

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME		
	CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
* 5 6	MATHEMATICS		0580/33
0 8 0	Paper 3 (Core)		May/June 2011
6 0			2 hours
1 3	Candidates answ	ver on the Question Paper.	
* 9 8 2	Additional Materi	als: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

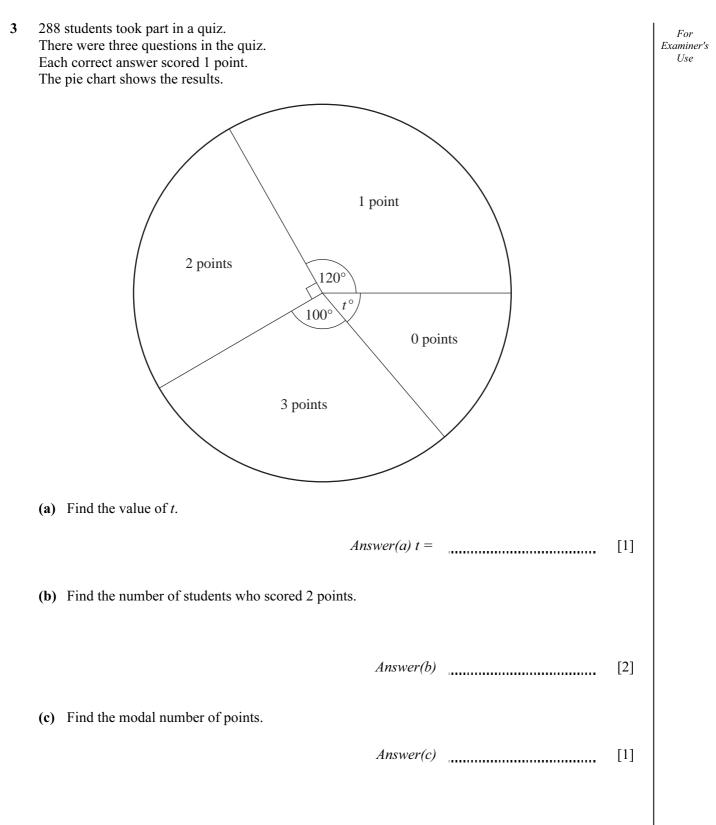
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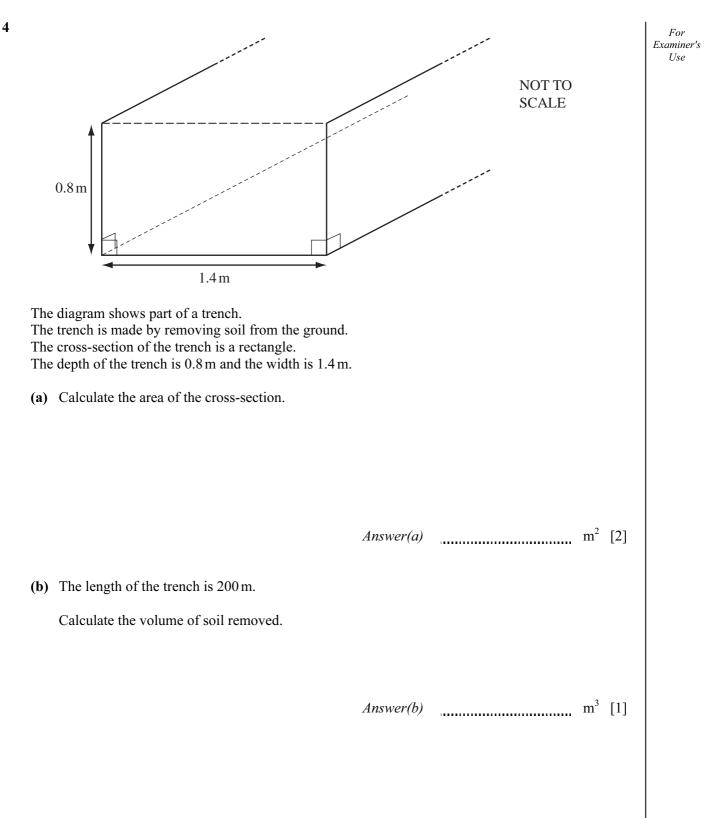
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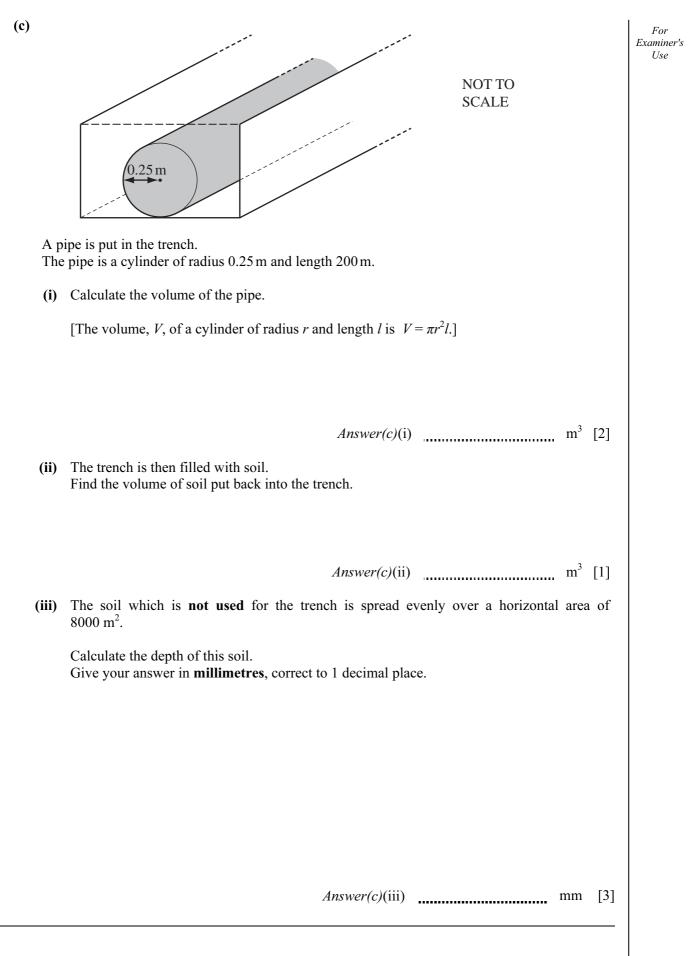
1	At a	a theatre, adult tickets cost \$5 each and child tickets cost \$3 each.	For
	(a)	Find the total cost of 110 adult tickets and 85 child tickets.	Examiner's Use
	(b)	Answer(a) \$ [2] The total cost of some tickets is \$750.	
	(b)	There are 120 adult tickets.	
		Work out the number of child tickets.	
		$Answer(b) \qquad [2]$	
	(c)	The ratio of the number of adults to the number of children during one performance is	
		adults : children $= 3 : 2$.	
		(i) The total number of adults and children in the theatre is 150.	
		Find the number of adults in the theatre.	
		$Answer(c)(i) \qquad [2]$	
		(ii) For this performance, find the ratio total cost of adult tickets : total cost of child tickets. Give your answer in its simplest form.	
		<i>Answer(c)</i> (ii) :	
	(d)	The \$5 cost of an adult ticket is increased by 30%.	
		Calculate the new cost of an adult ticket.	
		Answer(d) [2]	
	(e)	The cost of a child ticket is reduced from \$3 to \$2.70.	
		Calculate the percentage decrease in the cost of a child ticket.	
		Answer(e) % [3]	

PQ	
a) In the space above, construct triangle PQR with $QR = 9$ cm and $PR = 7$ cm. Leave in your construction arcs.	
The line PQ is already drawn.	[2]
b) Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct	
(i) the perpendicular bisector of PR ,	[2]
(ii) the bisector of angle QPR .	[2]
c) Shade the region inside the triangle <i>PQR</i> which is	
nearer to P than to R and nearer to PQ than to PR .	[1]
d) Triangle <i>PQR</i> is a scale drawing with a scale 1 : 50 000.	
Find the actual distance QR .	
Give your answer in kilometres.	
Answer(d)	km [2]

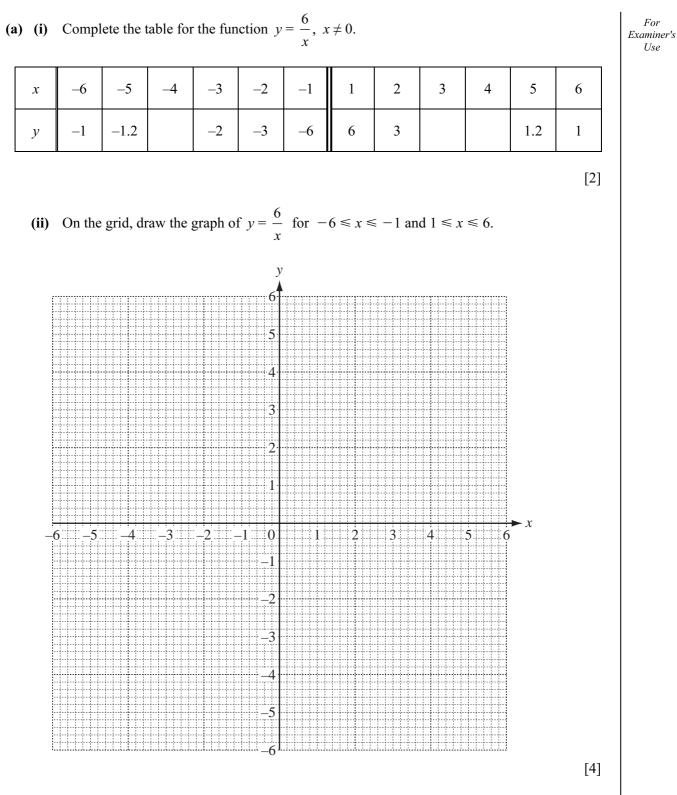


(d) (i) Use	e the information in the pi	e chart to co	mplete the freq	uency tabl	e for the 288 s		For
	rr		· · ·				amin Use
	Number of points	0	1	2	3		
	Number of students						
			1 1			[2]	
(ii) Cal	lculate the mean number o	f points.					
			Answer(d)(ii)		[3]	
a) One stu	dont is abasan at random						
	dent is chosen at random.	nt accord					
	e probability that this stude oints,	int scored					
(I) 5 P	onits,						
			Answer(e)()		[1]	
(ii) at l	east 1 point,						
				•、		[2]	
(***)	4 2 4		Answer(e)(1)		[2]	
(III) mo	re than 3 points.						
			Answer(e)(i	ii)		[1]	
	idents took part in the sam		•				
How ma	any students would be exp	ected to scor	re 3 points?				
			Answer	<i>f)</i>		[1]	

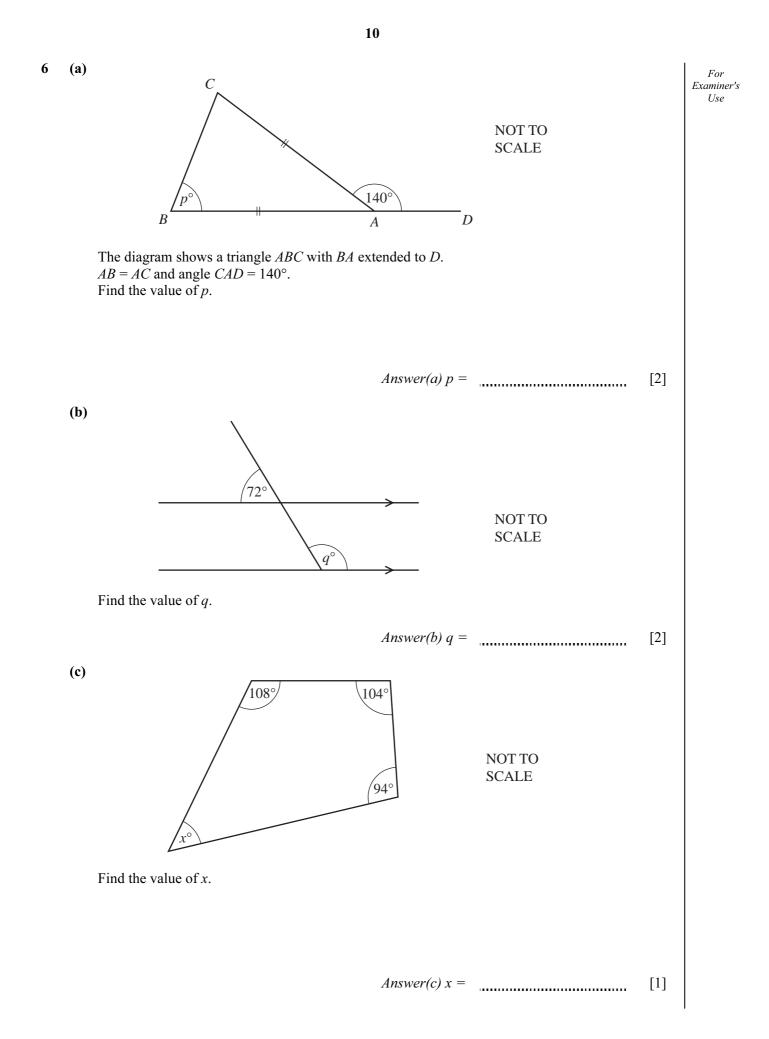


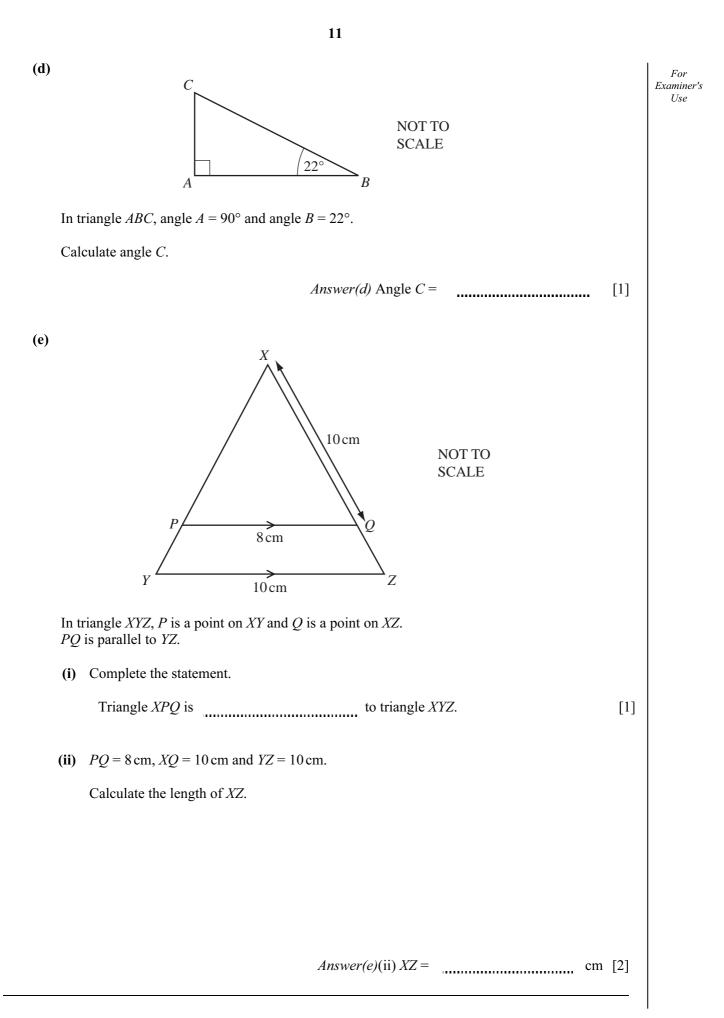


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(b) (i	i)	Complet	te the tab	ole for th	e functio	$y = \frac{x}{2}$	$\frac{2^2}{2}$ -2.						For Examiner's Use
		x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4		
		у	6	2.5			-2			2.5	6		
												[2]	
(ii	i)	On the g	rid oppo	osite, dra	w the gra	aph of <i>y</i>	$y = \frac{x^2}{2}$ -	-2 for -	$-4 \leq x \leq$	≨ 4.		[4]	
		1 /	1	1.	6.4	• • • • •		6.1					
(c) W	v rite	e down t	he co-or	dinates c	of the poi	int of int	ersection	n of the t	wo grap	ns.			
								Answer((c)(,)[2]	

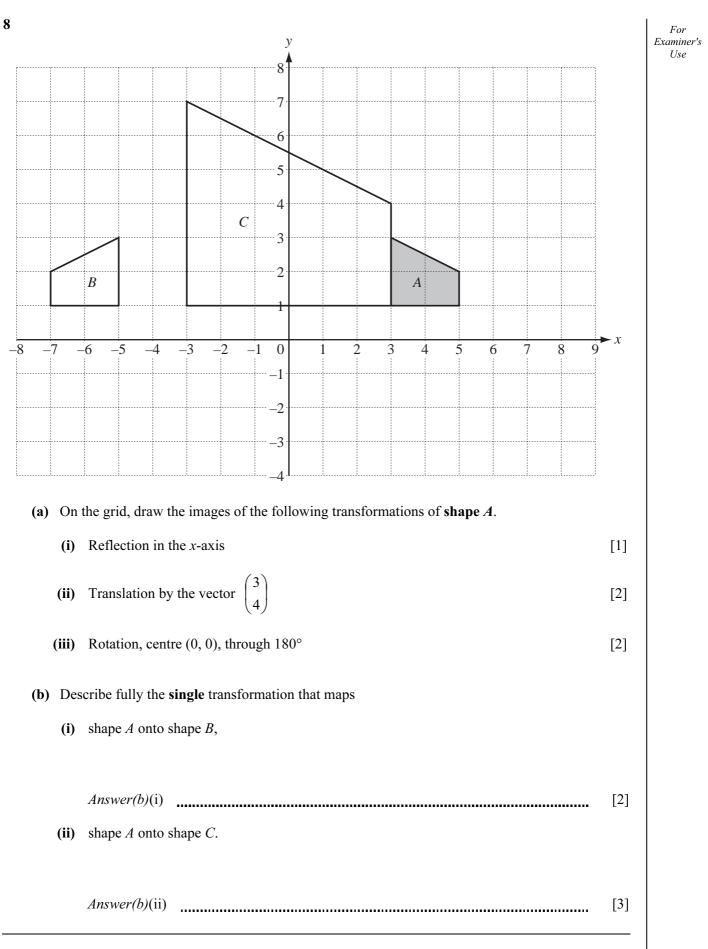


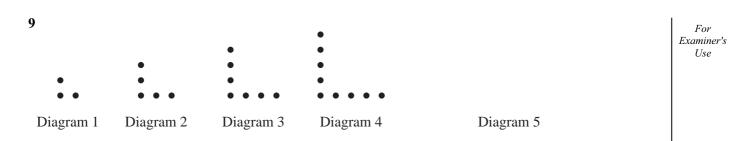


7 (a) Solve the equations.
(i)
$$2x + 3 = 15 - x$$

(ii) $\frac{2y - 1}{3} = 7$
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
Answer(a)(ii) $u = \dots$ [2]
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(iii) $2 = (2)$
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(i) $2 = (2)$
(iii) $2 = (2)$
(iv) $2 = ($

(b)	Write down equations to show the following.(i) p is equal to r plus two times q.	For Examiner's Use
	Answer(b)(i) [1] (ii) k is equal to the square of the sum of l and m .	
	<i>Answer(b)</i> (ii) [2]	
(c)	Pierre walks for 2 hours at $w \text{ km/h}$ and then for another 3 hours at $(w-1) \text{ km/h}$.	
	The total distance of Pierre's journey is 11.5 km.	
	Find the value of w.	
	Answer(c) w = [4]	





The Diagrams above form a pattern.

- (a) Draw Diagram 5 in the space provided.
- (b) The table shows the numbers of dots in some of the diagrams. Complete the table.

Diagram	1	2	3	4	5	10	п
Number of dots	3	5					

(c) What is the value of *n* when the number of dots is 737?

Answer(c) [2]

(d) Complete the table which shows the total number of dots in consecutive pairs of diagrams.

For example, the **total** number of dots in Diagram 2 and Diagram 3 is 12.

Diagrams	1 and 2	2 and 3	3 and 4	4 and 5	10 and 11	n and $n+1$
Total number of dots	8	12	16			

[3]

[1]

[5]

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