

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

0580/41 **MATHEMATICS**

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2012

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

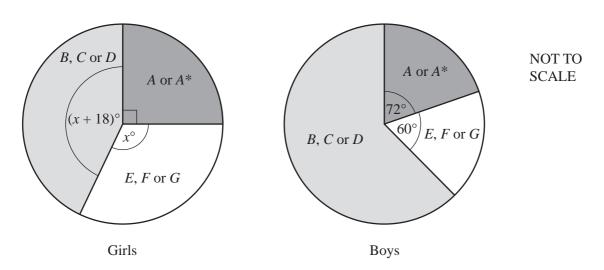
The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.



1

For Examiner's Use



The pie charts show information on the grades achieved in mathematics by the girls and boys at a school.

- (a) For the Girls' pie chart, calculate
 - (i) x,

$$Answer(a)(i) x =$$
 [2]

(ii) the angle for grades B, C or D.

(b) Calculate the percentage of the **Boys** who achieved grades E, F or G.

- (c) There were 140 girls and 180 boys.
 - (i) Calculate the percentage of students (girls and boys) who achieved grades A or A^* .

	(ii) How many more boys than girls achieved grades B , C or D ?						
			Answ	<i>er(c)</i> (ii)		[2]	
(d)	The table shows informat their mathematics examinate		mes, t minutes,	, taken by 80 of	the girls to comple	ete	
	Time taken (t minutes)	$40 < t \le 60$	$60 < t \le 80$	80 < <i>t</i> ≤ 120	$120 < t \le 150$		
	Frequency	5	14	29	32		
	(i) Calculate an estimate	of the mean tim	e taken by these	e 80 girls to comp	lete the examination	n.	
			Answ	ver(d)(i)	min [[4]	
	(ii) On a histogram, the h	eight of the colu					
	Calculate the heights Do not draw the his		e columns.				
		S					
	Answe	er(d)(ii) 40 < 1	$t \le 60 \text{ column l}$	neight =	cm		
		80 < t	≤ 120 column l	neight =	cm		
		120 < t	≤ 150 column l	neight =	cm [[4]	

2 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x$.

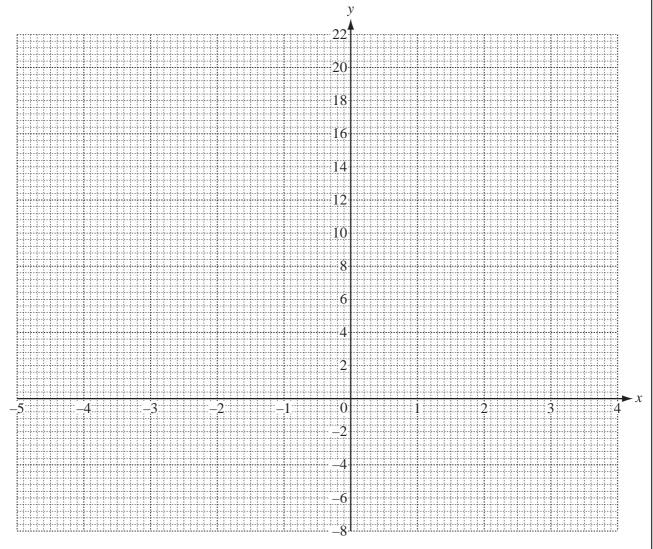
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Use				

х	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y	-2.5	12	16.5		7.5	0		-6	1.5	

[3]

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x$ for $-5 \le x \le 4$.





[4]

(b) Use your graph to solve the equation $\frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x = 2$.

(c)	By drawing a suitable tangent,	calculate an estimate of the	gradient of the graph where $x = -4$
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(d) (i) On the grid draw the line
$$y = 10 - 5x$$
 for $-2 \le x \le 3$. [3]

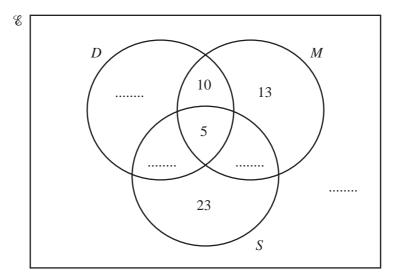
(ii) Use your graphs to solve the equation
$$\frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x = 10 - 5x$$
.

$$Answer(d)(ii) x =$$
 [1]

3 90 students are asked which school clubs they attend.

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- $D = \{\text{students who attend drama club}\}\$
- $M = \{$ students who attend music club $\}$
- $S = \{ \text{ students who attend sports club} \}$
- 39 students attend music club.
- 26 students attend exactly two clubs.
- 35 students attend drama club.



(a)	Write the	four missi	ng values ir	the Venn	diagram
lai	wille me	HOUL HIISSE	ig values ii	i ine venn	шаугаш

[4]

- (b) How many students attend
 - (i) all three clubs,

Answer(b)(i)	 [1]

(ii) one club only?

Answer(b)(ii) [1]

- (c) Find
 - (i) $n(D \cap M)$,

 $Answer(c)(i) \qquad [1]$

(ii) $n((D \cap M) \cap S')$.

Answer(c)(ii) [1]

(d)	One	of the 90 students is chosen at random.				For Examiner's
	Fine	I the probability that the student				Use
	(i)	only attends music club,				
	(ii)	attends both music and drama clubs.	lnswer(d)(i)		[1]	
		A.	Inswer(d)(ii)		[1]	
(e)	Two	of the 90 students are chosen at random without	replacement.			
	Fine	the probability that				
	(i)	they both attend all three clubs,				
	(ii)	one of them attends sports club only and the other		club only.	[2]	
		A	Inswer(e)(ii)		[3]	

4	(a)	Solve the	equations.
7	(a)	Solve the	equations.

(i)
$$4x - 7 = 8 - 2x$$

$$Answer(a)(i) x =$$
 [2]

(ii)
$$\frac{x-7}{3} = 2$$

$$Answer(a)(ii) x =$$
 [2]

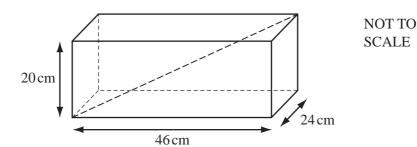
- **(b)** Simplify the expressions.
 - (i) $(3xy^4)^3$

$$Answer(b)(i)$$
 [2]

(ii)
$$(16a^6b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{x^2 - 7x - 8}{x^2 - 64}$$

5 (a)



For Examiner's Use

Jose has a fish tank in the shape of a cuboid measuring 46 cm by 24 cm by 20 cm.

Calculate the length of the diagonal shown in the diagram.

Answer(a)	cm	[3]
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(b) Maria has a fish tank with a volume of 20 000 cm³.

Write the volume of Maria's fish tank as a percentage of the volume of Jose's fish tank.

(c) Lorenzo's fish tank is mathematically similar to Jose's and double the volume.

Calculate the dimensions of Lorenzo's fish tank.

(d) A sphere has a volume of 20 000 cm³. Calculate its radius.

[The volume, V, of a sphere with radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.]

6 (a)
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ 21 \end{pmatrix}$

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(i) Find $2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$.

Answer(a)(i)		[1]

(ii) Find $|\mathbf{b}|$.

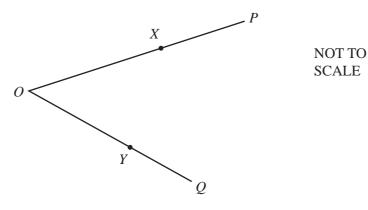
(iii) $m\mathbf{a} + n\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$

Find the values of m and n. Show all your working.

n =

(b)

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In the diagram, OX:XP = 3:2 and OY:YQ = 3:2. $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{q}$.

(i) Write \overrightarrow{PQ} in terms of **p** and **q**.

 $Answer(b)(i) \overrightarrow{PQ} =$ [1]

(ii) Write \overrightarrow{XY} in terms of **p** and **q**.

 $Answer(b)(ii) \overrightarrow{XY} =$ [1]

(iii) Complete the following sentences.

The lines XY and PQ are

The triangles *OXY* and *OPQ* are

The ratio of the area of triangle *OXY* to the area of triangle *OPQ* is : [3]

7

W A X NOT TO SCALE

B
O
7 cm

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The vertices A, B, C, D and E of a regular pentagon lie on the circumference of a circle, centre O, radius 7 cm.

They also lie on the sides of a rectangle WXYZ.

- (a) Show that
 - (i) angle $DOC = 72^{\circ}$,

Answer(a)(i)

[1]

(ii) angle $DCB = 108^{\circ}$,

Answer(a)(ii)

[2]

(iii) angle $CBY = 18^{\circ}$.

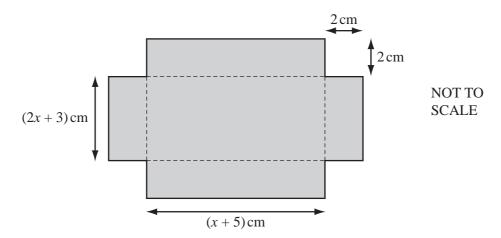
Answer(a)(iii)

[1]

(b)		w that the length CD of one side of the ares.	pentagon is 8.23 cm correct to three significant	for Examiner's Use
	Ans	wer(b)		
(c)	Cal	culate	[3	3]
	(i)	the area of the triangle <i>DOC</i> ,		
			Answer(c)(i) \dots cm ² [2	2]
	(ii)	the area of the pentagon ABCDE,		
			Answer(c)(ii) cm ² [13
	(iii)	the area of the sector <i>ODC</i> ,	Answer (c)(ii)	
			Answer(c)(iii) cm ² [2	21
	(iv)	the length XY.		
			Answer(c)(iv) cm [2	2]
(d)	Cal	culate the ratio area of the pentagon ABCDE: area	of the rectangle WXYZ.	
	Giv	e your answer in the form $1:n$.		
			Answer(d) 1:[5	5]

8 A rectangular piece of card has a square of side 2 cm removed from each corner.

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(a) Write expressions, in terms of x, for the dimensions of the rectangular card before the squares are removed from the corners.

Answer(a) cm by cm [2]

(b) The diagram shows a net for an open box. Show that the volume, $V \text{cm}^3$, of the open box is given by the formula $V = 4x^2 + 26x + 30$.

Answer(b)

(c)	(i)	Calculate the values of x when $V = 75$. Show all your working and give your answers correct to two decimal places.				
		Answer(c)(i) x =				
(ii) Write down the length of the longest edge of the box.						
		Answer(c)(ii) cm [1]				

Question 9 is printed on the next page.

Distances from the Sun can be measured in astronomical units, AU.
 Earth is a distance of 1 AU from the Sun.
 One AU is approximately 1.496 × 10⁸ km.

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The table shows distances from the Sun.

Name	Distance from the Sun in AU	Distance from the Sun in kilometres	
Earth	1	1.496 × 10 ⁸	
Mercury	0.387		
Jupiter		7.79×10^{8}	
Pluto		5.91 × 10 ⁹	

(a)	Complete the table.						
(b)	Light travels at approximately 300 000 kilometres per second.						
	(i)		does it take light to travel from t answer in seconds.	he Sun to Earth?			
				Answer(b)(i)		. s [2]	
	(ii)	•	does it take light to travel from t answer in minutes.	he Sun to Pluto?			
				Answer(b)(ii))	min [2]	
(c)	One	e light year is	s the distance that light travels in	n one year (365 da	ays).		
			ight year in kilometres? er in standard form.				
				Answer(c)		km [3]	
(d)	Hov	v many astro	onomical units (AU) are equal to			[v]	
				Answer(d)		AU [2]	

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