MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/33

Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 104

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
IGCSE – May/June 2012		0580	33

Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
cso	correct solution only
dep	dependent
ft	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
WWW	without wrong working
soi	seen or implied

Qu		Answers	Mark	Part Mark
1	(a) (i)	4	1	
	(ii)	-4 -3 -1 2 5	1	
	(iii)	8	1	allow –8
	(b) (i)	1305	1	
	(ii)	3 (h) 35 (m) cao	1	
	(c)	488 km/h	1 1	
2	(a)	1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28	2	1 for four or five correct or 1×28 and 2×14 and 4×7
	(b)	24	1	
	(c)	5832	1	
	(d)	(p =) 2 (q =) 5	1 1	
	(e) (i)	56	2	M1 for a method to achieve this such as prime factors, $8 = 2^3$ and $14 = 2 \times 7$ or another multiple of 56, or two trials
	(ii)	08 56	1ft	accept 8 56 (am)
	(iii)	84a + 36c final answer	2	B1 for either 84 <i>a</i> or 36 <i>c</i>

	Page 3		Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
		IGCSE – N	ay/June 2012	0580	33		
3	(a)	quadrilateral	1				
	(b)	obtuse	1				
	(c)	23.6–24.4	2 M1 for 1	1.8 – 12.2			
	(d)	31–35	1				
	(e)	construction of perpendicular bisector of <i>EH</i> part circle centre <i>H</i> radius 7 cm indication of region	and H B1 for bi- correct ar B1 for pa B1 for ra B1ft for a	B1 for two pairs of arcs, same radius, centres <i>E</i> and <i>H</i> B1 for bisector within 2mm of correct one, $\pm 2^{\circ}$ o correct angle B1 for part circle centre <i>H</i> B1 for radius 7 cm B1ft for an indication of the region, ft dependent on at least B2 from above			
	(f)	6135.36 or 6135.4 or 6135 or 6	2 M1 for 3	M1 for 33.2 × 16.8 × 11			
4	(a)	107.52		$x + 3 \times 16 \text{ or } 96$ neir 96 × 1.12 oe			
	(b)	28.8(0)	2 M1 for 2-	$4 \times 1.2(0)$ oe			
	(c)	14	M1 for the alt. method	B1 for 42(c) or (\$ 0).42 M1 for their $\frac{42}{300}$ oe (× 100) or $\frac{0.42}{3}$ (× 100) alt. method : M1 $\frac{3.42}{3}$ (× 100) or $\frac{342}{300}$ (× 100) M1 their 114 – 100			
5	(a)	two correct ruled lines	1,1 SC1 corr extra line	ect but freehand or fu	ally correct with one		
	(b)	correct square shaded	1				
	(c)	correct enlargement	2 1 for a co	prrect side			
	(d) (i)	1, -5	1				
	(ii)	correct reflection	1				
	(iii)	correct translation		ther direction e.g. 1 to complete correct 3 let	o the right or 3 down ft and 1 up triangle		
	(iv)	rotation, (centre) (0,0) angle 180	3 1 for rota	tion, 1 for (centre) (0	,0), 1 for angle 180		

	Pa	ge 4	4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2012		sion	Syllabus 0580	Paper 33	
6	(a)		3:40	cao	1			
	(b)		168		2	M1 420 ÷ (2 + 3) or 84 seen if 0 scored SC1 for $\frac{250/260/270/300}{250/260/270/300}$		
	(c)		300 ÷	-20 = 15	2			
						20/23/25 or 15 ww		
	(d)		68.5(2)	2	M1 for 46.3 × 1.48, 68.53 or 68.524		
	(e)	(i)	64.5		1			
		(ii)	1805		1			
7	(a)		four p	points correctly plotted	2	M1 for thre	e points correctly p	lotted
	(b)		positi	ve	1	ignore extra	as like 'strong'	
	(c)	(i)	54.8		2	M1 for thei	r sum (548) ÷ 10	
		(ii)	46		1			
		(iii)	A an	d it has a lower mean	1ft	allow any correct reason using appropriate information from the table and ft their mean		
	(d)	(i)	corre	ct ruled line	1	at A = 40 allow 44–48 at A = 70 allow 70–78		
		(ii)	corre	ct reading from their line	1ft	read from their ruled line		
	(e)		3		1ft			
8	(a)		(20)	13 (8) 5 4 5 (8) 13 (20)	3	B2 for 4 correct B1 for 2 or 3 correct or a correct substitution seen		
	(b)			ctly plotting 9 points and ecting with a smooth curved line	4		r 8 points and P1 fo	nts, P2 for correctly for 5 or 6 points
	(c)	(i)	corre	ct line of symmetry cao	1			
		(ii)	<i>x</i> = 1		1ft	ft their line		
	(d)	(i)	corre	ct line	1			
		(ii)	-1.9 1	to -1.7 and 3.7 to 3.9	1ft,1ft	SC1 for correct co-ordinates		
	(e)	(i)	-3 ca	ao	1			
		(ii)	(0,6)	cao	1			
		(iii)	y = c	-3x	1	c can be any	y number except 6	
	(f)		12 <i>x</i> –	9 or $3(4x-3)$	2	B1 for 6 <i>x</i> +	3, -12 + 6x, 12x or	9

	Ра	ge 5			ion	Syllabus 0580	Paper	
			IGCSE – May/Jur	IGCSE – May/June 2012			33	
9	(a)	(i)	60	1				
		(ii)	30	1ft	ft their (i) ÷	2		
	(b)		8 (cm)	1				
	(c)		$\cos 30 = \frac{x}{8} \text{ or } 8^2 = x^2 + 4^2$	M1ft	ft their angle AOM or AB			
			6.928	A1				
	(d)		27.7(2) cao	2	M1 $\frac{1}{2}$ × their (b) × 6.93 soi			
	(e)		34.7–34.9	4	M1 (circle) = $\pi \times 8^2$ soi M1 (hexagon) = $6 \times$ their (d) soi M1dep their circle – their hexagon			
10	(a)		correct pattern	1				
	(b)	(i)	22	1				
		(ii)	add 4	1	must have 4 with a direction, accept plus 4			
	(c)		4n + 2 or $4(n - 1) + 6$ oe	2	B1 for 4 <i>n</i> +	$j \text{ or } kn + 2 \ (k \neq 0)$	seen	
	(d)		15 cao	2	M1 their (c) = 62 or multiple additions or subtractions			