## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/21

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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## NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.
e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

<u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

un.pen. means "unit penalty". An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if specified figures otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

Units Ignore units, except where a mark is specified for a particular unit.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

Work which has been crossed out, but not replaced, should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

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|---|--------|------------------------------|---|---|--|------------------|
|   |        |                              | IGCSE – Oc                                      | tober/November 2010   | 0625   | 21               |
| 1 | (a)    | (i) 6 (c) 5 (c)              | •   |   |  | B1<br>B1         |
|   |        |                              | $5 \times 2$ ecf (cm <sup>3</sup> ) ecf         |   |  | C1<br>A1         |
|   | (b)    | 53                           | in any form, letters, v                         | words or numbers  |  | B1<br>C1         |
|   |        | 2.65<br>g/cm <sup>3</sup>    | OR 2650<br>OR kg/m³ (unit mu                    | ust be appropriate)   |  | A1<br>B1         |
|   |        |                              |   |   |  | [Total: 8]       |
| 2 | (a)    |                              | e/time in any form                              |   |  | C1               |
|   |        | 960/8<br>120                 | OR 960/(8 × 60)<br>OR 2                         |   |  | C1<br>A1         |
|   |        | m/min                        |   | respond with value  |  | B1               |
|   | (b)    | friction                     | or air resistance o                             | r force accelerating/dec  | elerating legs   | B1               |
|   |        |                              |   |   |  | [Total: 5]       |
| 3 | (a)    | tidal                        |   |   |  | B1               |
|   |        | wave<br>hydroele<br>(any ord |   | ot waterfall  |  | B1<br>B1         |
|   | (b)    | tidal                        |   | wave  | hydroelectric  |                  |
|   |        | flow thro                    | se and fall<br>ough turbine<br>drives generator | PE of rise and fall rotates/moves floats floats drive generator | water stored at high level<br>flowing water drives turbing<br>turbine drives generator | B1<br>e B1<br>B1 |
|   |        |                              |   |   |  | [Total: 6]       |
| 4 | (a)    | focal ler                    | ngth OR focal dista                             | nce   |  | B1               |
|   | (b)    |                              | II passing through F<br>iate refraction at both | lone surfaces   |  | M1               |
|   |        |                              | rays bent at lens mid                           |   |  | A1               |
|   | (c)    | focused                      | image OR <u>sharp</u> ii                        | mage OR dot   |  | B1               |
|   | (d)    | 4 dots                       | OR out-of-focus/blur                            | red/fuzzy image   |  | B1               |
|   |        |                              |   |   |  | [Total: 5]       |
|   |        |                              |   |   |  |                  |

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|--------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|----------------|
|        |     |       |                                     | IGCSE – October/November 2010   | 0625      | 21             |
| 5      | (a) | alpl  | ha an                               | d beta both underlined -1 e.e.o.o.  |           | B2             |
|        | (b) | gan   |                                     | B1  |           |                |
|        | (c) | rad   |                                     | В1  |           |                |
|        | (d) | alpha |                                     |   |           | В1             |
|        |     |       |                                     |   |           | [Total: 5]     |
| 6      | (a) | con   | ductio                              | on  |           | B1             |
|        | (b) | (i)   | conv                                | vection   |           | B1             |
|        |     | (ii)  |                                     | water expands OR hot water less dense water rises (ignore anything about cold water falling | ng)       | B1<br>B1       |
|        | (c) |       |                                     | on cannot occur<br>a poor conductor   |           | B1<br>B1       |
|        |     |       |                                     |   |           | [Total: 6]     |
| 7      | (a) | i co  | rrectly                             | y shown   |           | B1             |
|        | (b) | (i)   |                                     | shown in air at angle > 40°<br>e same as in Fig. 7.1, by eye                                |           | C1<br>A1       |
|        |     | (ii)  |                                     | reflected (MO if says along surface) cal angle exceeded                                     |           | M1<br>A1       |
|        |     |       |                                     |   |           | [Total: 5]     |
| 8      | (a) | (i)   | one                                 | sound or equivalent (NOT an echo)   |           | В1             |
|        |     | (ii)  |                                     | ance = speed $\times$ time in any form condone fact $\times$ 1.5 (m)                        | ctor of 2 | C1<br>C1<br>A1 |
|        | (b) | (i)   | OR (                                | of one sound direct<br>original sound<br>or sound by echo                                   |           | B1<br>B1       |
|        |     | (ii)  | 1.5 (<br>4.5 (                      | (s)   |           | B1<br>B1       |
|        |     |       | - \                                 | · ,   |           | [Total: 8]     |

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|--------|-----|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
|        |     |                     |                                       | IGCSE – October/November 2010 0625  |                                  |  |  |
| 9      | (a) | (i)                 |                                       | left end <b>and</b> S at right end (inside or outside magnet outline) N and S within magnet outline                           | M1<br>A1                         |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)                | attra                                 | cted/moves towards magnet OR it becomes magnetised  | B1                               |  |  |
|        |     | (iii)               | noth                                  | ing   | B1                               |  |  |
|        | (b) | (i)                 | pass                                  | current through coil/wire OR connect a battery across coil  | B1                               |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)                | iron                                  | NOT steel   | B1                               |  |  |
|        |     | (iii)               | can<br>can                            | be very strong ) be switched on & off easily ) any one reverse polarity easily ) stable strength )                            | В1                               |  |  |
|        |     |                     |                                       |   | [Total: 7]                       |  |  |
| 10     | (a) | par                 | allel                                 |   | B1                               |  |  |
|        | (b) | C1<br>C1<br>A1      |                                       |   |                                  |  |  |
|        | (c) | 12                  | (A) (                                 | OR $30 \times \text{his } (b)$ , correctly evaluated  | B1                               |  |  |
|        | (d) | par                 | parallel                              |   |                                  |  |  |
|        | (e) | (i)                 | none                                  | e e.c.f. from (a)   | B1                               |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)                | none                                  | e e.c.f. from (d)   | B1                               |  |  |
|        |     |                     |                                       |   | [Total: 8]                       |  |  |
| 11     | (a) | cell<br>con<br>(igr | M1<br>A1                              |   |                                  |  |  |
|        | (b) | (i)                 | close                                 | nd M on door and frame (either way) so they would be next to<br>ed<br>frame <b>and</b> M on door edge/door face close to edge | each other when door<br>B1<br>B1 |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)                |                                       | suitable application<br>shop door, security door, lift door, fridge door, oven door   | B1                               |  |  |
|        |     |                     |                                       |   | [Total: 5]                       |  |  |

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| 12     | (a) | yes<br>yes<br>no |   |          | B1<br>B1<br>B1 |
|        | (b) | nuc              | cleus   |          | B1             |
|        | (c) | (i)              | 6 points correct $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square $-1$ e.e.o.o. thin, smooth curve through points |          | B2<br>B1       |
|        |     | (ii)             | 8 ± 1 (mins)<br>108 ± 1 (mins)<br>100 ± 2 (mins) e.c.f. if working shown                        |          | C1<br>C1<br>A1 |
|        |     | (iii)            | half his (ii) e.c.f.  |          | B1             |
|        | В1  |                  |   |          |                |
|        |     |                  |   |          | [Total: 12]    |