## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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## NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets. e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- un.pen. means "unit penalty". An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

P		ige 3	Je 3 Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2007		Pape 02	r
				0625	TARGET GRADE	MARK
1	(a)		s hand at 35 s hand at or just to R of 60 (up to ½ division)		F C	B1 B1
	(b)		s hand at 55 s hand between 4 and 5		F C	B1 B1
	(c)	4 minute	es 20 s		F [Tota	B1 al: <b>5]</b>
2	(a)	speed = 400 (s)	distance/time in any form OR 4800/12		F F	C1 A1
	(b)	horizont	line up to 12 m/s, 20s ± ½ small square tal line for 400 s (e.c.f. for start point and from <b>(a)</b> ) line down to 0 m/s at 500 s		F F F	B1 B1 B1
	(c)	OR accel. d decel. d NOTE: l	e = ½ base x height area under graph OR equation of motion istance = 120 m istance = 480 m NO MARKS for using <b>(d)</b> and then going back to <b>(c)</b> tance = 120 + 4800 + 480 stated		F C C	C1 A1 A1 A1
	(d)	average speed = total distance/total time OR 5400/500 OR 5400/920 10.8 (m/s) OR 11 (m/s) c.a.o.				C1 A1 :: <b>11]</b>
3	(a)	()	cation of force at A vard vertical force OR upward force at rt. angles to	o card	F C	M1 A1
		(ii) larg	est distance from hinge		F	B1
	(b)		of M lies outside base (idea of) ertical through C of M lies outside base (idea of)		F C	C1 A1
	(c)	(i) less	s than		F	B1
		• •	a of C of M of box raised OR matchbox less stable T matchbox is taller	9	С	B1
			[Total: 7]			

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4	(a)	(i) large (bird)		F	M1			
		(ii) greater weight/mass/force of gravity/heavier				F	A1	
	(b)	greater the same				F F	B1 B1	
	(c)	sma	small (bird)					
	(d)	lost/turned into/decreased (accept turned into KE) as heat ignore mention of sound					M1 A1	
						[Total: 7]		
5	(a)	soli gas		2, 3 and 6 ticked -1 each error ( use $\checkmark + x = 0$ for 1, 4 and 5 ticked -1 each error ( use $\checkmark + x = 0$ for		F, C F, C	B2 B2	
	(b)	molecules breaking free (of surface) NOT turns into a gas mention of higher energy/faster/mols near surface				F C	M1 A1	
						ſ	Total: 6]	
6	(a)	[ma	ırk in	pairs, use ✓ + × = 0]				
				ecreasing ncreasing		F F	B1 B1	
	(b)	(i) moved out/backwards/to the R				F	M1	
		(ii)		of raised temp increases <u>pressure,</u> erefore move piston out to decrease <u>pressure</u>		С	A1	
						ſ	Total: 4]	
7	(a)	(i)	(goc	od) conductor OR equiv. NOT conductor of elect	ricity	F	B1	
		(ii)		r conductor OR (good) insulator (allow electrical) R to stop your hand getting burned/prevent shock		F	B1	
	(b)	(i)	cond	duction		F	B1	
		(ii)		2 of conduction, convection, radiation ticked I if evaporation ticked)		F, C	B1+B1	
	(c)	equ	al to	40W		С	B1	
						[Total: 6]		

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			IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625	02	2
8	(a)	50			F	B1
	(b)	his <b>(a)</b> x 200 (Hz			F F	C1 A1
	(c)	Yes, be allo	С	B1		
			[Total: 4]			
9	(a)	(i) seri	ies OR potential divider		F	B1
		(ii) 12	(Ω)		F	B1
		6/hi 0.5	V/R in any form is <b>(ii)</b> e.c.f. OR amp(s) OR ampere(s) OR a		F F F	C1 C1 A1 B1
			(iii) x 10 /) e.c.f.		F F	C1 A1
		<b>(v)</b> his	(iv)		С	B1
	(b)		6 (V) 0 (V)		C C	B1 B1
		th	r clear mark positioned below A but not lower than b ne word contact"	oottom of	С	B1
		allow e.c.f. only if 6 and 0 in <b>(i)</b> are reversed		[Total: 12]		
10	(a)		t wire across/to millivoltmeter y mention of connecting to electricity/battery gets B0	here)	F	B1
			ire across magnetic field OR move magnet past w dip magnet into coil made of the wire	vire		
			ndone connect to battery/electricity here)		F	B1
	(b)	millivoltı	meter deflects		F	B1
	(c)	generator OR transformer OR induction coil				
			il on a car OR microphone lay/motor/power station etc		F	B1
					[Total: 4]	

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IGO			IG	CSE – May/June 2007 0625		02	
11	(a)	dot to right of S: dot to left of N: dot by top LH corner:		horiz. line from end/pole, to right (n horiz. line from end/pole, to left (mu smooth curve from end/pole, above	ust not curve)	F F	B1 B1
		-	w magnet:	to equivalent point at south end smooth curve between N and S curve leaving & entering side of ma		F F C	B1 M1 A1
	(b)	arrow cle	early indicating	N to S		F	B1
						[Total: 6]	
12	(a)	(a) (i) 2, 2, 0 (accept blank for 0)			F	B1	
		<b>(ii)</b> 0, 0,	1 (accept bla	nk for 0)		F	B1
	(b)	protons: neutrons electrons		protons		F C F	B1 B1 B1
	(c)	<b>(i)</b> 0				С	B1
		<b>(ii)</b> -1				С	B1
		· / /		DR e OR B OR beta		С	B1
		NOT b			otal: 8]		