## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/32

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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1 (a) one extra electron added for each successive element/same number in outer shell as group number;

(b) metals: Na, Mg, Al and non-metals: Si, P, S, Cl; [1]

(c) (i)  $CaCl_2$ ; [1]

(ii) electrons transferred; two (electrons transferred); from (outer shell) of calcium atom, one to each (outer shell) of two chlorine atoms;

(d) six electrons in all three outer shells; totals of eight electrons in outer shell of sulfur; eight electrons in both oxygen outer shells after bonding; [3]

[Total: 9]

[1]

[3]

- 2 (a) the point at which the whole mass of a body may be considered to act ;; [2] (max 1 mark for use of weight **OR** stating the mass is concentrated at point)
  - (b) (i) use of mg  $\Delta h$  (= 75 × 10 × (2.3 1.1)); = 900 J;
    - (ii) 900 J;
  - (c) use of  $E_k = \frac{1}{2} \text{ mv}^2$  (750 = 0.5 × 75 × v<sup>2</sup>);  $v^2 = 2 \times 900/75$  (= 20); = 45 m/s;
  - (d) (work done against) friction/has KE in horizontal direction as well; [1]

[Total: 9]

- (a) add excess magnesium oxide to sulfuric acid;
   (warm mixture then) filter off excess magnesium oxide;
   evaporate solution to small volume;
   leave to crystallise then filter off crystals and dry;
   [4]
  - (b) MgO(s) + H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>(aq) → MgSO<sub>4</sub>(aq) + H<sub>2</sub>O(*l*) one mark each for: formulae; balance; state symbols; [3]

L	Pa	ge 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	(c)	relative f	formula mass Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub> = 58 ; = 120 :		
			agnesium sulfate = 120 × 5 ÷ 58 (= 10.3 g) ;		[3]
					[Total: 10]
4	(0)	kinatia a	norm.		
4	(a)	kinetic er of the air	mergy ; molecules ;		[2]
	(b)		he input energy/power ; rted to useful energy output ;		[2]
		15 0011401	ned to decidi energy output,		[4]
	(c)	use of po	ower = $VI$ (4.5 × 103 = 230 I);		
		I = 19.6	A ;		[2]
					[Total: 6]
5	(a)	(i) 37 (:	±1) seconds;		[1]
		(ii) all m	nagnesium reacted ;		[1]
	/ <b>L</b> \	oto o m o m .	ava dia at .		
	(D)	steeper ( ending a	t same final volume ;		[2]
	(c)		m <sup>3</sup> hydrogen evolved from 24 g magnesium ; ydrogen evolved ;		
			agnesium = 24 × 78 ÷ 24 000 ;		[4]
		- 0.070(	9),		[4]
					[Total: 8]
6	(a)	(i) rays	refracted towards axis ;		
	` ,	all (r	minimum 2) rays go through <b>F</b> ; continue after <b>F</b> ;		[3]
		-			
		(ii) line	from <b>F</b> to centre of lens ;		[1]
	(b)	ray throu	igh optical centre ;		
	( - /	ray initia	lly parallel to the axis passing through principal focused back to form the image;	S ;	[3]
		rays liab	ou back to form the image,		[3]
	(c)		pright, enlarged ;;		[2]
		(all 3 cor	rect = 2 marks; 2 correct = 1 mark)		
					[Total: 9]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 3

	Page	4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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7	in	(a) metal has lattice of positive ions in sea of electrons; in pure metal layers of atoms can slide over each other easily; in alloy different size atoms prevent easy sliding of layers;			[3]
	(b) (i)	) stee	el coated with layer of zinc ;		[1]
	(ii)	) doe	s not rust even when scratched ;		[1]
	(iii)	•	c is more reactive than iron/steel; cts in preference to iron/steel/idea of sacrificial corre	osion;	[2]
	( <b>c</b> ) go	ood co	nductor of heat ;		[1]
					[Total: 8]
8	(a) (i	) vary	the resistance of <b>X</b> ;		[1]
	(ii)	R=	of gradient (= $(0.36 - 0) \div (4.0 - 0)$ ) <b>or</b> identifying sp 1/gradient <b>or</b> use of points ; 1 $\Omega$ ;	ecific points ;	[3]
		vidence = 44 Ω	e that half diameter increases resistance ; 2 ;		[2]
					[Total: 6]
9	(a) ha	as carb	oon to carbon double bond(s);		[1]
(b) cracking; of alkanes;					[2]
	<ul> <li>(c) n H<sub>2</sub>C = CH<sub>2</sub> on left;</li> <li>one mark for n;</li> <li>(1 mark for an correct representation of one ethene molecule)</li> </ul>		[2]		
					[Total: 5]
10	(a) (i		eration of an emf/current; ductor in a changing magnetic field/moving through	a magnetic field ;	[2]
	(ii)		ut current produces the magnetic field ; produces changing field ;		[2]
	(iii)	<b>)</b> (sof	t) iron ;		[1]
	(iv	•	ily magnetised and demagnetised; eases the field strength/channels the field through the	he secondary coil ;	[2]

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**(b)** 230 : 115 (= 2 : 1); [1]

(c) amplitude ≈ 1 division ; frequency same as input ; [2]

[Total: 10]