

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME		
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
* 8 8	MATHEMATICS		0581/21
2 1	Paper 2 (Extended	d)	October/November 2011
0 2			1 hour 30 minutes
3	Candidates answer on the Question Paper.		
100*	Additional Materia	als: Electronic calculator Mathematical tables (optional)	Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

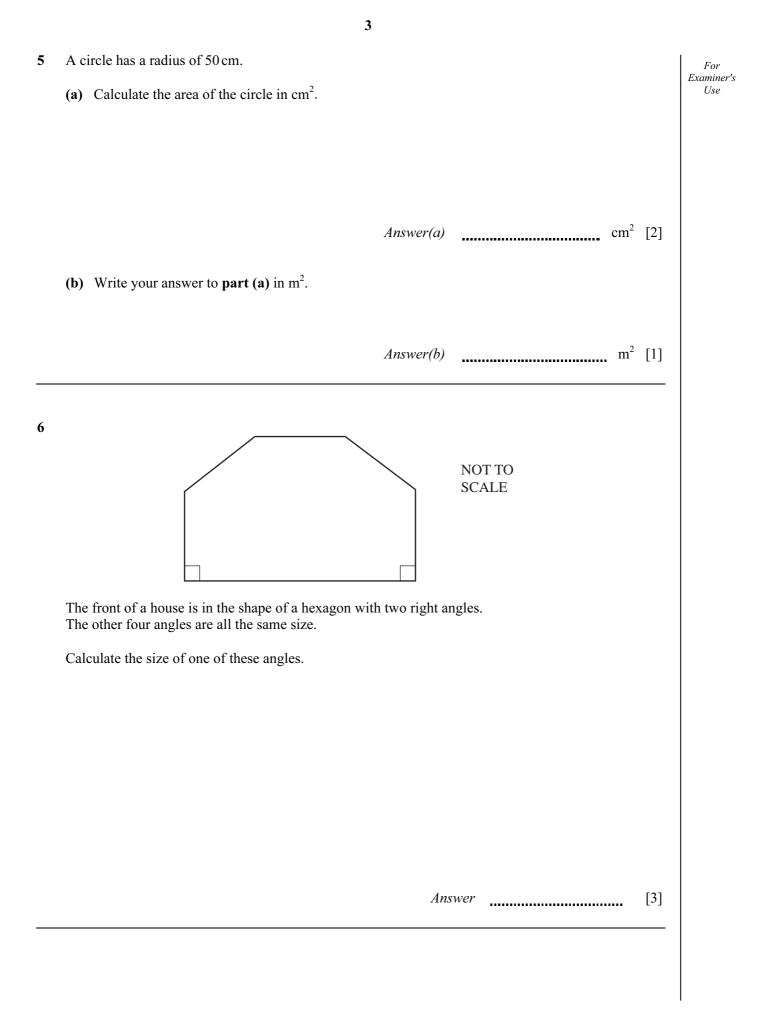
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

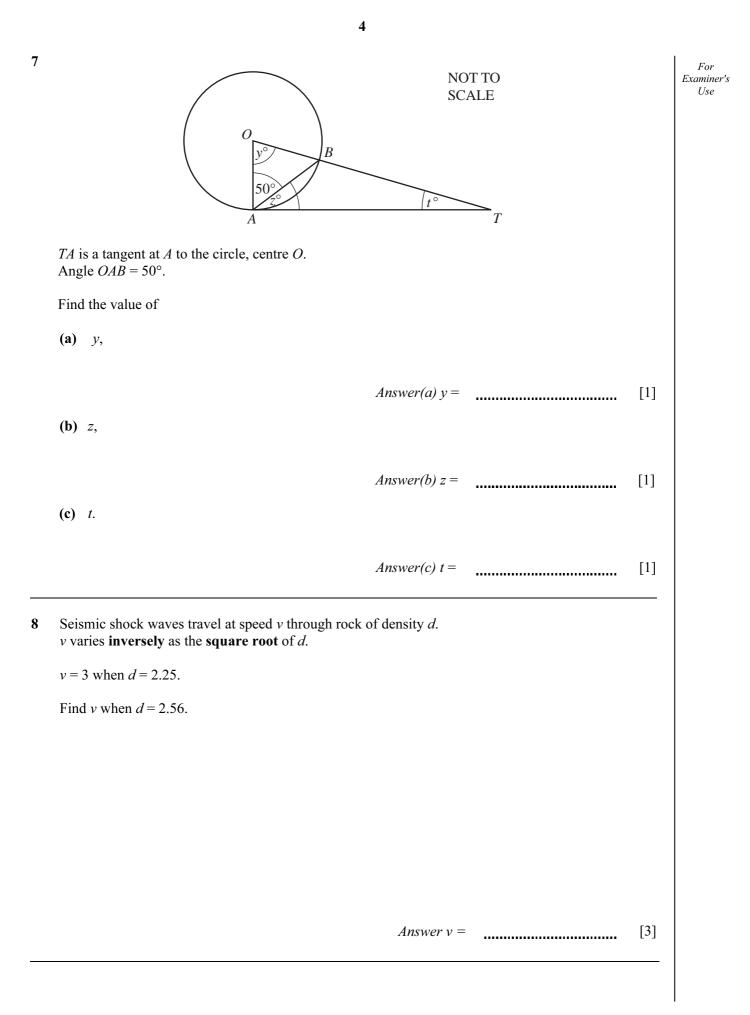
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 70.

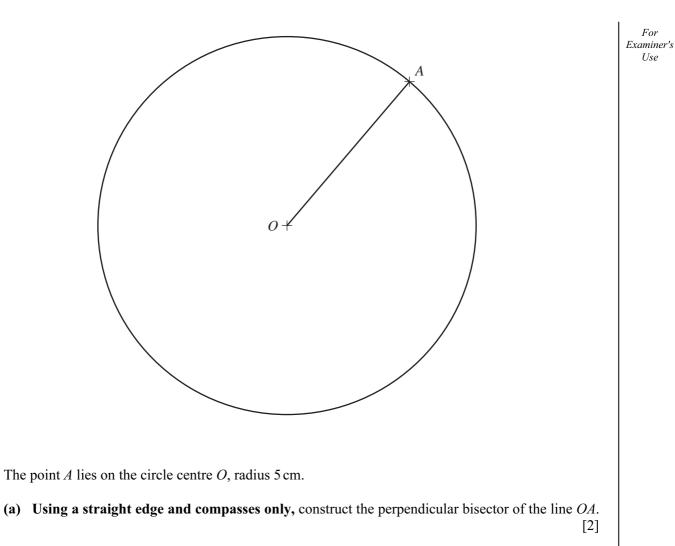
This document consists of 12 printed pages.



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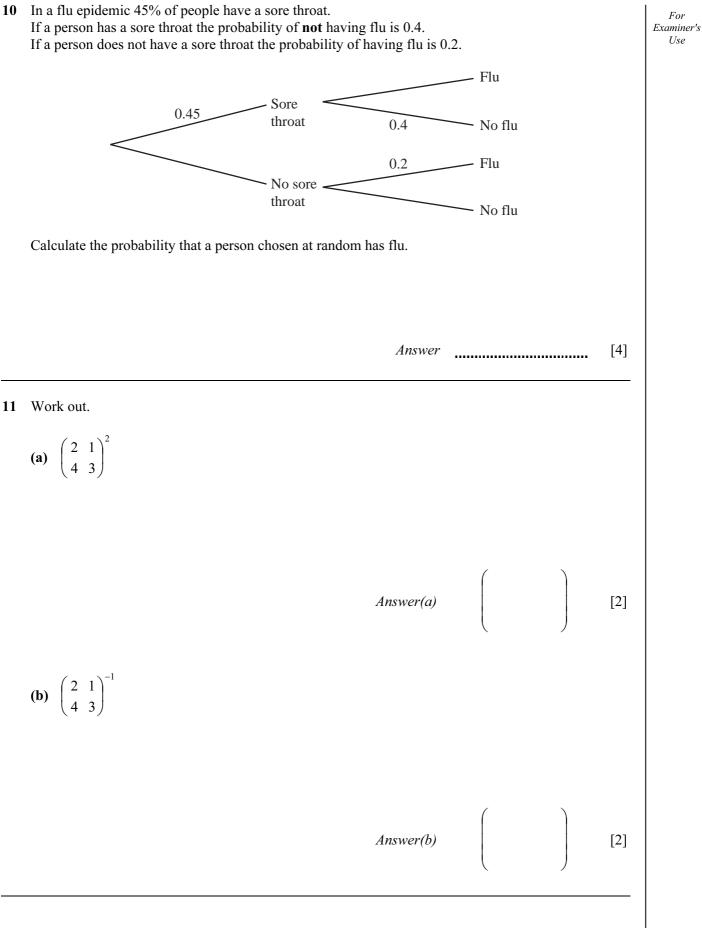


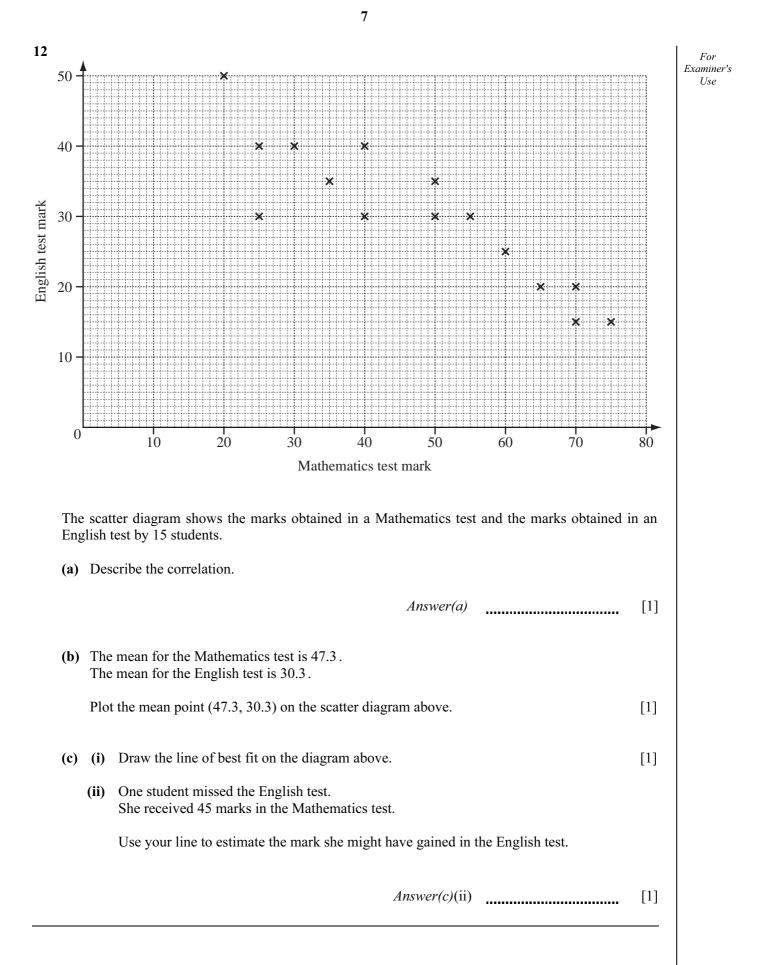
(b) The perpendicular bisector meets the circle at the points C and D.

Measure and write down the size of the angle AOD.

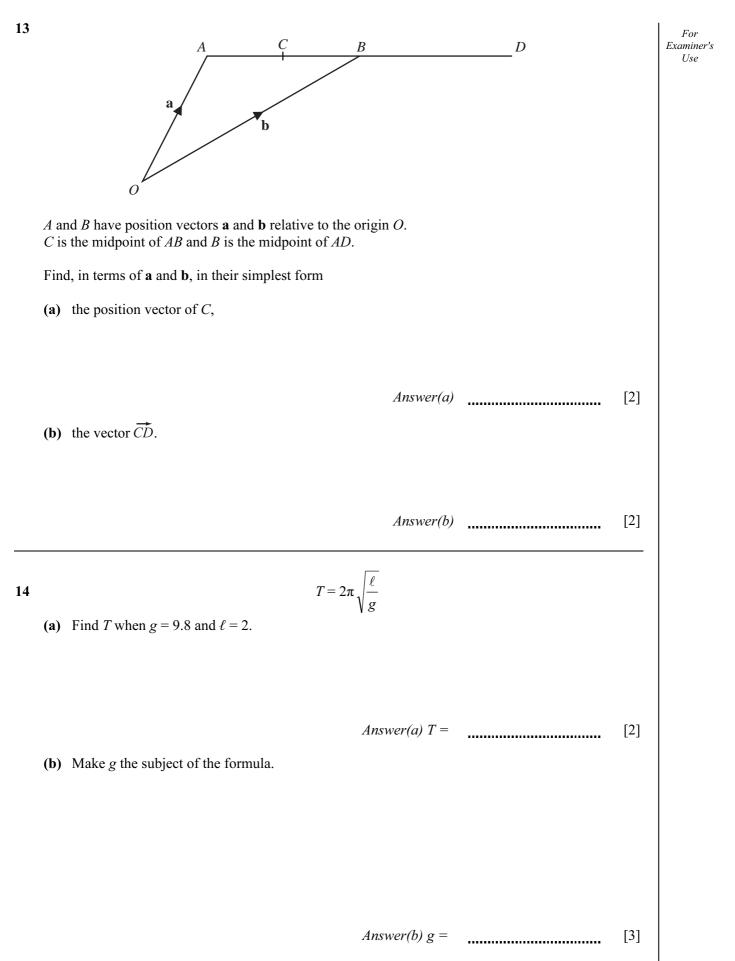
Answer(b) Angle AOD =[1]

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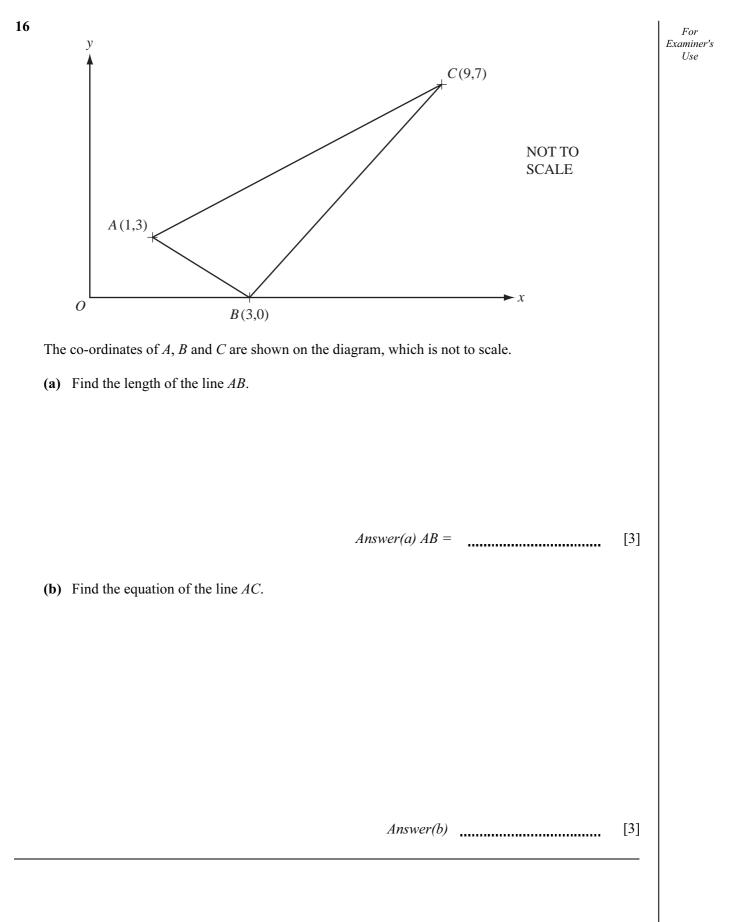
15 A container ship travelled at 14 km/h for 8 hours and then slowed down to 9 km/h over a period of

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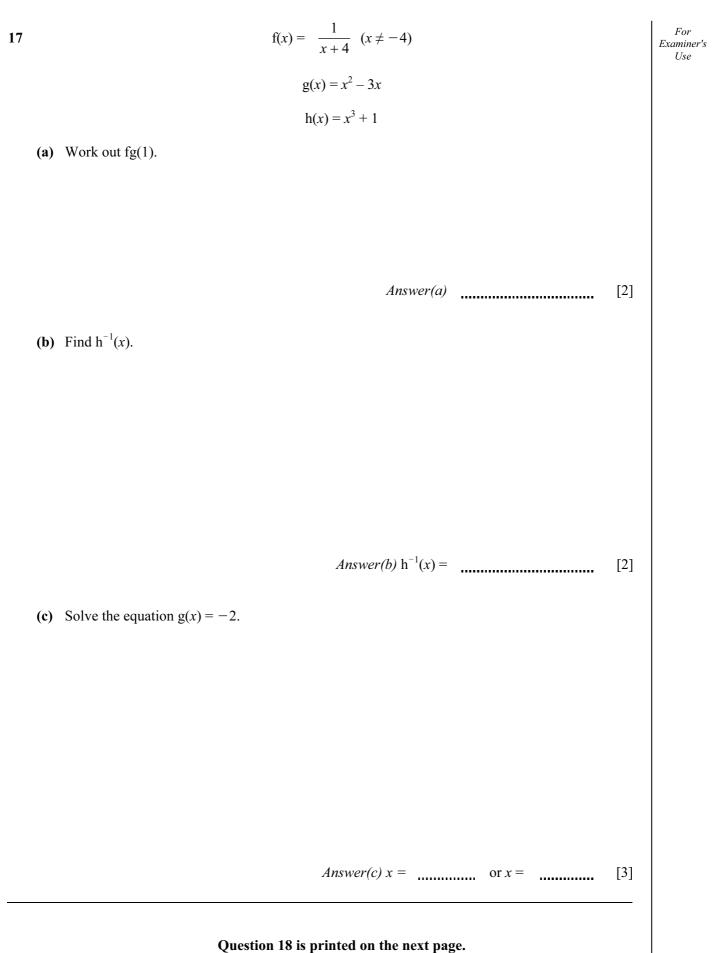
For

Examiner's

30 minutes.



0581/21/O/N/11



- **18** The first four terms of a sequence are
 - $T_1 = 1^2 \qquad T_2 = 1^2 + 2^2 \qquad \quad T_3 = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 \qquad \quad T_4 = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 \,.$
 - (a) The *n*th term is given by $T_n = \frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1)$.

Work out the value of T_{23} .

Answer(a) $T_{23} =$ [2] (b) A new sequence is formed as follows. $U_1 = T_2 - T_1$ $U_2 = T_3 - T_2$ $U_3 = T_4 - T_3$ (i) Find the values of U_1 and U_2 . Answer(b)(i) $U_1 =$ and $U_2 =$ [2] (ii) Write down a formula for the *n*th term, U_n . Answer(b)(ii) $U_n =$ [1] (c) The first four terms of another sequence are $V_1 = 2^2$ $V_2 = 2^2 + 4^2$ $V_3 = 2^2 + 4^2 + 6^2$ $V_4 = 2^2 + 4^2 + 6^2 + 8^2$. By comparing this sequence with the one in **part** (a), find a formula for the *n*th term, V_n . Answer(c) $V_n =$ [2] For Examiner's Use

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