CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2				Syllabus	Paper
1	(a) t	to n	reven	IGCSE – October/November 2013 at ink dissolving/running into the water/samples mix	0652	22 [1]
	(α)	(a) to prevent link dissolving/running into the water/samples mix,			[1]	
	(b) i	inso	luble	(in water);		[1]
	(c) ((i)	three	;		[1]
	,	::\	both	have an calcum/anat in common/bath compaced	of O colours	
	(1	ii)		have one colour/spot in common/both composed of have one colour different;	oi 2 colours ,	[2]
						[Total: 5]
2	(a)	(i)	75, 5	51, 27, 3 – all correct ±1 cm ;		[1]
	(1	ii)		els equal distances ; jual time intervals ;		[2]
	(ii	ii)		ce of any two correct distances and times, e.g. (0,0) and (96, 0.80);	
				of change of distance/time ; cm/s ;		[3]
	(b) ((cor	nstant	t) acceleration ;		[1]
						[Total: 7]
3			c acid assiun	d ; m hydroxide/potassium carbonate ;		[2]
	(b) r	neu	tralisa	ation ;		[1]
	(eva cool	porate	valid points: e (to concentrate solution) ; v crystals to form ; dry ;		[max 2]
						[Total: 5]
4	(a) ((i)	conv	rection ;		[1]
	(i	ii)		lle heats the air (accept heats smoke);		
				xpands ; mes less dense (so rises) ;		[3]
	(b) ((i)	infra-	red radiation/visible light ;		[1]
	(i	ii)	the h	not rocks heat the air ;		[1]
						[Total: 6]

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5 (a)
$$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$$

(correct formulae – 1 mark ; correct balancing – 1 mark) ; [2]
(accept $H_2 + O \rightarrow H_2O$ for 1_c)

[Total: 5]

[Total: 6]

[Total: 6]

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8 (a) an electric current has a magnetic field; [1]

- (b) (i) nails move towards the iron (accept attracted to); iron is magnetised; [2]
 - (ii) nails fall to the ground; iron loses magnetism/iron is easily demagnetised/does not retain magnetism; [2]
 - (iii) nails move towards the steel (accept attracted to);
 nails remain on the steel when switch is opened;
 [2]

[Total: 7]

- 9 (a) filtration; chlorination/ozonation; [2]
 - (b) turns blue/white to blue; [1]
 - (c) boil/freeze; 100 °C (at 1 atm pressure)/0°C; [2]

[Total: 5]

- **10 (a) (i)** $12 (\Omega)$; [1]
 - (ii) <u>use of $V = IR \rightarrow I = 6/12$ </u> = 0.5 A; [2]
 - (b) (i) voltmeter; [1]
 - (ii) in parallel over the 4 Ω resistor; [1]
 - (iii) Use of $V = IR = 0.5 \times 4$ (ecf); = 2 V; [2]

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- (c) (i) correct connection; [1]
 - (ii) current greater than in 5.1; with simple explanation e.g. resistance less in parallel circuit; [2]

[Total: 10]

11 (a) any two from:

similar chemical properties; members differ from each other by CH₂; gradation in physical properties; same functional group;

[max 2]

(b) CH₄;
H H
H—C—C—H
H H

 C_3H_8 ; [3]

- (c) fuel; [1]
- (d) (i) alkanes have only single bonds/saturated; alkenes have (at least one) double bond/unsaturated; [2]
 - (ii) bromine water/bromine; [1] decolourised; [1] [2]

[Total: 10]

12 (a) (i) splitting of an atomic nucleus;

detail; e.g. into two (more or less) equal parts/with the release of energy/large nucleus;

[2]

(ii) kinetic energy;

[1]

(b) very high pressure or temperature/shield outside from radioactive emissions/ to protect in case of catastrophic failure;

[1] [Total: 4]

13 (a) 101; [1]

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(b) potassium is 39 × 3 = 117(g);
 whole molecule is 212 or PO₄ is 95;
 which is less than triple potassium or which is less than K₃;
 (accept correct calculation of % potassium, etc.)

[Total: 4]