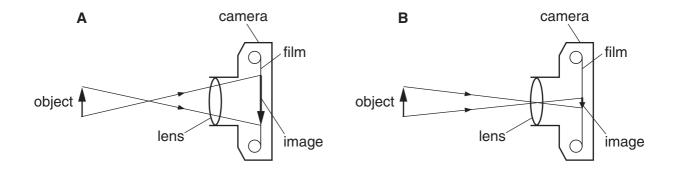


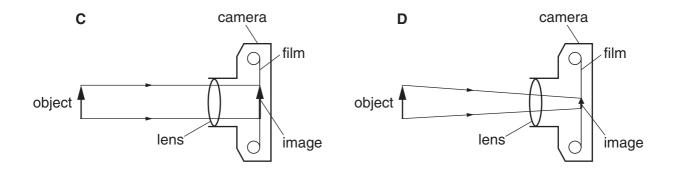
Which graph shows the result of plotting extension against load?



32	Wha	at is the source of the energy converted by a hydro-electric power station?					
	A	hot rocks					
B falling water							
	С	oil					
	D	waves					
33 When water evaporates, some molecules escape.							
	Whi	ich molecules escape?					
	A	the molecules at the bottom of the liquid with less energy than others					
	В	the molecules at the bottom of the liquid with more energy than others					
	С	the molecules at the surface with less energy than others					
	D	the molecules at the surface with more energy than others					
34		erson holds a glass beaker in one hand and fills it quickly with hot water. It takes several onds before his hand starts to feel the heat.					
	Wh	y is there this delay?					
	A	Glass is a poor conductor of heat.					
	В	Glass is a good conductor of heat.					
	С	Water is a poor conductor of heat.					
	D	Water is a good conductor of heat.					
35	A woman tunes her radio to a station broadcasting on 200 m.						
	What does the 200 m tell her about the radio wave?						
	A	its amplitude					
	В	its frequency					
	С	its speed					
	D	its wavelength					

36 Which diagram correctly shows rays passing through a camera lens?

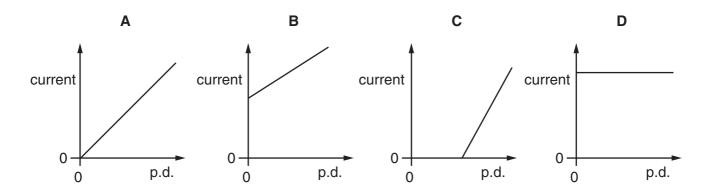




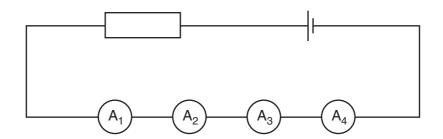
37 When the potential difference (p.d.) across a piece of resistance wire is changed, the current through the wire also changes.

The temperature of the wire is kept the same.

Which graph shows how the p.d. and current are related?



38 Two faulty ammeters and two perfect ammeters are connected in series in the circuit shown.



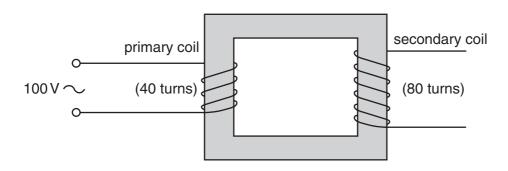
The readings on the ammeters are

- A_1 2.9 A
- A₂ 3.1 A
- A₃ 3.1 A
- A₄ 3.3 A

Which two ammeters are faulty?

- ${f A}$ ${f A}_1$ and ${f A}_2$ ${f B}$ ${f A}_1$ and ${f A}_4$ ${f C}$ ${f A}_2$ and ${f A}_3$ ${f D}$ ${f A}_3$ and ${f A}_4$

The diagram shows a transformer with an alternating voltage of 100 V applied to the primary coil. 39



What is the voltage produced across the secondary coil?

- Α 50 V
- В 100 V
- C 200 V
- D 8000 V

40 Which type of radiation can be stopped by a sheet of paper?

- Α α -particles
- В β-particles
- C γ-rays
- X-ray

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The Periodic Table of the Elements **DATA SHEET**

13 133 133 133 133 134 135	Beylilium 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Scandium 21 Scandium 21 Yttrium 39 Tag Lanthanum 57 Z27 AC	48 Titanium 22 Titanium 40 Titanium 40 Titanium 40 Titanium 40 Titanium 72 Titanium 72 Titanium 72 Titanium 72	51 V V Vanadum 23 88 Niobium 41 181 Tantalum 73	52 Chromium 24 96 Moybdenum 42 184 W	S5 Manganese 25 TC Technetium 43 186 Renium 75	### Period 101 101 100	1 Hydrogen 1	Group Group Group Separation Separatio	64 Copper 108 Ag Silver 177 Au Copper 179 Codd	65 Zinc 201 Hg Wercury 80 Mercury 80	11 B Boron 5 27 A luminium 13 70 Gallum 31 Inform 49 Indium 81 Tellium 81	12 Carbon 6 Carbon 6 Carbon 6 Carbon 14 14 119 28 Carbon 14 119 Carbon 119	14 Nitrogen 7 31 97	16 O O O O O O O O O	VIII VIII Pluorine 35.5 C1 Chlorine 17 BB Bromine 35 I 127 I 127 I A Astatine 85 Astatine 86 Bromine 87 Bromine 88 Bromine 88	131 Xe
Francium 87	Radium 88	Actinium 89 †															
*58-71 L †90-103	*58-71 Lanthanoid series †90-103 Actinoid series	1 series series		Cerium	Praseodymium	Neodymium	Pm Promethium	Samarium	152 Eu Europium	Gadolinium	159 Tb Terbium	Dy Dysprosium	165 Ho Holmium	167 Er	169 Tm Thulium	Yb Ytterbium	175 Lu Lutetium

169 Ta		69		ğ	Mendelevium	101
167 E		89		Ę	Fermium	100
165 H	Holmium	/9		Es	Einsteinium	66
162 DV	Dysprosium	99		ర	Californium	86
159 Tb		çç Ç		ᄶ	Berkelium	26
157 Gd	Gadolinium	64		S	Curium	96
152 Eu	Europium	63		Am	Americium	92
Sm S	Samarium	20		Pu	Plutonium	94
Pm	Promethium	19		ď	Neptunium	93
144 DN	Neodymium	09	238	-	Uranium	35
141 Pr	Praseodymium	60		Ра	Protactinium	91
140 Q	Cerium	28	232	ᆮ	Thorium	06

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Nobelium

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

Key

b = proton (atomic) number

a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol