CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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	Page 2						k Sche					llabus		Paper		
				IGCSE – October/November 2013 0652						31						
1	(a)	(i)					rrect ± correct								[1] [1]	[2]
		(ii)	if line	e go	es thi	0,0);					(0,0), b nces = 1	ut allow 2, 20, 48	8 etc.);	[1] [1]	[2]
	(b)		Use 210	of g cm/	radie s² or	nt (176 2.1 m /	s ² (acc	/ (0.80 - cept 20	– 0) oı 6 and	use of ignore	d (175,0 <i>a</i> = (<i>v</i> - sig. figs s betwee	- u) / t ;) ;	and 210)		[1] [1] [1]	[3] al 7]
2	(a)		Na ⁺ correc	•	mbols	s 1, 3 c	orrect	charge	s 1) ;						[2]	
	(b)	Feat	O2 : (acce	ent Fe	e ³⁺ 2 O ²⁺	ر.								[1]	
	(~)	. 02	-3,(,400	.	, ,	3)								[Tota	al 21
															[100	ai Jj
3	(a)	boil	ing po	oint	increa	ases (d	down th	ne grou	p/with	n atomi	c numbe	er);			[1]	
	(b)	acc	ept a	ny n	umbe	er betw	een –′	170 and	d –240	(actua	lly –189)			[1]	
	(c)	reco	ognition nmen	on c	nly he at ave	rage d	and/or ensity	of He b	alloor			ir ; sity of ai	r OR		[1] [1] [Tot a	[2] al 4]
4	(a)					<u>tal,</u> (no rent <u>m</u> e		ıp 1 nor	·Hg);						[1] [1]	[2]
	(b)	(not e,m	t acce	ept f oltag	licks ι e pro	up ther duced	n down (accer		nt);	ng char res ;	iges				[1] [1] [+1]	[3]
	(c)	mea mea ope	asure asure erator	es hig es te rem	gh ter mpera ote fr	nperat ature a om the	ure (ig t a poi ermom	nt ; eter/ca	f to lov in be l	inked to	or wide compu h <u>in eng</u>		;	Α	NY 2 [+1] [Tot a	[3] al 8]

	Page 3			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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5	6 (a) (i)			nond strong/covalent bonds or bonds in all direction white has layers which slide/weak bonds between lag		[1] [1]	[2]
	(ii	i)		nond has no free electrons and/or graphite has free		[1]	
			_	raphite electrons are between layers and/or in diamely lived in (strong) bonding;	ond all electrons	[1]	[2]
	(iii	i)		egnition of covalent/strong bonds (so similar mp); e amount of energy needed to separate atoms joine	d by covalent bon	[1] ds; [+1]	[2]
			•	not allow either mark if the candidate states that gra er melting point/has much weaker bonds than diamo	•		
				has weak forces <u>between molecules</u> ; rgy is needed to separate the molecules;		[1] [1]	[2]
	(c) (i	i)		$O_2 + 6H_2O \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$ mark for formulae; one mark for balance;		[2]	
	(ii	i)		rgy carried by e.m. radiation ; orbed by the plant ;		[1] [1]	[2]
						[Total	12]
6	(a) (i	i)	Only	a fraction of incident wave is reflected/wave sprea	ds out etc. ;	[1]	
	(ii	i)	4 ½	squares $\times 0.05 \times 10^{-3} = 2.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s } (0.000225 \text{ s});$		[1]	
	(iii	i)	= 34	ance = $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 10^8 \times 2.25 \times 10^{-4}$; 000 m (accept 33750 m); f $\frac{1}{2} \text{ missed leading to } 68000 \text{m}$);		[1] [1]	[2]
	(b) (i	i)	<u>Use</u> f = 4	of $c = f\lambda \ (\rightarrow f = 3 \times 10^8 / 7.5 \times 10^{-3})$; $0.0 \times 10^{10} \text{Hz}$;		[1] [1]	[2]
	(ii	i)		ile phone communication/cooking/uhf radio commue: Penalise power of ten error once only in the whole		[1]	[1]
						[Tota	al 7]
7	(a) (i	i)		points, including (0,0) plotted to within one small square mark if one point only is missing.incorrect)	are ;	[2]	
	(ii	i)	smo	oth curve within one small square of each point ;		[1]	
				through) lime water ; udy/milky ;		[1] [1]	[2]

	Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper			
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	(c)	(i)	all of	[1]					
		(ii)	RFM CaCO ₃ = 100; number of moles = $40 / 24 \times 10^3$; (ignore power of ten for this mark, but not carry forward)						
			. •	17 g;		[1]	[3]		
	(d)			is steeper than original and starts from $(0,0)$ (to the less at 40cm^3 (same as original line);	eft of original line);	[1] [1]	[2]		
						[Total	11]		
8	(a)	(i)	Tran (acc	nsformer 1 step up/increases the voltage (for transminsformer 2 step down/decreases the voltage (for horwept in correct reference to decrease/increase of curve 1c mark if both 'step up transformer and 'step down	mes) ; rent)	[1] [1]	[2]		
		(ii)		s energy loss (in power lines) ; rence to lower current for same power ;		[1] [1]	[2]		
	(b)	(i)	lattic in a	d conductor; ce of positive ions (not accept if +ve ions move); sea of electrons; trons free to move;		[1] [1] [1] [1]	[4]		
		(ii)		erence to malleability of copper or increase strength of for reference to alloying);	of cable ;	[1]	[1]		
						[Tota	al 9]		
9	(a)	eled diag	ctrons gram	showing four shared electrons between two cas around the carbons; showing two hydrogen atoms for each carbon atoms with the carbon atom;		[1]	[2]		
	(b)	(i)	crac	king (accept thermal decomposition);		[1]			
		(ii)	_	temperature (not accept heat) ; lyst ;		[1] [1]	[2]		
	(c)	(i)		$I C_2H_4 = 28$ and RFM $C_2H_5OH = 46$; s of ethanol = 46 / 28 (= 1.6 kg);		[1] [1]	[2]		
		(ii)	yeas adde (not	nentation ; st ; ed to sugar (allow source of sugar e.g. grapes) ; allow 2 nd and 3 rd marks if the yeast is killed by high t mark if in the presence of oxygen)	emperature, lose	[1] [1] [1]	[3]		
						[Total	10]		

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10 (a) (i) The joining together of two <u>nuclei</u>;

[1]

extra detail (e.g. the release of energy, small (light) nuclei, high energy collision);

[+1] **[2]**

(ii) radio waves

microwaves

thermal (Heat), IR

U.V.

X-ray

γ-rays

visible radiation/light neutrinos/neutrons;

ANY 2 [2]

- **(b) (i)** $((3.3434 \times 2) 6.6810) \times 10^{-27} = 0.0058 \times 10^{-27} \text{kg} = 5.8 \times 10^{-30} \text{kg}$; [1]
 - (ii) $E = mc^2 = (5.8 \times 10^{-30} \times (3 \times 10^8)^2)$ (Formula on its own gains the mark); [1] = 5.2×10^{-13} J; [1] [2]
 - (iii) number of reactions / s = power / energy of each reaction = $4 \times 10^{26} / 5.22 \times 10^{-13}$; [1] = 7.67 × 10³⁸ (s⁻¹); [1] [2]

Note: Penalise power of ten error once only in the whole question.

[Total 9]