UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

Paper 31 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS AND OTHER MATTERS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig.fig. is appropriate.

Units It is expected that all final answers will have correct units. Deduct one unit penalty for each incorrect or missing unit, maximum 1 per question. No unit penalty if unit is missing from final answer but is shown correctly in the working. No unit penalty for incorrect answer.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

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Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

Work which has been crossed out, but not replaced, should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

			IGCSE –	Octo	ber/	Novemb	er 2009		0625		31	
1	(a)	microme	ter OR screw gau	ıge C	DR v	ernier so	cale NOT	vernier	callipers		B1	
	(b)	2.73 mm									B1	
	(c)	not too ti take read use seve	et zero trument on to pape ght/use ratchet ding of both scales eral sheets ading by no. of she))	ny 3				E	31 × 3	[5]
2	(a)	immerse	ng cylinder with liqu statue rom difference of r		ıgs fr	om mea	suring cyl	linder			B1 B1 B1	
		displacer immerse	ment can/equivaler statue volume displaced					ng with li	quid		(B1) (B1) (B1)	
	(b)	` ,	V OR 600/65 m³ (minimum 2 s	.f.) N	l.B. u	ınit pena	lty applies	S			B1 B1	
		(For gold	H) $(M =) V \times D$ OR $(minimum 2 s.f.)$			ınit pena	lty applies	5			(B1) (B1)	
			(minimum 2 s.f.			unit pena	alty applie	es			(B1) (B1)	
			ed if justified by pron wrong values abo		s wo	rk in (a)	or (b) .				B1	[6]
3	(a)	5 points	correctly plotted ±3	∕₂ sma	all so	quare –1	e.e.o.o. (i	ignore 0,	0)		B2	
	(b)	3 N one,	however identified	l OR	3 rd	value O	R 4 th valu	ıe			B1	
	(c)	good stra	aight line through c	origin	and	candidat	e's remai	ning poir	its		B1	
	(d)	•	ine / constant grad ey Hooke's Law	lient							M1 A1	
		OR special c	ase: obeys Hooke	's law	/ bec	ause for	ce ∝ exte	nsion or	wtte		B1	

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Syllabus

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	· , • ·	ecomes non-linear / curves / bends eference to direction of curve or bend.		B1	
	OR perr	exceeded / reached proportional / elastic limit manently deformed or equiv OR staightened have broken OR no longer elastic or wtte		B1	[8]
4	(a) in directi	on of the force Do not accept forward on is own.		B1	
		direction / causes acceleration / stops straight line moving circle / keeps path circular / pulls object into circle	tion / keeps object	B1	
	` ' ` '	600 N came as his 1. accept 600 N if no value given in (c) (i)	1.	B1 B1	
	(ii) ma 150	OR 60 × 2.5 N		C1 A1	
	(iii) 750	N e.c.f. from (c) (i) 2 and/or (c) (ii)		B1	
	(iv) sam	e as his (c) (i) 2 accept 600 N if no value given in (c)	(i) 2.	B1	
					[8]
5	(a) (P.E.) = 12 × 10 = 360 J			C1 C1 A1	
	(b) (P =) E/t 360/60 6 W	352.8 J gives 5.88 W 353.16 J gives 5.886 W (minir	num 2 s.f.)	C1 C1 A1	
					[6]
6	(a) (i) incre	eases		B1	
	1.05	= const in any form 5 (× 10 ⁵) × 860 (× 10 ⁻⁶) = p × 645 (× 10 ⁻⁶) × 10 ⁵ Pa		C1 C1 A1	

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	(iii)	F = ¡ EITH OR	1.05 × 1 700 – 52	0 ⁵ × 5. 25 N e	increase ir 0.35 × 10 ⁵ 175 N (m	× 5.0 × 1 ninimum 2 or 525 N (a) (ii)	e = 0.35 × 10 0 ⁻³ : s.f.) c.a.o.	⁵ (Pa) × 5.0 × 10 ⁻³ or 700	C1 C1 C1 A1 ON (C1) (C1) (A1)	
((b) (i)	incre	eases						B1	
	(ii)	no c	hange						B1	
	(iii)	extra	a weight (or	n tray/p	oiston)				B1	
	(iv)	incre	eases						B1	
										[12]
((c) rapi sma can sma rem larg data take	per per stants vanor digita id res all are all the range range stering per tering per te	an meter OR al voltmeter sponse ea sure high / ermal capac	low ter city (ide nuous r	antan er oltmeter (mperatures ea of) monitoring face	5	ammeter OR))) any 1))	<u>digital</u> ammeter	B1 B1	
8 ((a) 2 cr	m (by	eye) vertic	al obje	ct somewl		een F ₂ and le		B1	[3]
(corr	rect ra	ays extrapo	lated <u>b</u>	<u>ack</u> to inte didate's in	n (no ext ersect tersectior	rapolation ne n of extrapola l, if clear)	eded)	B1 B1 B1	[4]
										ľ,

	Page 7		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2009	0625	31
9			y of) heat/energy to raise temp by 1 °C/1degC/1K/unit te R 1 g OR unit mass (Mention of change of state get		M1 A1
	lon exp	g time ensiv	e to heat up/cook) e to cool down) any 1 ve to heat) lot of energy to heat up)		B1
	(c) (i)		degC OR 1.8 °C OR 1.8 K D 77.1 degC OR 77.1 °C OR 77.1K		B1
	(ii)	0.2	e) mcT in any form, seen anywhere × 4200 × 1.8 e.c.f. from (c) (i) 2 J (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.		B1 C1 A1
	(iii)		$2 = 0.05 \times c \times 77.1$ in any form e.c.f. from (c) (i) and/o J/kg K (N.B. must be to 3 sf; A0 for wrong s.f.) e.c.f.	or (c) (ii)	C1 A1
	(iv)	boili at 10 ener ther	t lost during transfer ing water not at 100 °C / reason for not boiling 00 °C e.g. water not pure/ not standard pressure rgy lost to cup etc. / surroundings mometer not accurate / sensitive enough perature / mass(es) not accurately measured)	any 1	B1
					[10]
10	(a) (i)	<u>step</u>	o-up transformer		B1
	(ii)		heat/energy/power loss (from lines) / thinner wires (pos lower current NOT more efficient	ssible)	B1
	(b) P = 2.5		I in any form, figures or symbols / (P =) VI		C1 A1
			in any form, figures or symbols / (P =) I ² R e.c.f. from (b)		C1 A1
			in any form, figures or symbols OR (V =) IR OR R in any form, figures or symbols OR (P =) V^2 / R OR	$V = (PR)^{1/2}$	C1
	7.5	V e.	.c.f. from (b) or (c)		A1

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	0 - 7.5 - 7.5 OR 22,000 - 7.5 ecf 5 V e.c.f. (minimum 4 s.f.in this case)	C1 A1	
•	0 – 37.5 = 54962.5 2.5 / 2.5 = 21985 V (minimum 4 s.f. in this case)	(C1) (A1)	
			[10
` '	IOT or inverter	B1 B1	
(b) (acce	pt 1 or ON for HIGH, and 0 or OFF or NOT HIGH for LOW thr	oughout)	
(i) A	A – HIGH and B – LOW (both) no e.c.f.	B1	
(ii) A	A – HIGH and B – HIGH (both) no e.c.f.	B1	
(iii) A	A – LOW and B – LOW (both) no e.c.f.	B1	
	B cannot provide enough power / current for lamp, or equiv. OR allows remote lamp	B1	
(ii) tl	ne second one / dark and warm / HIGH, HIGH e.c.f. from (b)	B1	
	varning if temperature in a closed / dark space (e.g. refrigerato	or, kiln) reaches	
N	I.B. "to switch on a lamp when it is dark and warm" not accept	ted B1	

[8]