#### CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

### MARK SCHEME for the November 2003 question papers

	0625 PHYSICS
0625/01	Paper 1 (Multiple Choice), maximum mark 40
0625/02	Paper 2 (Core), maximum mark 80
0625/03	Paper 3 (Extended), maximum mark 80
0625/05	Paper 5 (Practical), maximum mark 60
0625/06	Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2003 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	de:
	mark available	А	С	Е	F
Component 1	40	-	27	23	19
Component 2	80	-	51	39	29
Component 3	80	54	33	-	-
Component 5	60	49	39	31	24
Component 6	40	31	24	18	13

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0625 (Physics) in the November 2003 examination.

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.





INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

### **MAXIMUM MARK: 40**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/01

# **PHYSICS** Paper 1 (Multiple Choice)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	1

Question Number	Key	Question Number	Key
1	D	21	Α
2	С	22	D
3	Α	23	С
4	С	24	В
5	С	25	Α
6	В	26	В
7	С	27	В
8	Α	28	В
9	С	29	В
10	D	30	D
11	D	31	С
12	В	32	С
13	D	33	В
14	D	34	В
15	D	35	В
16	Α	36	С
17	D	37	Α
18	Α	38	Α
19	В	39	С
20	В	40	Α

TOTAL 40



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

### MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/02

PHYSICS

Paper 2 (Core)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	PHYSICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2

### NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in the candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means 'correct answer only'.
- e.c.f. means 'error carried forward'. This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applied to marks annotated 'e.c.f.'.
- e.e.o.o. means 'each error or omission'.
- Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for '10', regardless of the unit given.
- <u>Underlining</u> indicates that this **must** be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- Un.pen. means 'unit penalty'. An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

	Pag	je 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			PHYSICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2
Q	UEST	<u>'ION</u>	SCHEME	<u>TARGET</u> <u>GRADE</u>	MARK
1	(a)	(i)	G within block, to left of vertical through midpoint or AB	F	B1
		(ii)	Vertical line shown through A	С	B1
	(b)		A	F	M1
			more stable (or equivalent statement) e.g. less likely to to topple or "weight within base"	F	A1
	(c)		so it does not topple over (or equivalent)	F	<u>B1</u>
					5
2			reference mark on wheel	*"(use stop	
			datum line (could be "top" or "bottom")	time…" get of these	s only one
			*start timing/stopwatch as mark passes datum line		
			time a number of rotations (accept 1 here)	5C	B5
			time at least 20 rotations	any 5	
			*stop stopwatch	5	
			divide time by number of rotations		
			repeat		
			make sure stopwatch at zero		<u>5</u>
3			gravitational OR potential OR PE OR GPE	F	B1
			motion OR KE OR kinetic		
			heat/internal/thermal $\rightarrow$ any order (-1 eeoo)	3F	B3
			sound		
			heat (accept potential)	С	B1
			OR internal/thermal		
			NOT strain potential/NOT chemical potential		
			NOT sound, even as an extra		<u>5</u>
4	(a)		vehicle 2	F	 M1
	()		large(r) <u>area</u> (in contact with ground)	С	A1
			low/less <u>pressure</u>	C	A1
			less likely to sink/get stuck	F	A1
	(b)	(i)	small area	F	C1
	(~)	(-)	large pressure	F	B1
		(ii)	(weight spread over) large(r) area NOT body area	C	B1
		()	small/less pressure	C	B1
			reference to weight somewhere in (b)	c	<u>B1</u>
				0	<u>9</u>
	(-)	(i)	ray perpendicular to surface at A (by eye)	F	<u>₽</u>
5	(a)				
5	(a)		normal at B correct (by eye)	F	B1
5	(a)	(ii)	normal at B correct (by eye) ray refracted down at B, but NOT along surface	F C	B1 B1
5	(a)		normal at B correct (by eye) ray refracted down at B, but NOT along surface normal at D correct (by eye)		B1 B1 B1

	Page 3		Mark	Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			PHYSICS – NO	OVEMBER 2003	0625	2
	(b)		converging OR will meet OR "opposite"	*one up, one down ALLOW *	C *only if diagr	B1 am acceptable
			same deviation (or equivalent same"	t) OR "angles of refraction	С	B1
	(c)		straight on OR split (dependir change (indirection) OR not r	ng on thickness of "ray") OR no efracted	F	<u>B1</u> <u>8</u>
6	(a)	(i)	speed		F	 B1
		(ii)	frequency, ALLOW waveleng	th	С	B1
		(iii)	wavelength		F	B1
	(b)		gamma OR $\gamma$ OR cosmic		С	<u>B1</u>
			condone x-rays as an extra			<u>4</u>
7	(a)		straight line sloping up to righ	ıt	F	B1
			through origin		F	B1
	(b)	(i)	voltmeter OR multimeter on v	olts range (condone spelling)	F	B1
		(ii)	potential difference OR p.d. C	DR volts/voltage ( <b>no</b> e.c.f.)	F	B1
		(iii)	ammeter OR multimeter on c spelling)	urrent/amps range (condone	F	B1
		(iv)	current OR intensity OR amp e.c.f.) NOT A	s/amperes OR ampage ( <b>no</b>	F	B1
		(v)	evidence of 7.5		F	C1
			evidence of 0.3		F	C1
			7.5/0.3 OR V/I OR volts/curre	ent e.c.f. if written down	С	C1
			25 e.c.f. only if V/I used		С	A1
			$\Omega$ or ohm		С	B1
		(vi)	hisR/50		F	C1
			0.5 (Ω/m) e.c.f.		С	<u>A1</u>
						<u>13</u>
8	(a)		EITHER	OR		
			iron filings	(plotting) compass	F	B1
			NOT "put" sprinkle/spread/pour/scatter	place near end of magnet	F	B1
			tap card	mark end(s) of compass	С	B1
			further detail	further detail	С	B1
	(b)		attraction of compass S pole			
			repulsion of compass N pole			
			attraction of S pole of anothe	r magnet 🔶 any 1	F	B1
			repulsion of N pole of anothe	r magnet		
			attraction of Earth's N pole			
			repulsion of Earth's S pole	J		<u>5</u>

	Pag	je 4		rk Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			PHYSICS –	NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2
)	(a)	(i)	decreases		F	M1
			by 2		С	A1
		(ii)	decreases		F	M1
			by 2		С	A1
		(iii)	decreases		С	B1
	(b)		66 (yrs)		F	C1
			evidence of 3 half-lives		С	C1
			fraction 1/8 seen or implied	d	С	C1
			400		С	<u>A1</u>
						<u>9</u>
0	(a)		points plotted correctly + -	1 5 small square (–1 eeoo) ignore	3F	B3
			4			
	(h)		0,0 (-1 for very large blobs	,	F	B1
	(b)			CEPT point circled on graph		
	(c)			an before (for same load increase) oportional limit in some way	С	B1
	(d)		EITHER	OR		
			measure unloaded length ALLOW "measure spring" NOT extension	idea of fixed end and free end	F	B1
			measure loaded length NC extension	DT note position of free end, no load	F	B1
			subtract	measure movt. free end,	F	<u>B1</u>
				loaded		<u>8</u>
1	(a)	(i)	100		F	B1
		(ii)	0		F	B1
		(iii)	indication to the left of 0°C	mark	С	B1
	(b)		expansion of a solid	$\overline{)}$		
			expansion of a gas/pressu	re of a gas		
			current/pd/e.m.f. of a thern	nocouple		
			conductivity/resistance of a	a conductor/wire/thermistor, ar	ny 1 C	B1
			colour of a hot wire			
			melting of a wax			
			NOT expansion of alcohol	ACCEPT density of a liquid		<u>4</u>
2	(a)		$N_1/N_2 = V_1/V_2$ in any for	rm	F	C1
			8000/N <sub>2</sub> = 240/6 or correc	t substitution into correct equation	F	C1
			200 ALLOW I	B1 for 20 if 800 used instead of orking must be shown)	F	A1
	(b)	(i)	200 e.c.f. i.e. his <b>(a)</b>		F	B1
		(ii)	400 e.c.f. i.e. 2 x his (a), e	evaluated	С	<u>B1</u>
						5



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

### **MAXIMUM MARK: 80**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/03

**PHYSICS** Paper 3 (Extended)



	Page 1	Mark Scheme Syllabus	Pape	er
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 0625	3	
1 (-)	(i) 7(0		A1	
1 (a)			A1	
	. ,	or 0 – 2s or other correct description	C1	
		nce = av. speed x time or area under graph		
4.5		nce 11 x 2 m= 22 m	A1	4
(b)		leration (now) uniform (test 2)	B1	
		er/lower (average) value/value between that of PQ and QR/takes longer alues) time to come to rest.	B1	
	(ii) dece	leration = change in speed/time or 15/8	C1	
	value	$e = 1.9 \text{ m/s}^2$	A1	4
(c)	(i) grap	h shows constant acceleration	B1	
	force	e = ma (and m is also constant) so force is constant	B1	
	(ii) towa	rds the centre of the motion/circle	A1	3
				[11
2 (a)	pres	sure = depth x g x density of water	C1	
	pres	sure = 50 x 10 x 1000	C1	
	so va	alue is 500 000 Pa or N/m <sup>2</sup>	<b>A</b> 1	3
(b)	force	e = pressure x area in any form	C1	
	force	e = 500 000 x 0.15 x 0.07	C1	
	force	e = 5250 N	A1	3
				[6]
3 (a)	one	slightly nearer the centre than the other	C1	
	20 kg	g is the nearer one to the pivot	<b>A</b> 1	2
(b)	Cloc	kwise moments = anticlockwise moments (about point/pivot)	A1	1
	(acce	ept opposite directions and equal)		
(c)	18x2	.5=20xB	C1	
	dista	nce = 2.25(m)	A1	2
				[5]
1 (a)	Som	e have extra/more energy than others	B1	
. /		energetic leave surface/ break liquid bonds etc	B2	M
(b)		oration occurs strictly at the surface/at all temperature	B1	
. ,		ng occurs throughout liquid/ at one temperature (at normal at. pr.)/100°C	B1	2
(c)		gy supplied = Wt /60 x 120	C1	
(-)		tent heat = energy/mass evaporated or 60 x 120/3.2	C1	
		e is 2250 J/g	A1	3
		5		[7]
5 (a)	(i) nitro	gen	M1	_
	.,	er-solid-molecules very tightly bonded together so separate little	B1	
		r – liquid – molecules less tightly bonded/still small separation	B1	
	nitro	gen – gas – molecules "free" and not bonded so separate most	B1	M3
		accept 2 bonding statements for 2 marks. 1 separation statement for 1 mark)		

Ľ	Ρ	age 2	Mark Scheme Syllabus	Pape	er
L			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 0625	3	
(b)	) (i)	size of mo	ovement/change in length of liquid column per degree	B1	
	(ii)	change in	length (of liquid column) same for all degrees	B1	2
					[5]
(a)		3 more ro	ughly circular	B1	
		all drawn	clearly circular, stop (well) clear of barrier and centred on slit	B1	
		waveleng	th constant throughout, both sides of barrier	B1	3
(b)		waveleng	th – speed/frequency in any form	C1	
		values su	bstituted correctly	C1	
		answer 6	x 10 m	A1	3
					[6]
' (a)	)	two dots,	marked F, each 5.0 cm from the lens	A2	2
(b)		each corr	ect ray one mark	M2	2
(c)	)	correct im	nage, labeled I	A1	1
(d)			along the axis undeviated/object distance same for all object/rays meet at ance on image/image distance same for all image	B1	1
(e)		magnifyin	g glass/eyepiece of telescope or microscope	B1	1
					[7]
(a)	(i)	0-6 (V) po	ositive and negative	A1	
	(ii)	all waves	roughly 6V amplitude	B1	
		3 waves a	approx. one wave every 0.1 s	B1	3
(b)		any ment	ion of magnetic field	B1	
		coils (forc	ed to) cut magnetic field	B1	
		includes e	e.m.f./voltage/current in the coils	B1	
		as in Flen	ning's R.H. rule	B1	М3
(c)		mechanic	al energy/work (in)/kinetic energy	B1	
		electrical	(out) (+ heat) (ignore sound)	B1	2
					[8]
(a)	(i)	regular (b	ut)/not normal (sine) wave/several waves added together etc.	B1	
. ,	(ii)	1.6(V)		A1	
	(iii)		nown voltage to Y plates (without any changes to C.R.O.)	B1	
	. ,		gainst screen values	B1	4
(b)	) (i)		accept 6 or any value in range 6.0 to 6.2)	A1	
. ,	(ii)		10 cm or 5 ms per cm e.c.f.	C1	
	. /		5 ms or 31 ms	A1	
	(iii)		e in time of runners finishing race or other timing between two closely	B1	4
	()	separated	• • • •		[8]

F	Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape	r
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	3	
10 (a)	current =	power/voltage or 150/12		C1	
	value is 1	2.5 A		A1	2
(b) (i)	sum of cu	rrents at junction = current after junction/12.5 A = 5.0 A +	I	C1	
	value is 7	.5 A		A1	
(ii)	power = \	/I or is 7.5 x 12 e.c.f from <b>(i)</b>		C1	
	value is 9	0 W		A1	
(iii)	resistanc	e = voltage/current or 12/7.5 e.c.f. from (i) but not from (a)		C1	
	value is 1	.6Ω		A1	6
					[8]
11 (a)	top line c	prrect, need 24 and 0		B1	
	bottom lir	e correct, need 12 and –1 (accept $\beta$ or e for electron		B1	2
(b)	particles	ake curved path (accept from diagram)		B1	
. ,		ween the poles at right angles to lines of force		B1	
	move out			B1	3
(c) (i)	use detec	to to pick up <u>radiation</u> (from isotope at points on/in body o	etc.)	B1	
.,.,		it where circulation good or v.v. explained	,	B1	
(ii)	•	ticles all absorbed, none detected			
	beta particles may be largely absorbed, not penetrative enough				
			two	B2	4
	5				[9]
				тот	



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

# **MAXIMUM MARK: 60**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/05

**PHYSICS** Practical



Page	1 Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – November 20	03 0625	5
(b)(c)	Table A, 6 temps, decreasing		1
( )( )	Table B, 6 temps, decreasing		1
	Temp unit		1
	Time unit		1
	Evidence of temp to better than 1°C		1
	Consistently better than 1°C		1
(d)	Graph:		
	Time axis suitable (no '3' scales allowed)		1
	Time axis labeled		1
	Check plots at 210 s and 240 s		1
			1
	lines judgement (best fit curves)		1
	lines thickness		1
	Both lines correctly labeled		1
(e)	Conclusion:		
.,	Correct statement in relation to candidate's lines		1
	Explained with correct reference to gradients		
	(if previous mark scored)		1
		то	TAL 15
(b)	x = 20.0 (cm)		1
(c)	y value less than 25 cm		1
	y value to nearest mm		1
(d)	d = 25 (cm) (allow e.c.f.)		1
	t value correct arith		1
(e)			I
(f)	x = 30 (cm)		1
	y value in range 30.0 – 37.5 (cm)		1
	d = 37.5 (cm) (allow e.c.f.)		1
	all x, y, d consistently in mm, cm or m (unit stated at le	east once)	1
	x, y d units stated every time t value correct arith		1
	t values within 0.5 cm of each other		1 1
, .			
(g)	average t; correct method		1
	final answer to 2/3 sf		1
	with correct unit		1
		то	ται 15

TOTAL 15

Page 2		2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – November 2003	0625	5
		Trace	3		
		Neat	thin lines		1
		Lines	s complete		1
		A and	d B correct positions		1
		New	B correct		1
		i = r (	by eye)		1
		CD a	t least 5 cm		1
		Seco	nd CD at least 5 cm		1
		Strai	ght lines extended to X		1
		XA d	rawn and Y labeled		1
	(j)	AY c	orrect to 2 mm		1
		YX c	orrect to 2 mm		1
		AY a	nd YX same to within 10 mm		1
	(k)	Thick	ness of mirror OR thickness of pins OR thickness of lines		1
	(I)	Preca	aution (pin separation, view bases, vertical pins)		1
		Reas	on		1
				тс	TAL 15
	<b>(b)–(g)</b> x in m, cm or mm			1	
		Vin	V		1
		k in \	//m, V/cm or V/mm		1
		corre	ct x values (0.200, 0.400, 0.800 m)		1
		all x t	to nearest mm		1
		x con	isistent sf		1
		evide	ence of V to better than 0.5 V		1
		all V	to better than 0.5 V		1
		3 k v	alues		1
		Chec	k second k value, correct		1
		all k t	to 2 sf OR all k to 3 sf		1
		all k s	same to within 10%		1
	(h)	(volta	age increases with length)		1
		OR v	oltage proportional to length		2
		k = c	onstant OR figures correctly quoted		1
				тс	TAL 15



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

### **MAXIMUM MARK: 40**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/06

### **PHYSICS** Alternative to Practical



	Page 1		llabus	Paper
	-		0625	6
1	(a)	wind string round more than once		1
		divide measured length by number of turns to find c		1
	(b) (i)	correct diagram, blocks parallel, one at each end		1
	(ii)	119 mm OR 11.9 cm to 121 mm OR 12.1 cm		1
	(c)	V = 32.39 to 32.41 cm <sup>3</sup>		1 1
	(d) (i)	$V_{m} = 0.5 - 2 \text{ cm}^{3}$		1
	(ii)	correct calculation and 2/3 sf (ignore unit)		1
				TOTAL 8
	(a) (i)(ii)	2 neat continuous rays (thickness up to as EF)		1
	(iii)	normal where incident ray meets mirror (90° by eye)		1
	(iv)	i = 20° $\pm$ 1° (allow e.c.f. if mark for normal not scored)		1
	(b) (i)(ii)	lines complete and neat with AX correctly intersecting		1
	(iii)	AY = 5.9 – 6.1 cm AND YX = 5.5 + 0.3 cm		1
	(c)	any one from:		
		thickness of mirror		
		thickness of lines		
		thickness of pins		
		judgement of where lines cross		1
				TOTAL 6
	(a)	pointer at 0.35 A		1
	(b) (i)	variable resistor/rheostat/potentiometer		1
	(ii)	V		1
		A		1
		Ω		1
		One R correct		1
		All R correct (6.129, 5.769, 4, correctly rou	nded)	1
		Consistent sf for R (either all 2 sf or all 3 sf)		1
	(iii)	variable resistor/number of cells		1
	(c)	Voltmeter in parallel with resistors (or power source)		1
		Ammeter next to X		1
		Symbols correct and all connections drawn in		1
				TOTAL 12

	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	3 0625	6
4	(a)	a) Scales: y-axis 1N = 4 cm; x-axis 1m/s2 = 4/5 cm right way round			1
		Bot	h axes labelled with quantity and unit		1
		Plo	ts to ½ sq (-1 each error or omission, minimum mark	zero)	2
		Line	e thickness less than 1 mm and no 'blob' plots		1
		We	ll judged best fit single straight line		1
	(b)	Large triangle used (> ½ line) clear on graph			1
		Inte	erpolation to ½ sq (if large enough tr	iangle present)	1
		Val	ue 1.38 – 1.48		1
		kg a	and 2/3 sf		1
					TOTAL 10
5	(a)	Tw	o from:		
		san	ne volume of water		
		san	ne starting temperature of water		
		san	ne size/shape/type beakers		
		san	ne thickness/mass/volume of insulator		
		san	ne room temp		2
	(b)	64°	C (with unit)		1
	(c)	В			1
					TOTAL 4