MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/51

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Paç	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0654	51		
1 (a)	(i)	entry	y for d for 50 g (must be < 60) ;		[1]		
(ii)/(remainder of entries for d (60, 70, 80, 90 g) ; all readings to nearest cm or all to nearest 0.1 cm <i>(consistency)</i> ; d values decrease for increasing m ;			[3]		
(b)	.,	0.01 0.01	nree 1/m values: 7/0.0167 (not 0.016) 4/0.0143 (not 0.0142) 3/0.0125 (not 0.012) ;		[1]		
	. ,	4 po best <i>(no g</i>	cal axis linearly numbered AND labelled ; ints plotted correctly within ½ square ; straight line ; graph marks for plotting wrong column from table bu ulated from a straight line)	ut allow gradient to be	, [3]		
(-	working shown either in space or on graph as coordinates, triangle or Δx and Δy AND change in d must be at least 10 (or 4 cm of paper vertically); gradient value from a correct working method;					
	(r		(no gradient marks from a graph with a curve or point to point lines)				
(iv)	value	e using mass of rule = 300 – (gradient from (b) (iii) /	10) ;	[1]		
(c)	(i)	all mass × distance values calculated and entered in table ; <i>(allow if only four masses in table)</i>					
	(ii)	aver	age mass × distance value ;		[1]		
(iii)	value	e for mass of rule ;		[1]		
(d)	adva	antag	ge of plotting shows anomalous results clearly ;		[1]		
					[Total: 15]		

Page 3		6	Mark Scheme Syllabi		Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0654	51
2	(a) (i)	first	value entered in column 2 of table and < 10 ;		[1]
	(ii)	all re	more readings in column 2 ; eadings to 1 decimal point ; the readings within 0.4 cm ³ ;		[3]
	(iii)		mn 3 completed (10 – column 2) ;		[1]
	(iv)	aver	rage calculation for V_{av} ;		[1]
	(v)	corre corre (corr (calo	ect values used ($V_{av} = (a)(iv)$, $c_a = 0.013$ and $V_a = 1$ ect rearranging $c_s = 2 \times c_a \times V_a/V_{av}$; ect c_s calculated value to 2 (or more) significant figu rect value only scores all 3 marks) culation mark may be awarded following wrong subs	res ;	-
			rangement providing all terms included)		[3]
	(b) (i)	colo	ur = red/orange AND pH = 1 – 4 ;		[1]
	(ii)	colo	ur = yellow (or orange if (b) (i) is red) AND pH > (b)	(i) pH_and < 7 ;	[1]
	(iii)	colo	ur = yellow/green AND pH = 6 – 7 but not < (b)(ii)	рН ;	[1]
	(c) col	our =	purple AND pH = 10 – 14 ;		[1]
	 (d) (calcium hydroxide because) 2 spatula loads calcium carbonate and still not neutral (reference to (b)); 1 spatula load calcium hydroxide produced greater increase in pH (ref to (c)); OR 				
'1 spatula load calcium hydroxide produced greater increase in pH load calcium carbonate' (<i>scores 2 marks</i>) ;;			e in pH than 1 spat	ula [max 2]	

[max 2]

[Total: 15]