## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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## **Notes about Mark Scheme Symbols and Other Matters**

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures  $\geq$  2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

Units Deduct one mark for each incorrect or missing unit from an answer that would otherwise gain all the marks available for that answer: maximum 1 per question.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

		_	IGCSE – May/June 2011	0625	31	
1	(a)		s correctly plotted ±½ small square ine of best fit for candidate's points		B1 B1	
	(b)	(i) cand	didate's correct value with unit (± 0.2), (expect 1.2N)	)	B1	
		(ii) rema	ains stationary / nothing happens / no acceleration N	NOT constant spe	eed B1	
	(c)	Correct of	data from candidates graph for $\Delta F$ and $\Delta m$ , used in $\Delta$	ΔF/Δm	B1	
	(d)	(i) F = 1	ma in any form, letters, words		B1	
			lient = F/a OR gradient = m ignore m=F/a didate's (c) with correct unit		C1 A1	
	(e)	straight l	ine of positive gradient		B1	[9]
2	(a)		/height AND tape measure/(metre) rule(r) OR load OR force		B1	
		ANĎ ba	alance/scale(s) OR newton-meter/spring balance/fo	orce meter	B1 B1	
	(b)		work/time OR energy/time in any form ords or numbers seen anywhere e.g. 528 x 5		C1	
			force × distance in any form		C1 A1	
	(c)		$y = E_{out}/E_{in} OR P_{out}/P_{in} seen anywhere, clearly identifix (20/11) × 5$	fied		
		OR (worl	k done =) 800 × 20 × 0.3 OR 800 × 20 × 30 OR 480 used =) 32,000 J	00 (J) OR 720 (J)	C1 A1	[8]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

**Paper** 

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3	(a) (i)	sma	ller because <u>area</u> smaller		B1	
	(ii)	sma	ller because depth/height smaller ignore less wat	ter	B1	
	(b) (i)	<i>hρ</i> g 1.2 ×	OR 12 × 1000 × 10 × 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa OR 1.1772 × 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa OR 1.176 × 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa a	accept N/m²	C1 A1	
	(ii)		didate's <b>(i)</b> + 1.0 × 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa correctly evaluated wi × 10 <sup>5</sup> )	ith unit (correct v	alue B1	
	(iii)	<i>p</i> ₁ <i>V</i> ₁	$p_1 = p_2 V_2$ in any form		C1	
			0.5 × candidate's (ii)/10 <sup>5</sup> correctly evaluated		A1	
	(iv)	valu	e in (iii) too small OR volume larger o.w.t.t.e.		B1	[8]
4	` '		/ <u>variable</u> resistor AND control/vary/change/ limit resistance/power/voltage <u>across heater</u>		В1	
	(b) (i)	<i>P</i> = 1.25	<i>VI</i> in any form OR ( <i>I</i> =) <i>P</i> / <i>V</i> is A		C1 A1	
	(ii)		e) $V/I$ in any form words or numbers age across X =) 2.4 (V) OR 6 - 3.6 (V) $\Omega$ e.c.f. from <b>(b) (i)</b>		C1 C1 A1	
	` '	-	unning down/going flat/energy <u>of battery</u> used up Ol e/increasing resistance (of heater) NOT resistance o		B1	
	(d) (i)	trans	sformer condone step-up OR potential divider/poten	ntiometer NOT ext	ras B1	
	(ii)	diod	e OR rectifier OR L.E.D. NOT extras		B1	[9]

			IGCSE – May/June 2011	0625	31	
5	(a) (	i) po	otential difference OR e.m.f. OR voltage ignore volts			
	(i	i) fre	equency accept cycles/s ignore waves/s	all 3	B1	
	(ii	i) po	ower accept energy/s			
	(b) (	i) ca	ase/frame/outside/base/parts that can be touched ignor	e metal parts	B1	
	(i		ectric shock/electrocution/death by electricity o.w.t.t.e. ve wire touches case	ignore anything e	else B1 B1	
	(	heaters in parallel with any supply (M0 if no supply, clear break in circuit, short across supply or heater) one switch controlling both heaters <u>and</u> one switch controlling one heater			M1	
		OR one switch in series with each element				
			al case: heaters in series with supply and <u>one</u> switch shor AND another switch in series with supply	orting out <u>one</u>	B2	[6]
6	(a) A	A and	С		B1	
	(b) (	i) 4.2	2 × 10 <sup>10</sup> years		B1	
	(i	OI	ea of decay OR changes proton/neutron/nucleon numb R change into another nuclide/isotope/element/type of R emits $\alpha/\beta$ particle (ignore γ / radiation)		В1	
	(ii	OI	ea of insignificant change in activity during stated time R experiment time insignificant c.f. 1.4 × 10 <sup>10</sup> years OR long time to decay	up to 5 × 10 <sup>9</sup> yea R long half life	ars B1	[4]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

	. ugo o		IGCSE – May/June 2011 0625	31	
7	shown ir angles <i>i</i> sin <i>i</i> /sin <i>r</i>		fine ray/beam shone into (glass) block / pins appropriately placed n diagram or described & r or C marked on diagram OR sinr/sini OR 1/sinC OR sinC ed in air/speed in glass OR c/v = sini/sinr OR n = 1/sinC OR c/v = 1/sin	B1 B1 B1 C B1	
	(b) (i	0.00	$f\lambda$ OR 240/1.9 × 10 <sup>5</sup> OR $T=d/s$ AND $f=1/T$ 0126 Hz OR 0.0013 Hz NOT 0.0012 Hz ore more than 3 s.f. accept s <sup>-1</sup>	B1 A1	
	(ii	i) dista (tim (tim	rance = speed × time in any form accept $s = 2d/t$ ne for tremor =) 240 (s) or 4 mins also gives first C1 ne for tsunami = ) 2500 (s) or 41 mins 40 s also gives first C1 nrning time = ) 2260 (s) or 37 mins 40 s	C1 C1 C1 A1	[10]
8	(a) (i	•	al (internal) reflection OR reflection but no refraction/doesn't emerge gle (of incidence) > critical angle	B1 B1	
	(i	•	al reflection + 0 or 1 further reflection only, not at lower surface st be straight and reach within 1cm of end	В1	
	(b) (i		nds easily/less likely to break (ignore stronger) OR smaller pixels/ re detail/greater resolution/see smaller objects/wider field of view	B1	
	(ii	i) ligh	t travels down/along/through fibres	B1	
	(ii	i) ligh	t/image returns up/along/through fibres ignore cameras	B1	[6]
9	(a) (i	i) dow dow	vn vn OR anti-clockwise	B1	
	(i	•	is parallel to the field/doesn't cut field or vice-versa/not at angle to field ore BC not perpendicular to field	B1	
		continues moving/turning NOT reverse/other direction		M1	
		idea of moving things continue moving OR reference to Newton's Laws OR reference to momentum/KE/inertia NOT reference to force still acting			

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

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	(c)	iron incr stro sma curv moi pole	core ease inger aller a ved p re effi es clo	current/voltage magnet air gap soles icient brushes oser		B1	
		use	spiit-	-ring commutator )		[5]	
10	(a)	rele	ase o	of electrons due to heating/high temperature/heater		B1	
	(b)	ano	des e	'-plates labelled either order, labelled, either plates/cylinders with hole ube of sensible shape	es	B1 B1	
		ANI ord	D cat er	thode AND anode(s) AND X- & Y- plates, all three of needed for last mark but if given must be correct	e features in co	rrect B1	
	(c)	OR OR	cha cha	current in filament/cathode/heater IGNORE limit ange temperature/heat/power/energy of filament/cathange cathode-anode p.d./voltage ange charge/voltage of grid	node/heater	В1	
	(d)	(i)		Q/t in any form 119 A OR 1.9 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> A OR 1.9 mA		C1 A1	
		(ii)		$VIt$ OR $VQ$ in any form, words, symbols, numbers ( J OR candidate's $I \times 100~000$ correctly evaluated		C1 A1	[9]
11	(a)	(l=)		1.2 × 10 <sup>4</sup> × 9 OR 1.2 × 10 <sup>4</sup> × (11 – 2) OR <i>E</i> /0.36 OR <i>Pt/m</i> OR <i>Pt</i> /0.36 J/kg		C1 C1 A1	
	(b)	(i)	liqui	d ignore vapour/gas/water		A1	
		(ii)	igno mov brea attra	re around more rapidly / faster / more KE re <b>start to</b> vibrate etc but accept starts to vibrate far re further apart / spreads out (NOT molecules expan re fix free / evaporate / overcome bonds / overcome faction /escape / change state (accept boils) rection (current)	d) 📙 any	/2 B1	[6]