MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/02

Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 2				Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2011			0607	02
		1				
1	(a) (b)	3.75×10^{14} 1.8(0)	1	M1 for 0.75×2.4 or complete equivalent method		
	(c)	-3, 1	B1, B1	If B0 , M1 for $x + 1 = \pm 2$		
2	(a) (i)	7	1			
	(ii)	4	1			
	(b)		1			
3		$-\frac{3x}{4}+3$ o.e.	2	M1 fo	or $4y = 12 - 3x$ or $\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{x}{4} + y = \frac{12}{4}$
4		36	2	M1 fo	or $\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 3^3$	
5	(a)	5√5	1			
	(b)	$5\sqrt{5}$ $\frac{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{3}}{3}$ o.e.	2	M1 fo	or intention to $\times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}}$	$\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{3}}$
6	(a)	192	1			
	(b)	768	1			
	(c)	3×2^n o.e. $6 \times 2^{n-1}$, $2^{n+2} - 2^n$	2	M1 fo	or power of 2 in tern ot spoiled	ns of <i>n</i> in answer

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version			Syllabus	Paper	
	IGCSE – October/November 2011				0607	02
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7 (a) (b)		6)(x + 4) - $2z)(y + 2z)$	2	<i>a</i> + <i>b</i> SC1 f	For $(x + a)(x + b)$ wh = -2 For $x(y^2 - 4z^2)$ or $(xy)(xy + 2xz)$	
8 (a) (b)		+ \mathbf{q} or $\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}$ + $\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{q}$ o.e. (in simplest form)	1 2	M1 for $\overrightarrow{OR} = \overrightarrow{OQ} + \overrightarrow{QR}$ or $\overrightarrow{OP} + \overrightarrow{PR}$ s.o.i.		
9	$\frac{4}{27}$	o.e.	2	M1 for $\frac{4}{6} \times \frac{4}{6} \times \frac{2}{6}$ o.e.		
10	7		3	all over $A1$ for $\frac{7x+3}{6}$	be seen correctly e	e over $6 = 9$ () = 54 or
11 (a) (b)	2 q = 1	2, <i>r</i> = 3	2 3	M1 fc log <i>a^b</i> M1 de log2 a	or $p^3 = 8$ or use of log $ab = 10$ $= b \log a$ ep for log 12 and lo nd log3 only, or log $B = 2^q \times 3^r$	g 9 in terms of
12 (a)	F =	$8v^2$	2	M1 for $F = kv^2$ o.e. $k \neq 1$		
(b) (i)	32		1 ft	ft thei	r (a) only if kv^2 $k =$	≠ 1
(ii)	11		1 ft	ft thei	r (a) only if kv^2 k	≠ 1