## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/04

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' v	/ersion	n Syllabus Paper		
		IGCSE – October/Novemb	er 2011	1 0607 04		
1	(a) (i)	12 22	1			
	(ii)	1.95 oe	1			
	(11)	1.75 00	1			
	(iii)	574 (574.3 to 574.4)	2 FT	<b>M1</b> for 1120 ÷ <i>their</i> (a)(ii) FT <i>their</i> (a)(ii	i)	
	(b)	7 h 30 min	3 FT	<ul> <li>M1 for dividing <i>their</i> (a)(ii) by 0.26 oe in minutes by 0.26</li> <li>M1 (dependent) on correct conversion of <i>their</i> time, if seen, into hours and minute, but number of minutes remaining not zero FT <i>their</i> (a)(ii) but could recover and be a correct time.</li> </ul>		
2	(a)	CBX oe	1	Allow <i>CBA</i> and <i>B</i>		
	(b)	10.5	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{XC}{6} = \frac{7}{4}$ oe (XC can be a denominator)		
	(c)	10.7 (10.67 – 10.68)	2	<b>M1</b> for $\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2$ or $\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2$ oe seen		
3	(a)	65.73	4	M2 for $480 \times 1.026^5$ oeM1 for $480 \times 1.026^n$ oe $n > 1$ M1 for <i>their</i> amount $-480$ (dependent or at least M1 already)Allow B4 also for 65.7 or 65.73Allow 66 but only if 546 seen for amount		
	(b)	$480 \times 1.026^{x} = 800$ oe	M1	May be implied by next M		
		Any correct way of solving this e.g. $x = \frac{\log(800/480)}{\log 1.026}$	M1	(19.90 implies <b>M2</b> but with working). Allow clear and organised trial and improvement for <b>M</b> 's		
		or graph sketched 20	A1	www 3 but only allow SC2 for correct answer without any working		

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4	(a)	8.95 (8.95	51 to 8.952)	www 3	3	M2 for (BC =) $\frac{12s}{si}$ (M1 for $\frac{\sin 48}{BC}$ =		
	(b)	$(\cos D) =$ 80.3 (80.2	$\frac{11^2 + 7^2 - 12^2}{2.11.7}$ 28)	www 3	M2 A1	<b>M1</b> for correct ful $(12^2 = \dots)$	ll implicit	statement
5	(a)	·	.\\/	· · · ·	M1	for any complete r e.g. correct curve( answers e.g. full explicit for substituted	(s) which (s) which (s)	th values
		- 0.69, 2.1	<b>E</b> 9		A1 A1	If $A0$ , with or with 0.7 or $-0.686$ or $-2.186$ or $2.186$ or $2.1861$ . Without working <b>SC2</b> for both answ correct	– 0.6861 – <b>maxim</b> u	. and 2.2 or um score of
	(b)	30			3	<b>SC2</b> for $-30$ If <b>B0</b> , <b>SC0</b> , <b>M1</b> for in $f(x)$ <b>B1</b> for $4x^2 - 6x - 6x^2$		-
6	(a)	$\frac{260}{360} \times \pi \times$	4.7 <sup>2</sup>		M2	M1 for a fraction	$\times \pi \times 4.7^2$	<sup>2</sup> (50.12)
		Angle at c	entre for triangle	= 100°	B1	Could be on diagr	am	
			< 4.7 × sin (their ) 0.97 to 61.00)	100°)	M1 A1	Only allow if use this area is + ve (1		use angle i.e.
	(b)	146 000 (	146 300 to 146 5	00)	2 FT	FT <i>their</i> ( <b>a</b> ) × 240 <b>M1</b> for <i>their</i> ( <b>a</b> ) × 146)		implied by figs
	(c)	220 000			3 FT	FT <i>their</i> (b) $\times$ 1.5. M1 (b) $\times$ figs 153 2238 or 2239 or 2240) A1 B1 (independent) rounding from <i>the</i> more than 2 figure	for correcter answer	et 2sf

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7 (a	ı)	150, 100	2	
(b	))	70.9 (70.86 to 70.87)	2 FT	M1 for mid-values seen, at least 2 correct FT <i>their</i> table in (a)
	1) (i) and )) (i)		2	<ul> <li>Only penalise rounding not to 4 sf once, but must be at least 2 sf.</li> <li>B1 for correct curve but poor quality, ignoring axes</li> </ul>
	(ii)	(-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0)	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 correct
	(iii)	x = 0	1	
	(iv)	(-0.7071, -0.25), (0.7071, -0.25),	2	
	(v)	$(\mathbf{f}(x)) \geq -0.25$	1 FT	FT <i>their</i> min point, if both y's the same. Condone $x \ge -0.25$ . Also condone strict inequality
(b	o) (i)	Correct sketch	2	<b>B1</b> for correct curve but poor quality, ignoring axes
	(ii)	0.6781	1	
(c	c) (i)	0.4988, 1.221	2	
	(ii)	0.4988 < <i>x</i> < 1.221	1 FT	Condone ≤ or in words FT <i>their</i> (i)
9 (a	ı)	548	2	<b>M1</b> for 2 $(12 \times 10 + 12 \times 7 + 10 \times 7)$
(b	))	35(.0) (34.98 to 34.99)	2	<b>M1</b> for $\tan = 7/10$ oe
(c	:)	17.1 (17.11 to 17.12)	3	M2 for $\sqrt{12^2 + 10^2 + 7^2}$ oe or M1 for Pythag oe in one face

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10 (a) (i)	96		1			
(ii)	154	L.	2	M1 for using angles of pentagon tot		ntagon total 540°
(b)	61		2	<b>SC1</b> for angle <i>DBC</i> = 35 (may be on diagram)		
(c) (i)	par	allelogram	1			
(ii)	84		1			
(d) (i)	26		1			
(ii)	For	example, angle $DXB \neq$ angle $DYB$ 1 Reasonable evidence of contribution circle property		ontradiction of a		
11 (a)			4	asked fo	values on axes sinc or of one if 2 or more	
(b) (i)	Tra	nslation $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	2		er words allowed worded description	in place of
(ii)	x-a	etch exis invariant oe etor 2 oe	3	Allow y-axis inv with factor $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ factor B1 dep on inv line B1		r B1 dependent
(iii)	Reflection, <i>x</i> -axis oe		2	for 180°	ment then <b>B1</b> for (	

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12 (a)	foll Ind 0.1	ee diagram drawn one pair branches lowed by two pairs of branches ication of raining and bike rides 5 and 0.85, 0.3 and 0.7, and 0.9 and correctly placed	B1 B3	<b>B1</b> each pair in correct place			
(b) (i)	0.7	65 oe ft	2 FT	<b>M1</b> for <i>their</i> $0.85 \times 0.9$ ft <i>their</i> diagram if labelled			
(ii)	0.8	1 oe cao	2	<b>M1</b> for (i) + $0.15 \times 0.3$ or correct re-start			
(c)	12	ft	1 FT	FT <i>their</i> ( <b>b</b> )( <b>ii</b> ) × 15. Allow 12.15 or 12.1 or 12.2			
13 (a)	<i>y</i> =	3 oe	1				
(b)	<i>x</i> +	y = 4 oe	2	<b>M1</b> for gradient of $-1$ or equation of line with gradient of $-1$			
(c)	<i>y</i> =	= 2x - 4 oe	2	Must be full equation then <b>B1</b> for $2x$ and <b>B1</b> for $-4$			
(d) (e)		$(x_3, 1_3)$ (3) $x + y \ge 4$ $y \le 2x - 4$	2 2 FT	Allow correct values of x and y if not in co-ordinate form Allow 2.6 rec or 2.66 to 2.67, 1.3 rec or 1.33 SC1 for 2.6 and 1.3 or 2.7 and 1.3			
(C)	<i>y</i> =	S X + Y Z 4 Y Z Z X - 4	211	<b>SC1</b> for 2 correct FT <i>their</i> lines if reasonable. Condone inequalities.		e. Condone strict	
14 (a)	(10	, 11), (20, 20), (17, 15), (9, 8) plotted	2	<b>P1</b> for 3	3 correct		
(b)	Pos	sitive	1				
(c) (i)	13.	2	1				
(ii)	0.8	79x + 1.07	2	Allow 0.8792 to 0.8793 and 1.065 to 1.06 <b>SC1</b> for 0.88 <i>x</i> + 1.1		nd 1.065 to 1.066	
(iii)		led line through (13.8, 13.2) or (20, 65 to 18.7) and (0, 0.5 to 1.5)	2	Must be ruled with positive gradient then <b>B1</b> through each point. Point on <i>y</i> -axis need not be indicated but other one must be			
(iv)	17	cao	1	Integer answer only			

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15 (a) (i)	$\frac{360}{n}$	1	
(ii)	$\frac{360}{n+3}$	1	
(b)	$\frac{360}{n} - \frac{360}{n+3} = 4$ oe	B1 FT	ft <i>their</i> (i) – <i>their</i> (ii)
		B1	$lhs = \frac{360(n+3) - 360n}{n(n+3)} \text{ oe implied by}$ next line
		M1	360(n+3) - 360n = 4n(n+3) (could still be all over $n(n+3)$ ) and, if first A1 line not seen, give A2
	15 cao w	www.5 A1 A1	$4n^2 + 12n - 1080 = 0$ or better e.g. $(n + 18)(n - 15) = 0$ Use of GDC – allow <b>B2</b> for a correct graph or two correct graphs <b>M1</b> (dependent) for finding zeros or <i>x</i> - coordinates of points of intersection then <b>A1</b> for 15 <b>Correct but no working SC2</b>
		B1	Only FT case as follows: $\frac{360}{n+3} - \frac{360}{n} = 4$ which is <b>B0</b> but then $lhs = \frac{360n - 360(n+3)}{n(n+3)}$ oe implied by next line
		M1 A1	360n - 360(n+3) = 4n(n+3) (could still be all over $n(n+3)$ ) and, if first <b>A1</b> line not seen, give <b>A2</b> $4n^2 + 12n + 1080 = 0$ then <b>A0</b>