UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education PHYSICS         ModeS/02         Paper 2 Core       October/November 2006         Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.         Provide the second of t	Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name							
PHYSICS       0625/02         Paper 2 Core       October/November 2006         Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.       1 hour 15 minutes         PHYSICS       Value 16 minutes         Physics	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education									
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This document consists of <b>15</b> printed pages and <b>1</b> blank page.				For Examiner's Use						
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1 A worker on the production line in a factory is making brackets. An inspector times the worker whilst he makes 5 brackets. To start, the stopwatch is set to zero.

After 5 brackets have been made, the stopwatch is as shown in Fig. 1.1.



	3	For Examiner's			
Some IGCSE students were asked to write statements about mass and weight.					
Their statements are printed below. Put a tick in the box alongside each of the <b>two</b> correct statements.					
	Mass and weight are the same thing.				
	Mass is measured in kilograms.				
	Weight is a type of force.				
	Weight is the acceleration caused by gravity. [2]				

2





**3** Fig. 3.1 shows the speed/time graph for a journey travelled by a tractor.



Fig. 3.1



For Examiner's Use

- 4 (a) Name the process by which thermal energy is transferred
  - (i) from the Sun to the Earth, .....

  - (b) A child is sitting on an oscillating swing, as shown in Fig. 4.1. At the top of the oscillation, the child and swing are momentarily at rest.



Fig. 4.1

(i) Use the names of appropriate types of energy to complete the following word equation. Write on the lines in the boxes.

gravitational potential energy at the top of the oscillation	=	energy at the bottom of the oscillation	+	energy at the bottom of the oscillation	+	energy losses				
(ii) The child continues to sit still on the swing. The amplitude of the oscillations slowly decreases. Explain why this happens.										
						[3]				
			0005/00			Turn				

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 1.
 .

 2.
 .

 [2]

6

(b) Forces  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are applied vertically downwards at the ends of a beam resting on a pivot P. The beam has weight *W*. The beam is shown in Fig. 5.1.





- (i) Complete the statements about the two requirements for the beam to be in equilibrium.
  - 1. There must be no resultant .....
  - 2. There must be no resultant .....
- (ii) The beam in Fig. 5.1 is in equilibrium. *F* is the force exerted on the beam by the pivot P.

Complete the following equation about the forces on the beam.

*F* = .....

(iii) Which one of the four forces on the beam does not exert a moment about P?

.....

[4]

A woman stands so that she is 1.0 m from a mirror mounted on a wall, as shown in Fig. 6.1. 6







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7 A man is using an axe to chop down a tree, as shown in Fig. 7.1.



Fig. 7.1

(a) A short time after the axe hits the tree, the man hears a clear echo.

He estimates that the echo is heard 3 seconds after the axe hits the tree.

(i) Suggest what type of obstacle might have caused such a clear echo.

.....

(ii) The speed of sound in air is 320 m/s.Calculate the distance of the obstacle from the tree.

obstacle distance = ..... m [4] (b) A branch from the tree falls into some shallow water in a pond nearby. The branch sets up a wave. The wave moves to the left a distance of 3.0 m before hitting the side of a moored boat and reflecting back again.



Fig. 7.2

The wave takes 5.0 s to travel from AB to the boat and back to AB.

Calculate the speed of the water-wave.

speed of wave = ..... m/s [2]

8 (a) Fig. 8.1 shows two groups of materials.



10

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9 The points plotted on the grid shown in Fig. 9.1 were obtained from a spring-stretching experiment. 100 length/mm 80 60 40 20 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 load/N Fig. 9.1 (a) Using a straight edge, draw a straight line through the first 5 points. Extend your line to the edge of the grid. [1] (b) Suggest a reason why the sixth point does not lie on the line you have drawn. (c) Calculate the extension caused by the 3 N load. extension = ..... mm [2] (d) A small object is hung on the unloaded spring, and the length of the spring becomes

11

Use the graph to find the weight of the object.

weight of object = ..... N [1]

62 mm.

## [Turn over www.theallpapers.com

Examin Use **10** A person has a 6 V bell. He hopes to operate the bell from a 240 V a.c. mains supply, with the help of the transformer shown in Fig. 10.1.

12



Fig. 10.1

.....  $\alpha$ -particle is emitted.

**11** The table below contains some information about uranium-238.

proton number Z = 92nucleon number A = 238

decays by emitting  $\alpha$ -particle

(a) State how many electrons there are in a neutral atom of uranium-238. [1] ..... (b) State where in the atom the electrons are to be found. [1] ..... (c) State how many neutrons there are in an atom of uranium-238. [1] ..... (d) State where in the atom the neutrons are to be found. [1] (e) State what happens to the number of protons in an atom of uranium-238 when an 

**12** Fig. 12.1 shows an electric circuit.



(c) In the space below, draw a circuit diagram of the circuit in Fig. 12.1, using correct circuit symbols.

[2]



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