



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/43

Paper 4 (Extended)

May/June 2013

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate.

Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.

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This document consists of 20 printed pages.



Formula List

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

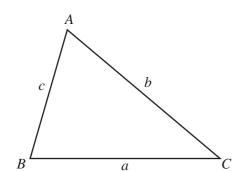
Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$



Answer	all	the	questions.
1 X115 W C1	ull	uic	questions.

- 1 y varies inversely as the square root of x. y = 16 when x = 4.
 - (a) Find the value of y when x = 16.

$$Answer(a) y =$$
 [3]

(b) Find the value of x when y = 64.

$$Answer(b) x =$$
 [2]

(c) Find x in terms of y.

$$Answer(c) x = [3]$$

		4		
2	(a)	Solve the equation.		
		$2\log 6 - \log 9 + \log x =$	3	
		Answer(a)	<i>x</i> =	 [3]
	(b)	Solve the simultaneous equations.		
		3x - 4y = 10 $5x - 3y = 2$		
		5x - 3y = 2		
		Anguarch	r -	
		Answer(b)		
			<i>y</i> =	 [4]

For each Venn diagram, describe the shaded region using set notation. 3 (a) Answer(a) [1] **(b)** U [1] (c) Answer(c) (d)

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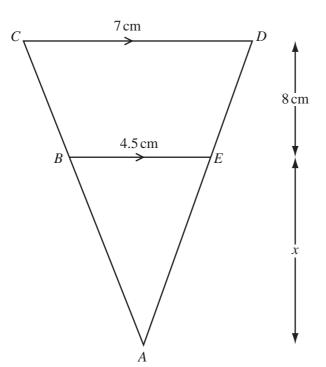
[2]

.....

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Answer(d)

4 (a)



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In the diagram, BE is parallel to CD. The perpendicular height between the lines BE and CD is 8 cm. The perpendicular height from the point A to the line BE is x.

Show that x = 14.4 cm.

[2]

(b)

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7 cm
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8 cm

The diagram shows a plastic cup.

The diameter of the circular base is 4.5 cm and the diameter of the circular top is 7 cm.

The height of the cup is 8 cm.

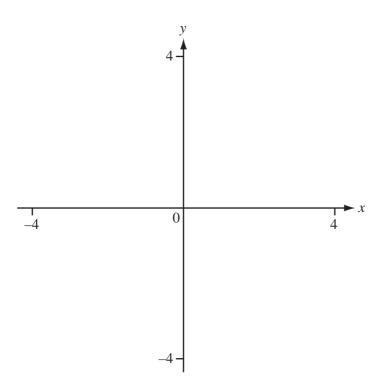
Using part (a), calculate the volume of the cup.

Give your answer correct to the nearest cubic centimetre.

Answer(b) cm³ [3]

Answer (b)

5	(a)	Solve the equation $10x^2 = 5 - x$. Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.
	(b)	$Answer(a) x = \dots \text{ or } x = \dots $ [4] Solve the inequality $10x^2 > 5 - x$.
		Answer(b) [2]
6		e transformation P is a rotation of 180° about the origin. E transformation Q is a reflection in the line $y = x$.
	(a)	Find the image of the point (6, 2) under the transformation P.
	(b)	$\label{eq:answer} \textit{Answer(a)} (\ \ , \ \) \qquad [1]$ Find the image of the point $(6,2)$ under the transformation Q.
	(c)	$\label{eq:answer} \textit{Answer(b)} (\dots , \dots) \qquad [1]$ Describe fully the \emph{single} transformation equivalent to P followed by Q.
		Answer (c)



9

(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = \frac{(x-1)}{(x^2-4)}$$
 between $x = -4$ and $x = 4$.

[4]

(b) Write down the equations of the three asymptotes.

Answer(b)

[3]

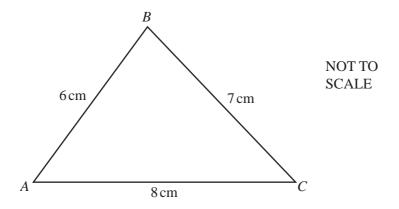
(c) The line y = x intersects the curve $y = \frac{(x-1)}{(x^2-4)}$ three times.

Find the values of the *x* co-ordinates of the points of intersection.

$$Answer(c)$$
 $x =$

$$\chi =$$

$$x =$$
 [3]



The diagram shows a triangle ABC.

(a) Use the cosine rule to find angle ABC.

Answer(a) [3]

(b) Find the area of triangle ABC, giving your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

Answer(b) cm^2 [3]

(c) Find the length of the perpendicular line from C to the line AB.

Inswer(c) cm [2]

9 The British Lions squad for the 2009 tour of South Africa originally contained 40 players from England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

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The playing positions, either Forward or Back, of these players is shown in the table.

	England	Ireland	Scotland	Wales
Forward	6	5	2	6
Back	3	9	2	7

		Forward	6	5	2	6	
		Back	3	9	2	7	
(a)	_	-	ility that the playo	e squad to visit a	local hospital.		
	(ii)	not from Wales.		Answer(a)(i)			[1]
(b)	A p	layer is chosen at	random from the	Answer(a)(ii			[1]
	Calo	culate the probab	ility that he is fro	m England.			
(c)	Thr	ee Forwards are c	chosen at random		tug-o-war' comp	etition.	[2]
	Calo	culate the probab	ility they are all f	rom Wales.			

Answer(c) [3] 10 (a)

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The diagram shows a brass washer.

The washer is made by removing a circular disc of **diameter** 1.6cm from a circular disc of **diameter** 2.4cm.

(i) Find the area of the top surface of the washer in square centimetres.

Answer(a)(i)	cm^2	[2]
Answer(u)(1)	 CIII	L4.

(ii) The washer is 2 mm thick.
Calculate the volume of the washer in **cubic centimetres**.

(b)



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The diagram shows a globe made from brass.

Globes are hollow spheres.

The outside diameter of this globe is 32 cm and the inside diameter is 30 cm.

(i) Find the volume of brass used to make this globe in cubic centimetres.

Answer(b)(i)	 cm^3	[2]

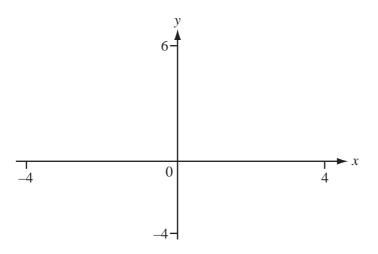
(ii) A number of globes are to be made by melting 1 000 000 of the brass washers in **part** (a).

Find the maximum number of globes that can be made.

When he drives at an average speed of x km/h the journey takes one hour longer than $(x+10)$ km/h. (a) Write down an equation in x and show that it simplifies to $x^2 + 10x - 7200 = 0$. (b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	n if he drives a	
	[4	17
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	[4	11
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	[4	117
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	[4	11
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	[4	17
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	[4	11
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.	[4	17
(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 10x - 7200$.		۲]
Answer(b)(i)	[2	2]
(ii) Solve the equation $x^2 + 10x - 7200 = 0$.		
$Answer(b)(ii) x = \qquad \qquad \text{or } x = \qquad \qquad$	[1	1]
(iii) Carlos drives the 720 km at x km/h. Work out the time of his journey.		
Answer(b)(iii)	hours [1	[]
		_

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(a) (i) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = 2 - \frac{1}{(2x+3)}$$
 between $x = -4$ and $x = 4$. [2]

(ii) Write down the co-ordinates of the points where the graph crosses the axes.

Answer(a)(ii) (_______, , _____)

(______ , _____) [2]

(iii) Find f(0.25).

Answer(a)(iii) [1]

(b) Solve the inequality $2 - \frac{1}{(2x+3)} < 4$.

Answer(b) [4]

(c) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

Answer(c) [4]

(d) Solve $f^{-1}(x) = 1$.

Answer(d) x = [2]

13 The masses of 200 tomatoes are given in the table.

Mass (m grams)	Frequency
$0 < m \le 20$	12
$20 < m \le 30$	34
$30 < m \le 40$	40
$40 < m \le 45$	60
45 < m ≤ 50	42
$50 < m \le 80$	12

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean mass of a tomato. Give your answer correct to the nearest gram.

Answer(a)	σ	13
211115 W C1 (C1)	 _	1

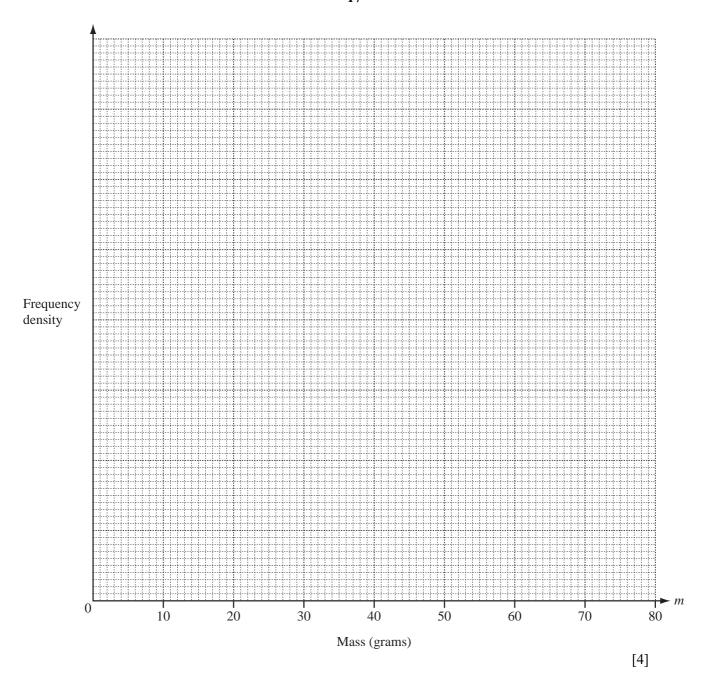
(b) (i) Complete the frequency density column in this table.

Mass (m grams)	Frequency	Frequency density		
$0 < m \le 20$	12			
20 < m ≤ 30	34			
$30 < m \le 40$	40			
40 < m ≤ 45	60			
$45 < m \le 50$	42			
$50 < m \le 80$	12			

[2]

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(ii) On the grid opposite, draw an accurate histogram to show this information. Mark a suitable scale on the frequency density axis.



14 Zaira works at an ice-cream shop.

She wants to find out if there is a correlation between the maximum daily temperature, x °C, and the shop's daily income, y.

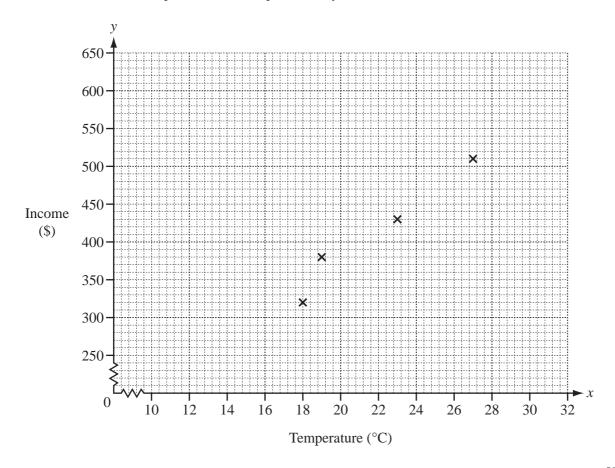
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Zaira recorded the following results.

Temperature (x °C)	23	18	27	19	25	20	22	28	17	24
Income (\$y)	430	320	510	380	510	430	450	530	310	490

(a) (i) Complete the scatter diagram.

The first four points have been plotted for you.



[3]

(ii) Describe the type of correlation between the temperature and the income.

Answer(a)(ii) [1]

(b)	Fine	i	For Examiner's
	(i)	the mean temperature,	Use
		<i>Answer(b)</i> (i) °C [1]	
	(ii)	the mean income.	
		Answer(b)(ii) [1]	
(c)	(i)	Find the equation of the regression line for y in terms of x .	
		Answer(c)(i) y = [2]	
	(ii)	Estimate the income when the temperature is 21°C.	
		Answer(c)(ii) [1]	
((iii)	Estimate the income when the temperature is 32°C.	
		Answer(c)(iii) \$[1]	
	(iv)	Explain which of your answers to parts (c)(ii) and (c)(iii) is likely to be the most reliable.	
,	(**)	Emplani which of your answers to parts (e)(ii) and (e)(iii) is interly to be the most reliable.	
		[2]	

Question 15 is printed on the next page.

15	Find the next term and the <i>n</i> th term in each of the following sequences.												
	(a)	6,	18,	54,	162,	486,							
									Answard	~)	novt torm -		
									Answer (a	ı)			[2]
	(h)	1	1	_	11 1	0					<i>n</i> th term =		[3]
	(D)	-1,	, 1,	3,	11, 1	9,	•						
									Answer(b	b)	next term =		
											<i>n</i> th term =		[4]

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