UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE				
0652/02	Paper 2	maximum raw mark 80		

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Pa	age 1 Mark Scheme Syllabus		ous	Paper		
			IGCSE – November 2005 065	2	2	
1	(a)	(i)	Convection		1	
		(ii)	Air expands becomes less dense		1 1	3
	(b)	Cond	densation		1	1
	(c)	(i)	Acceleration constant		1 1	
		(ii)	Constant speed/velocity		1	3
					Tota	17
2	(a)	diffus	sion		1	1
	(b)	mole With <i>(an a</i>	ecules of the (coloured) gas collide molecules of air/nitrogen,/oxygen answer based on densities can score 1 mark)		1 1	2
					Tota	13
3	(a)	mild Stair	<i>steel:</i> car bodies, machinery etc. <i>nless:</i> cutlery, chemical plant etc.		1 1	2
	(b)	mild stain	steel rusts (in damp air) less does not rust		1 1	2
					Tota	14
4	(a)	chen therr elect	nical (potential) nal rical (potential)		1 1 1	3
	(b)	(i)	geothermal		1	
		(ii)	non polluting/renewable etc.		1	2
	(c)	Ment good	tion of gravitational or strain potential energy I without spurious energies such as kinetic energy		1 +1	2
					Tota	17
5	(a)	(i)	chromatography		1	
		(ii)	to make colourless components visible		1	2

Page 2			Mark Scheme		Paper	
			IGCSE – November 2005	0652	2	2
	(b)	fracti Bitun boilin <i>OR</i>	onal distillation (both words) nen is the fraction with the highest ng point		1	
		resid	ue left after all others have boiled off		1 2	2
					т	otal 4
6	(a)	Ultra	violet		1 1	I
	(b)	Rem	ains the same		1 1	I
	(c)	X-ray	/		1 1	l
	(d)	20 00	00 – 30 000 (Hz)		1 1	ļ
					т	otal 4
7	(a)	(i)	ethane		1	
		(ii)	correct structure shown		1	2
	(b)	(i)	ethanol		1	
		(ii)	correct structure shown		1	2
	(c)	(i)	poly(e)thene		1	
		(ii)	correct structure shown		1	2
					т	otal 6

Pa	ge 3		Mark Scheme Syllabus		Paper	Paper	
			IGCSE – Novem	ber 2005	0652	2	
8	(a)	Either iron filings method OR plotting compass					
		place sprin finely tap p other	e magnet <u>under</u> paper kle iron filings aper good detail	place magnet <u>on</u> place compass r mark tip and mov repeat and join repeat for more l	paper lear one pole ve tail to mark ines		
			A	Any four points 1+1+1+	1		4
	(b)	Good	I shape and minimum of t	hree good lines from ea	ich end	1	
		Minin Corre	num of five good lines from ect field direction	m each end <u>none</u> touch	ing	1 1	3
						Tota	al 7
9	(a)	17 18 2,8,7	& 2,8,7 (<u>both</u> correct)			1 1 1	3
	(b)	one s Corre	shared pair of electrons act outer shells of electron	IS		1 1	2
	(c)	(i)	transfer of one electron to form Na⁺ and <i>Cl</i> ⁻ <i>(accept labelled diagra</i>	from Na to C <i>l</i> ms)		1 1	
		(ii)	opposite charged ions	attract		1	3
	(d)	liquid solids	contains ions that are fre s contains ions that are he	e to move eld in a lattice		1 1	2
	(e)	TEST	T: add (dilute nitric acid th	nen) aqueous silver nitra	ate	1	
		RES	ULT: white precipitate (bo	oth words)		1	2
						Tota	al 12

Paç	Page 4 Mark Scheme Sylla		Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE – November 2005	0652	2
10	(a)	(i)	Atom has 8 electrons in outer shell (accept full outer shell)		1
		(ii)	Any two of: He nucleus 2 protons and 2 neutrons fast moving/coming from nucleus		1 +1 3
	(b)	Top li Botto	ine correct (216 and 4) m line correct (84 and 2)		1 1 2
	(c)	Evide Clear 1 (mi	ence of halving in equal time periods ly 3 events nute)		1 1 1 3
					Total 8
11	CARE	SON M	ONOXIDE: incomplete combustion (of fuels) that contain carbon (compounds)		1 1
	NITRO	DGEN	OXIDES: Combustion processes in car engines emmitted through exhausts		1 1 4
					Total 4
12	(a)	(i)	heat or roast (in a kiln)		1
		(ii)	CaO CO ₂ (either order)		1 1
		(iii)	endothermic or energy is required		1
		(iv)	TEST: bubble gas through lime water RESULT: goes cloudy or milky		1 1 6
	(b)	neutr	alisation		1 1
					Total 7
13	(a)	Ment Wate Clear	ion of water/ damp r is a conductor · that a large current could pass through consume	er	1 1 1 3
	(b)	(i)	R = V/I or 240/0.25 = 960 ohm		1 1 1
		(ii)	0.5		1 4
					Total 7