

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME			
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
*				
6 7	MATHEMATICS			0580/32
8 7	Paper 3 (Core)		October/Nover	nber 2013
7 5				2 hours
3	Candidates answer on	the Question Paper.		
8 2 *	Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

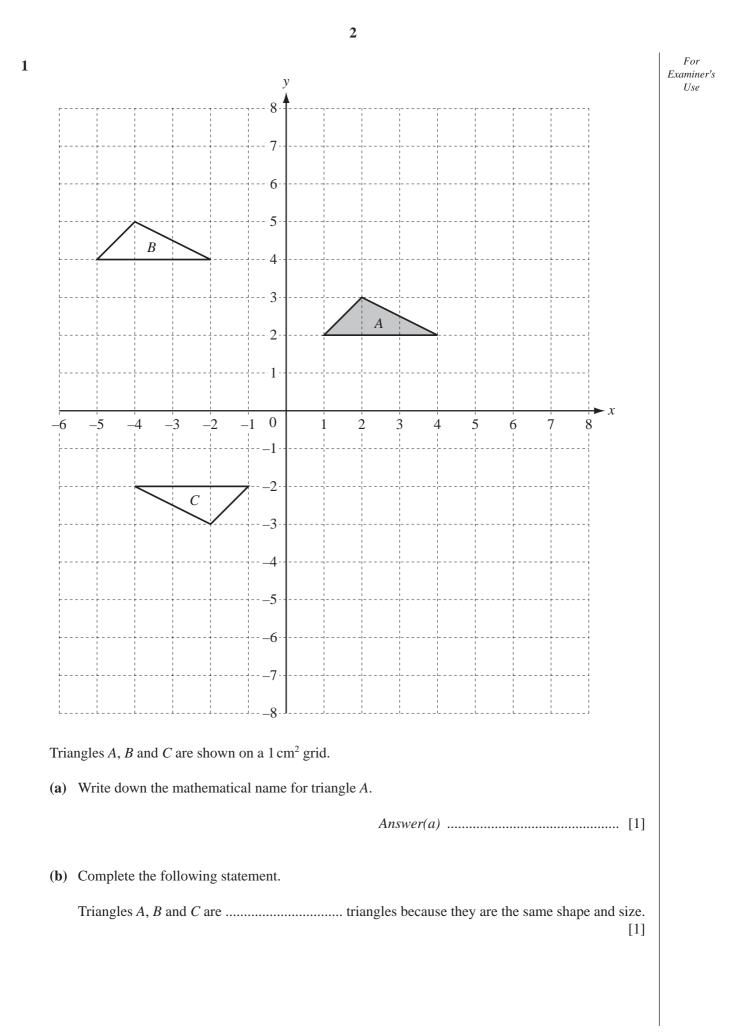
Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.

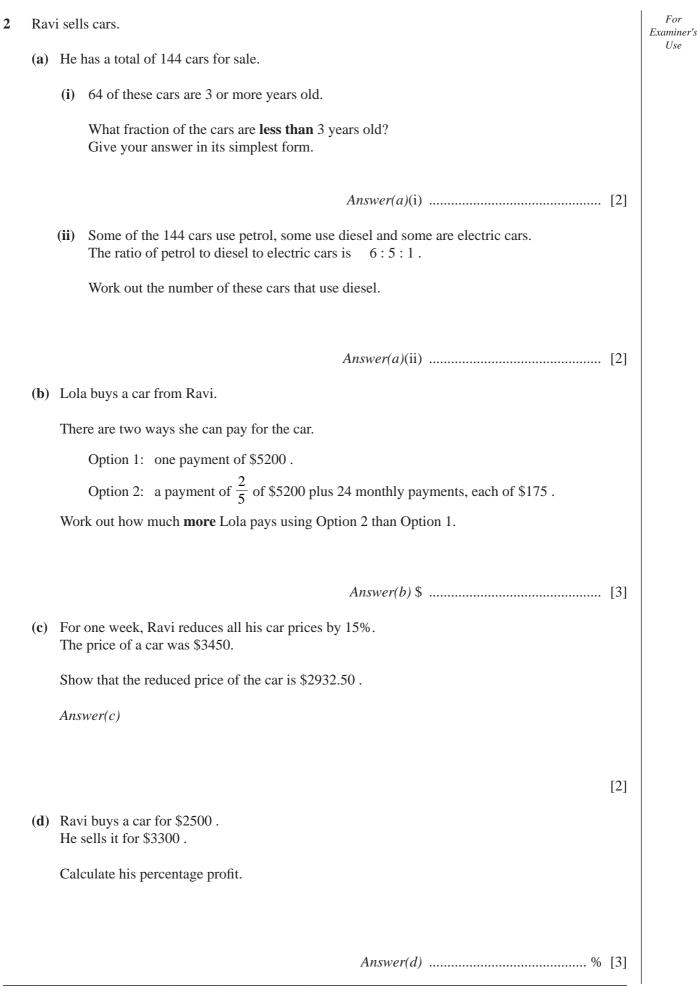




(c)	Des	scribe fully the single transformation that maps
	(i)	triangle A onto triangle B,
		Answer(c)(i)
	(ii)	triangle A onto triangle C.
		Answer(c)(ii)
(d)		lect triangle <i>A</i> in the <i>x</i> -axis. bel the image <i>P</i> . [1]
(e)		arge triangle A , scale factor 2, centre $(0, 0)$. bel the image Q . [2]
(f)	Cal	culate the area of triangle Q .
		Answer(f) cm^2 [2]

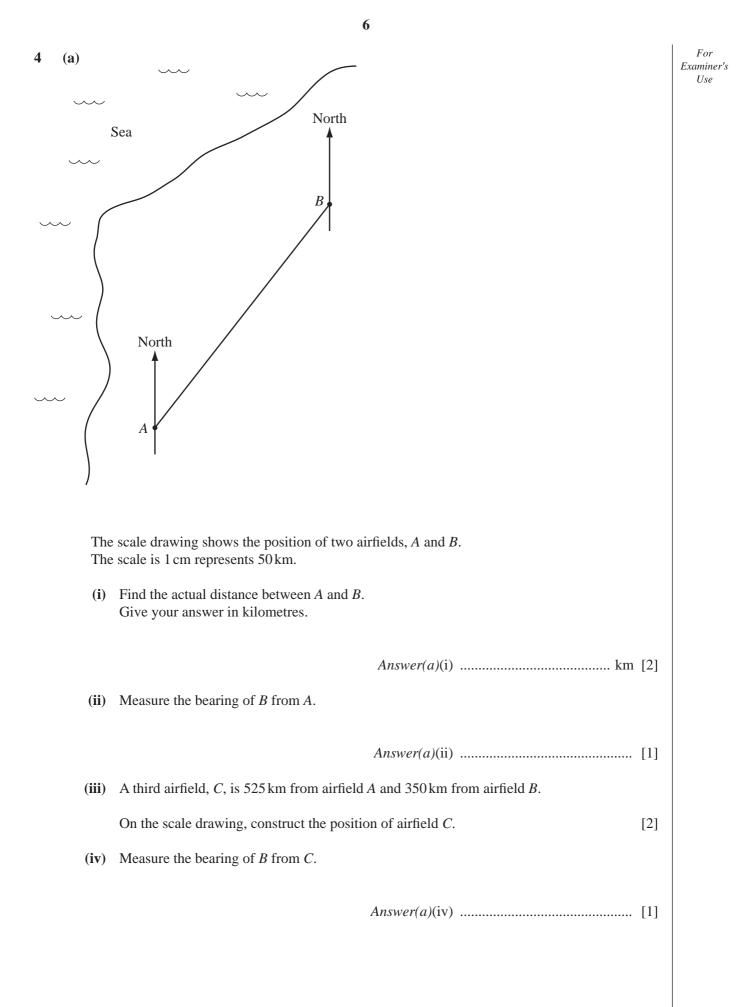
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0580/32/O/N/13

	weets are sold in packets. here are <i>n</i> sweets in each packet.	For Examiner's Use
(Maya has 4 packets of sweets and 21 extra sweets.	
	Write an expression, in terms of <i>n</i> , for the number of sweets Maya has.	
	Answer(a)(i) [1]	
(i	Tassos has $5n + 3$ sweets. Roma has $3n + 27$ sweets. Tassos and Roma each have the same number of sweets.	
	Write down an equation, in terms of <i>n</i> , and solve it.	
	$Answer(a)(ii) n = \dots [3]$	
(ii	Work out the number of sweets Tassos and Roma have altogether.	
	<i>Answer(a)</i> (iii)	
	different packet of sweets contains 6 red sweets, 10 yellow sweets and 4 green sweets. imon takes one sweet from the packet at random.	
(Write down the colour of sweet Simon is most likely to take.	
	Answer(b)(i) [1]	
(i	On the probability scale, draw an arrow to show the probability that Simon's sweet is yellow.	
	[1]	
(ii	Write down the probability that Simon's sweet is green.	
	Answer(b)(iii)	
(iv) Write down the probability that Simon's sweet is red or yellow.	
	<i>Answer</i> (<i>b</i>)(iv)	
	Answer (0)(1v)	

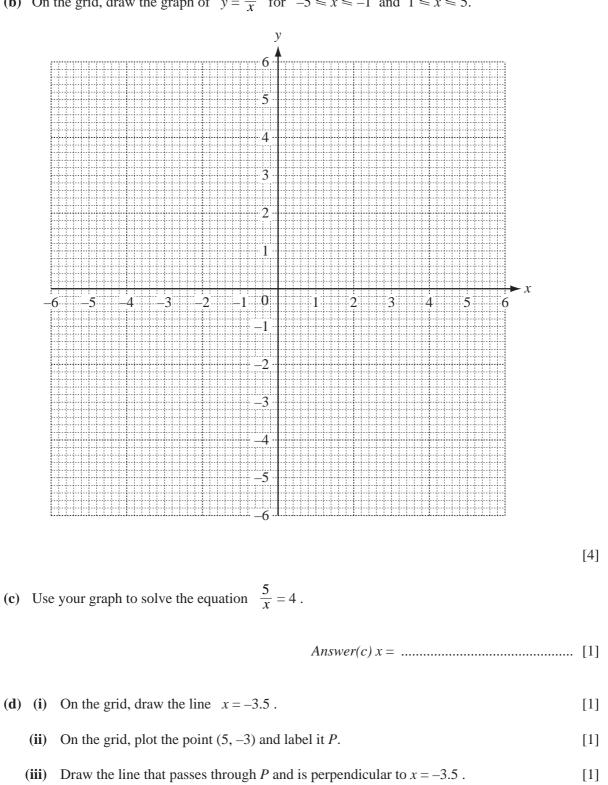


(b)	A plane is at airfield <i>C</i> at 1040. It flies 525 km to airfield <i>A</i> at a speed of 700 km/h.	For Examiner's Use
	Work out the time when the plane reaches airfield <i>A</i> .	
	Answer(b)	
(c)	This plane has a maximum take-off weight of 4173 kg.	
	Write 4173 kg correct to the nearest hundred kilograms.	
	Answer(c) kg [1]	
	Answer(c) Kg [1]	
(d)	The plane can fly at a maximum height of 13107 m.	
	Write 13107 m in kilometres, correct to 3 significant figures.	
	Answer(d) km [2]	
(e)	In one week, the plane flies a total distance of 8520 km, correct to the nearest ten kilometres.	
	Write down the lower bound of this distance.	
	Answer(e) km [1]	

(a) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{5}{x}$. 5

x	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	1	2	3	4	5
у			-1.67	-2.5	-5	5		1.67	1.25	

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{5}{x}$ for $-5 \le x \le -1$ and $1 \le x \le 5$.



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[2]

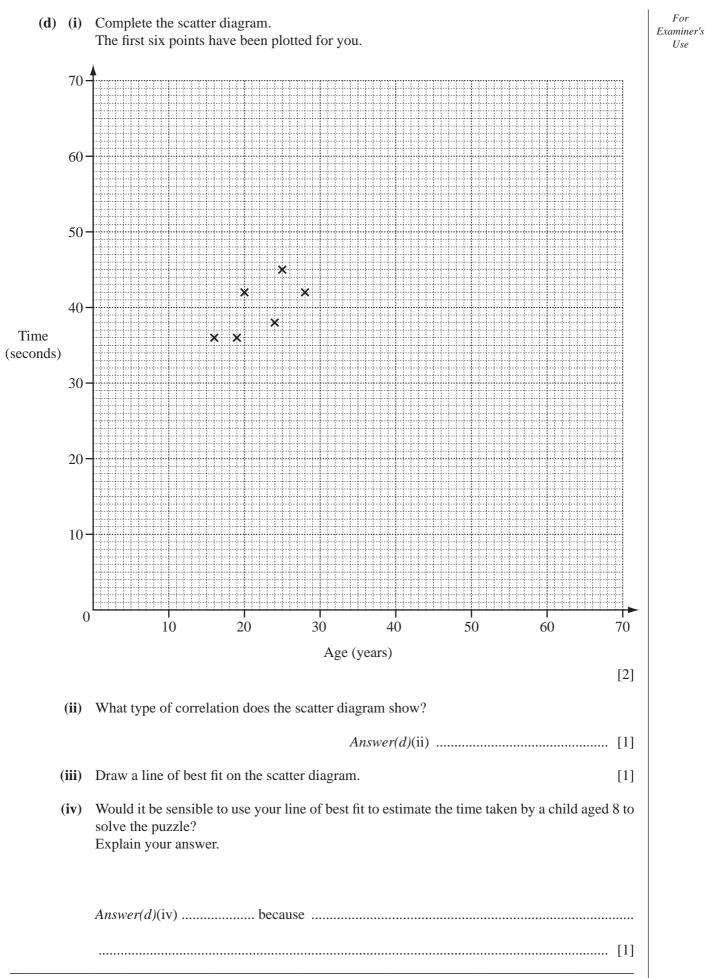
(i) 2, 8, 14, 20, 11 (ii) 1, 4, 9, 25 (1) (iii) 12, 7, 2, (2) (b) Here is the rule for finding the next term in another sequence. Duble the previous term and subtract 1. 12 The first two terms in this sequence are 3 and 5. (1) (1) (1) (1) (i) Work out the next two terms in the sequence. [2] (1) (2) (i) Complete the following statement. Answer(b)(i) [2] (c) Here is the start of a sequence of stick patterns. [1] Pattern 1 Pattern 2 Pattern 3 Pattern 1 Pattern 2 Pattern 3 8 sticks 13 sticks 18 sticks (1) Write down an expression for the number of sticks in Pattern n. $Answer(c)(i)$ [1] (ii) One pattern in the sequence has 98 sticks. Which pattern number is this? $Answer(c)(iii)$ [2]	6	(a)		e are three diffe te the missing t			provided.				For Examiner's Use
(ii)			(i)	2,	8,	14,	20,			[1]	
(b) Here is the rule for finding the next term in another sequence. Duble the previous term and subtract 1. The first two terms in this sequence are 3 and 5. (a) Work out the next two terms in the sequence. (b) Complete the following statement. All the terms in this sequence are			(ii)	1,	4,	9,		, 25		[1]	
Duble the previous term and subtract 1. The first two terms in this sequence are 3 and 5. (1) Work out the next two terms in the sequence. $answer(b)(i)$ (2) (3) Complete the following statement. All the terms in this sequence are			(iii)	,	12,	7,	2,			[2]	
The first two terms in this sequence are 3 and 5. (i) Work out the next two terms in the sequence. $Answer(b)(i) \dots [2]$ (ii) Complete the following statement. All the terms in this sequence are		(b)	Her	e is the rule for	finding t	he next ter	m in anothe	er sequence.			
 (i) Work out the next two terms in the sequence. Answer(b)(i)				D	ouble t	he previ	ous term	and subtr	act 1.		
$Answer(b)(i) \dots [2]$ (i) Complete the following statement. All the terms in this sequence are \dots numbers. [1] (c) Here is the start of a sequence of stick patterns. $ \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad$			The	first two terms	in this se	equence are	e 3 and 5.				
 (ii) Complete the following statement. All the terms in this sequence are			(i)	Work out the	next two	terms in th	e sequence	•			
 (ii) Complete the following statement. All the terms in this sequence are											
All the terms in this sequence are numbers. [1] (c) Here is the start of a sequence of stick patterns.								Answer(l	<i>•)</i> (i),	[2]	
(c) Here is the start of a sequence of stick patterns.			(ii)	Complete the	following	g statement	•				
Pattern 1 Pattern 2 Pattern 3 8 sticks 13 sticks 18 sticks (i) Find the number of sticks in Pattern 4. Answer(c)(i)				All the terms i	n this sec	quence are			numbers.	[1]	
Pattern 1 Pattern 2 Pattern 3 8 sticks 13 sticks 18 sticks (i) Find the number of sticks in Pattern 4. Answer(c)(i)		(c)	Her	e is the start of	a sequen	ce of stick	patterns.				
8 sticks 13 sticks 18 sticks (i) Find the number of sticks in Pattern 4. $Answer(c)(i)$					-				······		
8 sticks 13 sticks 18 sticks (i) Find the number of sticks in Pattern 4. $Answer(c)(i)$					-						
 (i) Find the number of sticks in Pattern 4. Answer(c)(i)											
Answer(c)(i) [1] (ii) Write down an expression for the number of sticks in Pattern n. [1] <i>Answer(c)</i> (ii) [2] (iii) One pattern in the sequence has 98 sticks. [2] Which pattern number is this? [3]				8 sticks		13 s	ticks		18 sticks		
 (ii) Write down an expression for the number of sticks in Pattern <i>n</i>. <i>Answer(c)</i>(ii)			(i)	Find the numb	per of stic	ks in Patte	rn 4.				
Answer(c)(ii)							1	Answer(c)(i)		[1]	
(iii) One pattern in the sequence has 98 sticks.Which pattern number is this?			(ii)	Write down ar	n expressi	ion for the	number of	sticks in Patt	ern <i>n</i> .		
(iii) One pattern in the sequence has 98 sticks.Which pattern number is this?											
Which pattern number is this?							A	nswer(c)(ii)		[2]	
			(iii)	One pattern in	the sequ	ence has 98	8 sticks.				
Answer(c)(iii)				Which pattern	number	is this?					
<i>Answer</i> (<i>c</i>)(iii)											
							A	nswer(c)(iii)		[2]	

[Turn over www.theallpapers.com

7 12 people each solved the same puzzle.The table shows their ages and the time they each took to solve the puzzle.

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Ag	Age (years) 19 24 28 16 25 20 15 22 32 30 68 16									32	30	68	16	
Tir	ne (seconds)	36	38	42	36	45	42	32	40	40	46	56	38	
(a)	Find the med	lian age	e.											
							Δ	nswar	(a)				years	s [2]
							1	11.5 W C I	(<i>u</i>)				year	5 [2]
(b)	For these 12	people	, expla	in why	y the m	ean ag	e may	not be	an app	propria	te avei	age.		
	Answer(b)			•••••				•••••					•••••	
														. [1]
(c)	Calculate the	mean	time t	aken.										
							A	Inswer	·(c)				second	s [2]



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(a) Complete the table. 8 Name of polygon Number of sides Quadrilateral 4 Heptagon 5 **(b)** В D С NOT TO SCALE 55 Е A In the diagram, AB is parallel to EC and BCD is parallel to AE. Angle $BAE = 55^{\circ}$ and angle $CED = 23^{\circ}$. (i) Complete the following statement. The mathematical name for quadrilateral ABDE is [1]

(ii) Work out the size of angle *ABC*.

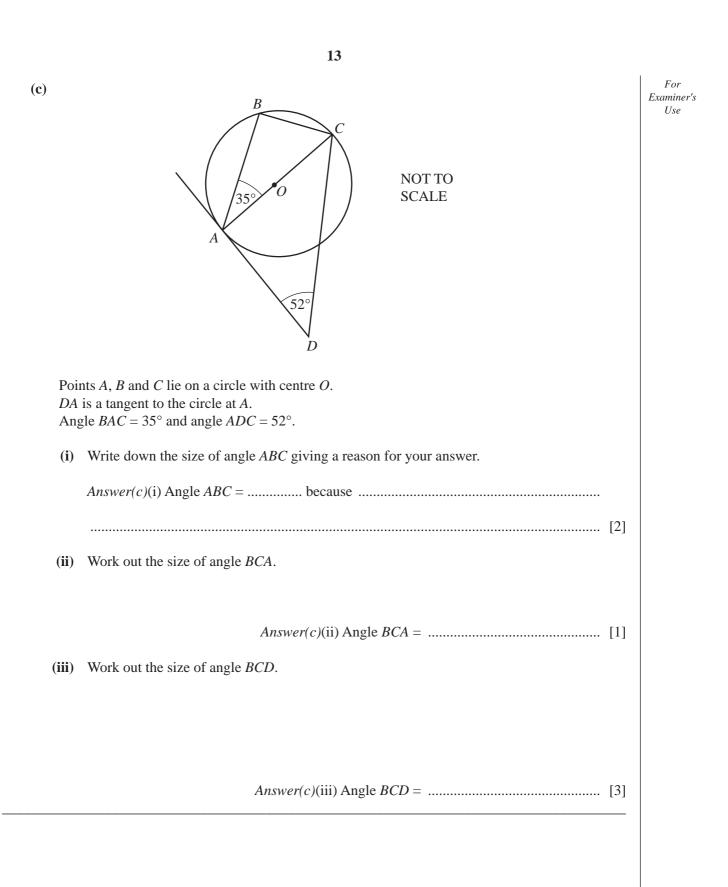
Answer(b)(ii) Angle $ABC = \dots$ [1]

(iii) Work out the size of angle *CDE*.

[2]

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9 (a) The table shows some information about minimum and maximum temperatures in Moscow one January and February.

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Temperature	January	February			
Maximum	-9°C	2°C			
Minimum	-16°C				

- (i) Find the difference between the maximum and minimum temperatures in January.
 - *Answer*(*a*)(i)°C [1]

(ii) The difference between the maximum and minimum temperatures in February was 34°C.Find the minimum temperature in February.

Answer(*a*)(ii)°C [1]

(iii) The minimum temperature in Moscow in December was 5°C higher than the minimum temperature in January.

Work out the minimum temperature in December.

Answer(*a*)(iii)°C [1]

(b) The table shows the population of some cities in Russia.

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