

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

LATIN 0480/01

Paper 1 Language May/June 2007

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part-question.



Section A

Translate into English:

Clodius's plot to murder his enemy Milo goes disastrously wrong

Clodius¹, qui iam diu Milonem² oderat³, eum interficere constituit. Clodius¹ igitur, cum sciret Milonem² iter certo die facturum esse, Roma pridie⁴ profectus est et ad suum fundum⁵ ivit. ibi Miloni² in itinere procedenti insidias⁶ collocare⁷ in animo habebat. postridie⁸ Milo², qui in senatu⁹ fuerat quoad¹⁰ senatores dimissi sunt¹¹, domum venit, vestes mutavit¹², paulisper uxorem exspectavit. ex urbe tandem profectus, mox ad fundum⁵ Clodii¹ pervenit. statim complures cum telis in Milonem² impetum de loco superiore¹³ fecerunt et raedarium¹⁴ eius interfecerunt. cum autem Milo² ipse e raeda¹⁵ exiisset seque fortissime defenderet, alii eorum qui erant cum Clodio¹, gladiis strictis¹⁶, ad raedam¹⁵ cucurrerunt ut a tergo¹⁷ Milonem² oppugnarent, alii eius servos, qui post¹⁸ erant, aggressi sunt. pauci ex eis servis mortui sunt, sed ceteri animo fideli ad raedam¹⁵ progrediebantur ut Milonem² adiuvarent. hi servi, ubi non solum ex ipso Clodio¹ audiverunt Milonem² interfectum esse sed etiam crediderunt rem veram esse, neque domino imperante neque sciente, Clodium¹ vulneratum interfecerunt.

CICERO (adapted)

5

10

```
<sup>1</sup>Clodius, Clodii (m) = Clodius, a Roman gang leader
<sup>2</sup>Milo, Milonis (m) = Milo, a rival gang leader
<sup>3</sup>odi, odisse = I hate
<sup>4</sup>pridie = the day before
<sup>5</sup>fundus, fundi (m) = farm
<sup>6</sup>insidiae, insidiarum (f) = an ambush, trap
<sup>7</sup>colloco, collocare, collocavi, collocatum = I place, I set up
<sup>8</sup>postridie = on the next day
<sup>9</sup>senatus, senatus (m) = the senate
<sup>10</sup>quoad = until
<sup>11</sup> dimitto, dimittere, dimisi, dimissum = I send away, I dismiss
<sup>12</sup>muto, mutare, mutavi, mutatum = I change
<sup>13</sup>superior = higher
<sup>14</sup>raedarius, raedarii (m) = coach driver, carriage driver
<sup>15</sup>raeda, raedae (f) = coach, carriage
<sup>16</sup> stringo, stringere, strinxi, strictum = I pull out, I unsheathe
<sup>17</sup>tergum, tergi (n) = back, rear
^{18}post = behind
```

[40]

SECTION B CONTINUES ON NEXT PAGE

Section B

Read the following passage and answer the questions.

Caninius goes to help Duratius who is being besieged by Dumnacus

Caninius¹ legatus ad oppidum Lemonum² contendit³. epistulis nuntiisque Duratii⁴ cognoverat magnam multitudinem⁵ hostium in terras Pictonum⁶ intravisse. Duratius⁴ enim, qui princeps Pictonum⁶ erat, in amicitiaⁿ Romanorum semper manserat, quamquam pars quaedam populi eius defecerat³. cum eo pervenisset Caninius¹ et e captivis certius audivisset Duratium⁴ a Dumnaco⁶, duce hostium, et multis hominum milibus¹⁰ in oppido clausum¹¹ oppugnari, castra munito loco posuit, quod infirmas¹² legiones hostibus opponere¹³ non ausus est. Dumnacus⁶, cum Caninium¹ appropinquare intellexisset, copiis omnibus ad legiones versis, castra Romana oppugnare coepit. cum complures dies in oppugnatione¹⁴ castrorum frustra egisset¹⁵ et magna suorum caede nullam partem munitionum¹⁶ delere potuisset, rediit ut Lemonum² iterum obsideret¹⁷.

CAESAR (adapted)

5

10

¹Caninius, Caninii (m) = Caninius, a Roman

²Lemonum, Lemoni (n) = Lemonum

³contendo, contendere, contendi, contentum = I march

⁴Duratius, Duratii (m) = Duratius

⁵*multitudo, multitudinis* (f) = crowd

⁶Pictones, Pictonum (m) = the Pictones (a tribe)

⁷amicitia, amicitiae (f) = friendship

⁸ deficio, deficere, defeci, defectum = I desert

⁹Dumnacus, Dumnaci (m) = Dumnacus

 $^{^{10}}$ milia, milium (n) = thousands

¹¹ claudo, claudere, clausi, clausum = I shut up in

¹²infirmus, -a, -um = weak

¹³oppono, opponere, opposui, oppositum = I put against, I expose

¹⁴oppugnatio, oppugnationis (f) = attack

¹⁵ago, agere, egi, actum = I spend

¹⁶*munitio, munitionis* (f) = defence work, fortification

¹⁷obsideo, obsidere, obsedi, obsessum = I besiege

(a)	What two things are we told about Caninius in the first sentence (Caninius contendit)? [2]		
(b)	(i)	What news had Caninius received?	[2]
	(ii)	How had he heard that news?	[2]
(c)		at do we learn in the sentence <i>Duratius enim defecerat</i> (lines 2–4) about the relationslatius and his people had with the Romans?	nip [3]
(d)	Wh	en did Caninius receive further news from prisoners?	[1]
(e)	(i)	Who was Dumnacus, and what forces did he have?	[2]
	(ii)	What action had Dumnacus and his forces taken?	[2]
(f)	(i)	How did Caninius react to what Dumnacus had done?	[1]
	(ii)	Why did he react in this way?	[1]
(g)	Wha	at two actions did Dumnacus take on hearing of Caninius' approach?	[2]
(h)	frustra (line 9). Give three details from the sentence <i>cum complures obsideret</i> (lines 9–11) which show that Dumnacus' actions were in vain. [3]		
(i)	Give four English words, one for each, derived wholly or partly from the same root as four of the following Latin words: <i>nuntiis</i> (line 1), <i>princeps</i> (line 3), <i>loco</i> (line 6), <i>intellexisset</i> (line 8), <i>delere</i> (line 10).		
		[2	25]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.