

## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME			
* 0 8	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
	MATHEMATICS		0580/42	
6 6	Paper 4 (Extended	1)	October/November 2010	
2			2 hours 30 minutes	
° 5	Candidates answe	r on the Question Paper.		
584*	Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Mathematical tables (optional)		Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)	

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For  $\pi$  use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

This document consists of 18 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

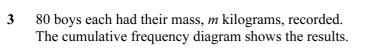


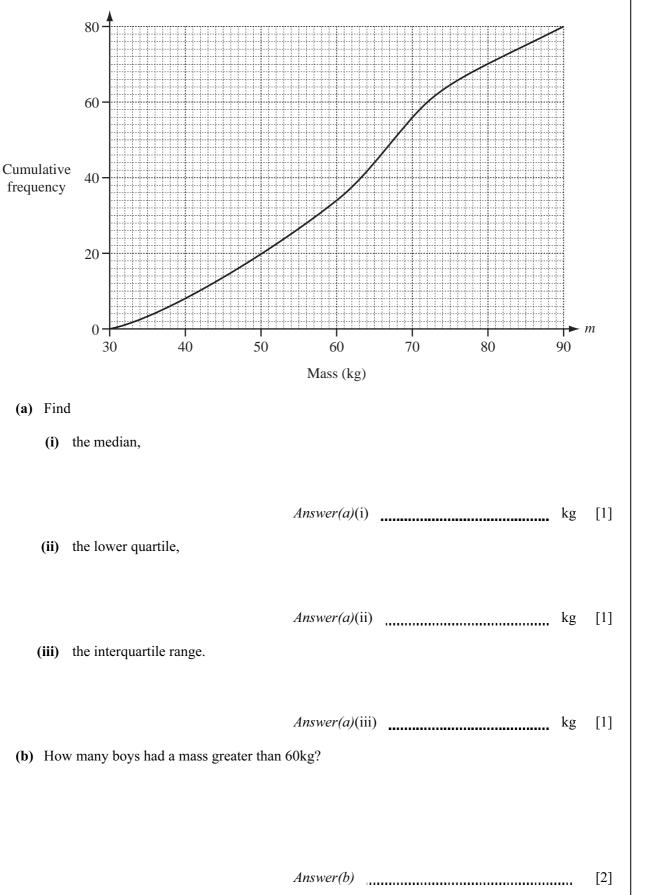
[Turn over

(a)	Hansi and Megan go on holiday. The costs of their holidays are in the ratio Hansi : Megan = 7 : 4. Hansi's holiday costs \$756. Find the cost of Megan's holiday.	For Examiner's Use
(b)	<i>Answer(a)</i> \$	
(0)	<ul><li>(i) He earned 15% more in 2009. Calculate how much he earned in 2009.</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Answer(b)(i) \$ [2]</li> <li>(ii) In 2010, he earns 10% more than in 2009. Calculate the percentage increase in his earnings from 2008 to 2010.</li> </ul>	
(c)	Answer(b)(ii) % [3] Megan earned \$9720 in 2009. This was 20% more than she earned in 2008. How much did she earn in 2008?	
(d)	Answer(c) \$ [3] Hansi invested \$500 at a rate of 4% per year <b>compound</b> interest. Calculate the final amount he had after three years.	
	<i>Answer(d)</i> \$	

2			$\mathbf{f}(x) = 6 + x^2$	g(x) = 4x - 1	For Examiner's
	(a)	Fin	d		Use
		(i)	g(3),		
		(ii)	f (-4 ).	<i>Answer(a)</i> (i) [1]	
	(b)	Fin	d the inverse function $g^{-1}(x)$ .	Answer(a)(ii) [1]	
	(c)	Fin	d fg( $x$ ) in its simplest form.	Answer(b) $g^{-1}(x) =$ [2]	
	(d)	Sol	ve the equation $gg(x) = 3$ .	Answer(c) fg(x) = [3]	
				Answer(d) x = [3]	

3





(c) (i) Use the cumulative frequency graph to complete this frequency table.

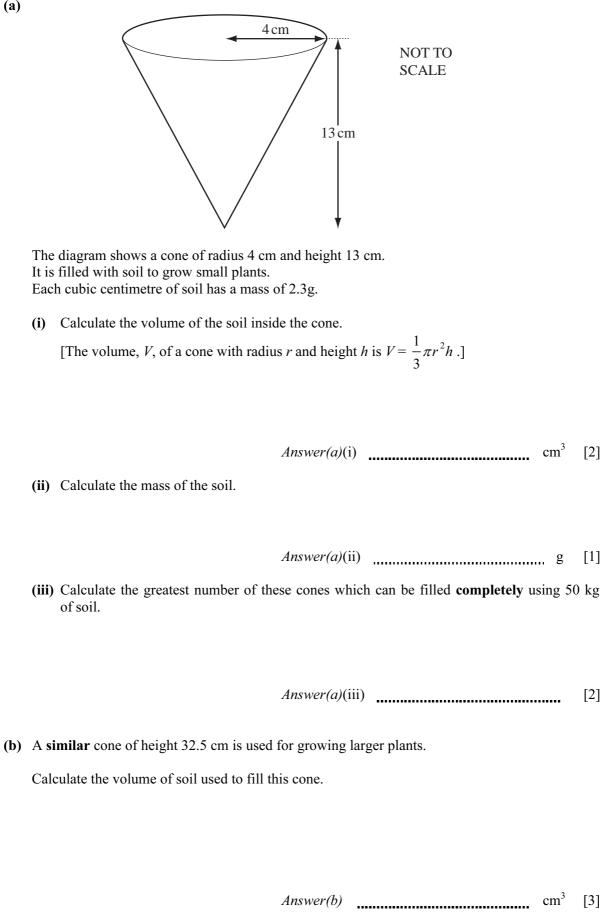
Mass, m	Frequency
$30 < m \le 40$	8
$40 < m \le 50$	
$50 < m \le 60$	14
$60 < m \le 70$	22
$70 < m \le 80$	
$80 < m \le 90$	10

(ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean mass.

Answer(c)(ii) kg [4]

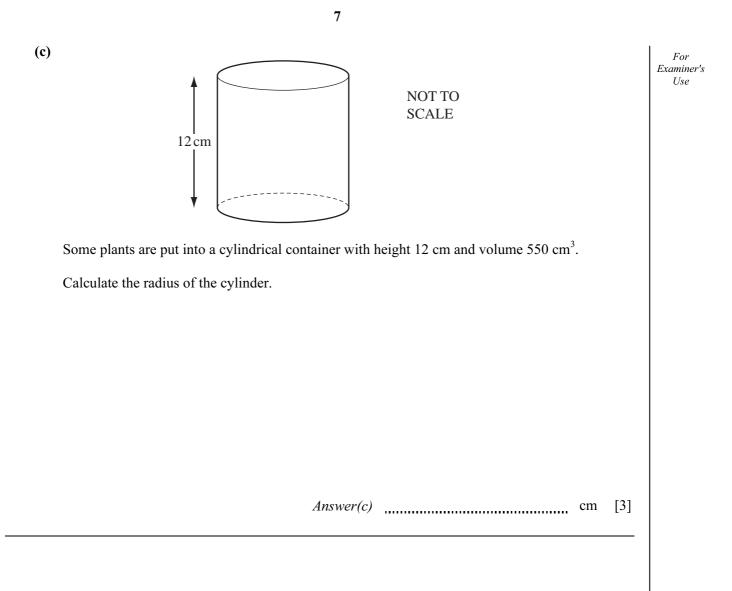
[2]

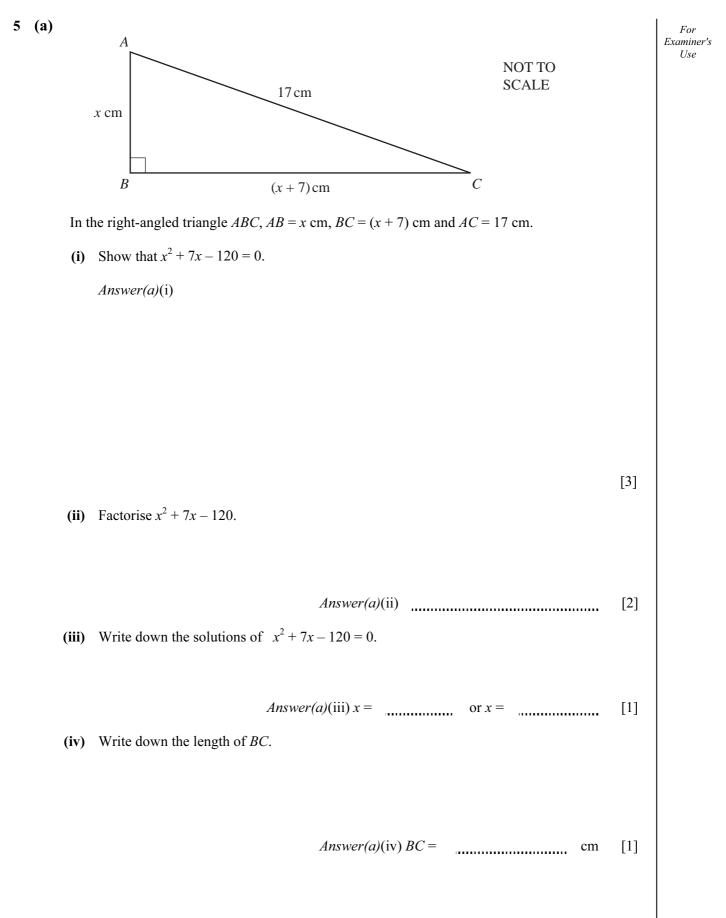


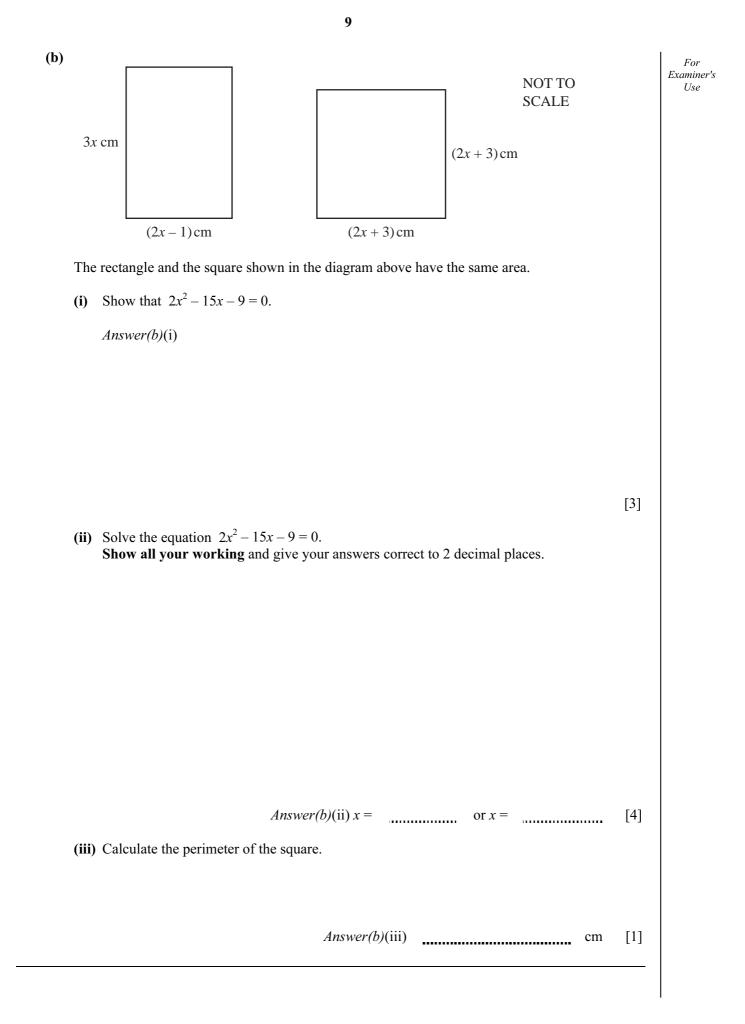


For Examiner's

Use







6 For Examiner's L-5480 km UseD NOT TO 165° 3300 km SCALE С The diagram shows the positions of London (L), Dubai (D) and Colombo (C). (a) (i) Show that LC is 8710 km correct to the nearest kilometre. Answer(a)(i) [4] (ii) Calculate the angle *CLD*. Answer(a)(ii) Angle CLD = [3]

<b>(b)</b>	A plane flies from London to Dubai and then to Colombo.		
	It leaves London at 01 50 and the total journey takes 13 hours and 45 minutes.		
	The local time in Colombo is 7 hours ahead of London.		
	Find the arrival time in Colombo.		

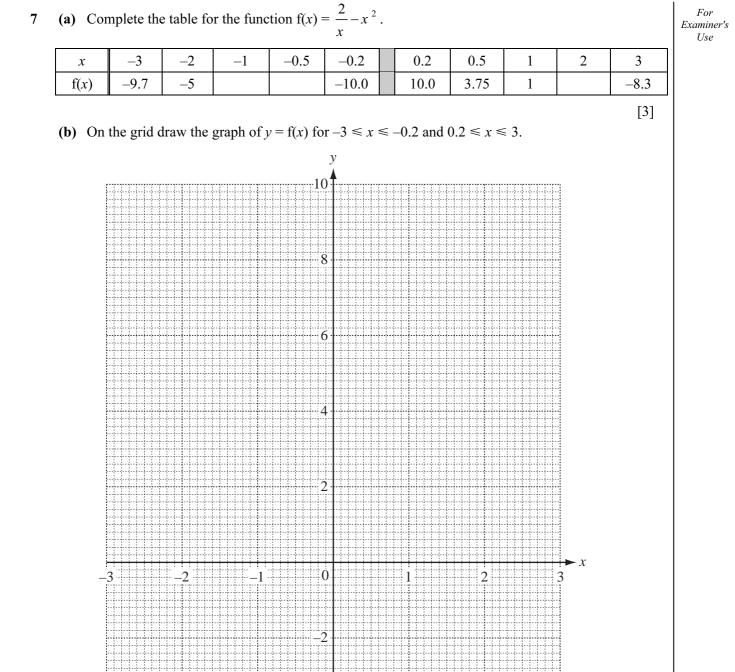
For Examiner's Use

Answer(b) [2]

(c) Another plane flies the 8710 km directly from London to Colombo at an average speed of 800 km/h.
 How much longer did the plane in part (b) take to travel from London to Colombo?

Give your answer in hours and minutes, correct to the nearest minute.

Answer(c) h min [4]



\_4

-6

-8

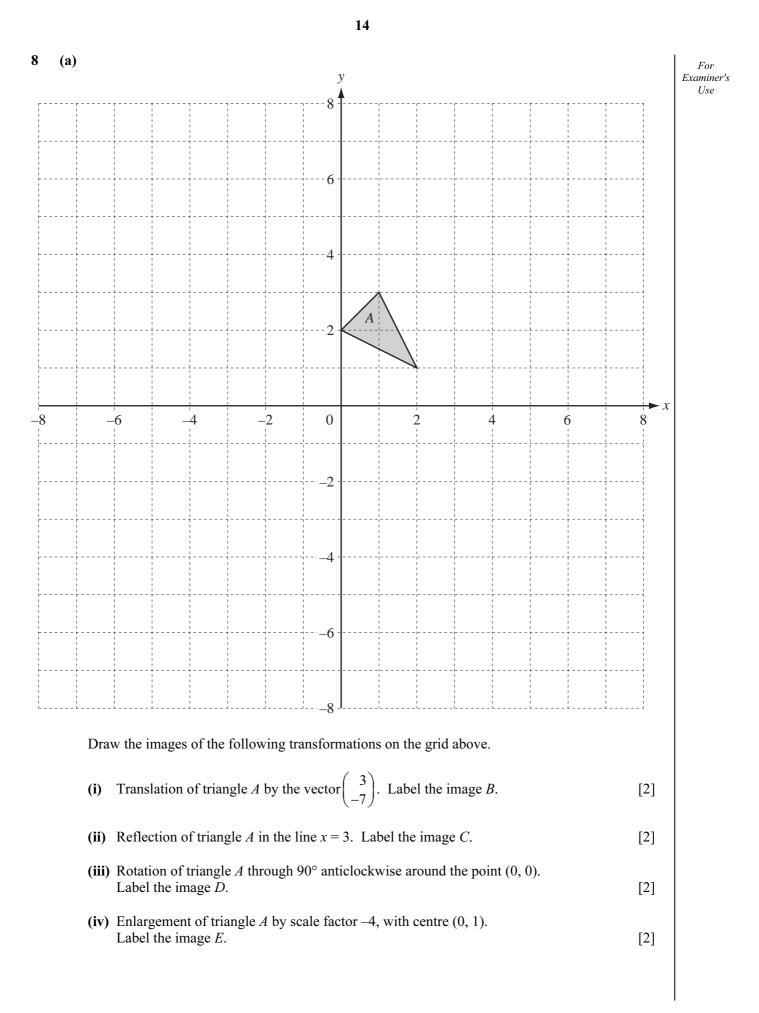
10

www.theallpapers.com

[5]

12

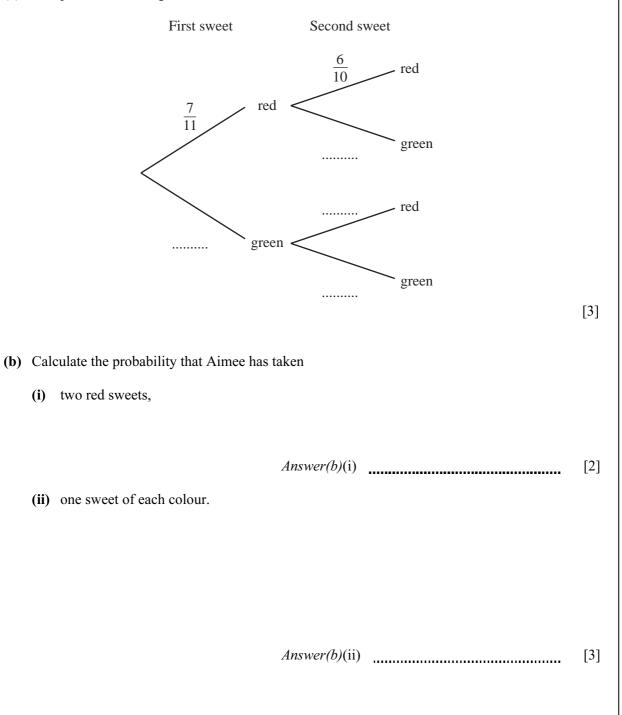
(c) Use your graph to For Examiner's Use(i) solve f(x) = 2, Answer(c)(i) x =[1] (ii) find a value for k so that f(x) = k has 3 solutions. Answer(c)(ii) k =[1] (d) Draw a suitable line on the grid and use your graphs to solve the equation  $\frac{2}{x} - x^2 = 5x$ . Answer(d) x = or x =[3] ..... (e) Draw the tangent to the graph of y = f(x) at the point where x = -2. Use it to calculate an estimate of the gradient of y = f(x) when x = -2. Answer(e) [3]



Write down the value of *k*. Answer(b) k =\_\_\_\_\_ [1] (c) y 5 4 3 2 - 1 F х  $\dot{2}$ 3 \_4 \_3 \_2 -1 0 4 -5 5 1 -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 (i) Draw the image of triangle F under the transformation represented by the matrix  $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ . [3] (ii) Describe fully this single transformation. Answer(c)(ii) [3] (iii) Find  $M^{-1}$ , the inverse of the matrix M. Answer(c)(iii) [2]

0580/42/O/N/10

- 9 A bag contains 7 red sweets and 4 green sweets.Aimee takes out a sweet at random and eats it.She then takes out a second sweet at random and eats it.
  - (a) Complete the tree diagram.



(c)	Aimee takes a third sweet at random. Calculate the probability that she has taken			For Examiner's Use
	(i)	three red sweets,		
		Answer(c)(i)	[2]	
	(ii)	at least one red sweet.		

Answer(c)(ii) [3]

10 In all the following sequences, after the first two terms, the rule is to add the previous two terms to For find the next term. Examiner's UseWrite down the next two terms in this sequence. (a) 5 8 1 1 2 3 13 [1] ..... ..... Write down the first two terms of this sequence. **(b)** 3 11 14 [2] ..... ..... (i) Find the value of *d* and the value of *e*. (c) 2 *d e* 10 Answer(c)(i) d =[3] *e* = (ii) Find the value of x, the value of y and the value of z. -33х y z 18 Answer(c)(ii) x =----y =[5] *z* =

## **BLANK PAGE**

## **BLANK PAGE**

20

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.