

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series**

**0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

**0607/03**

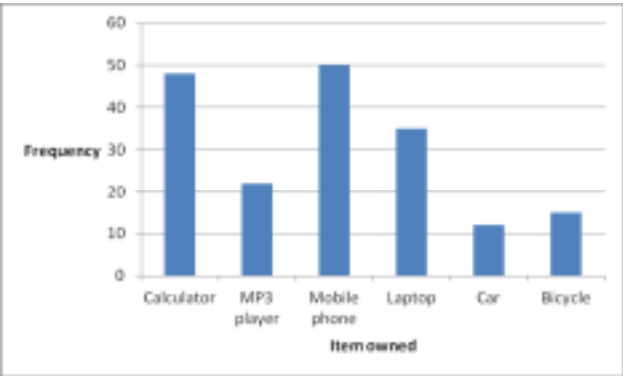
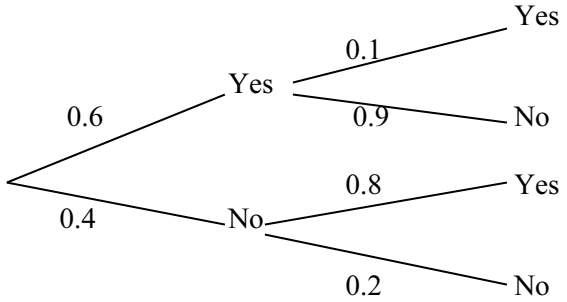
Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 96

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

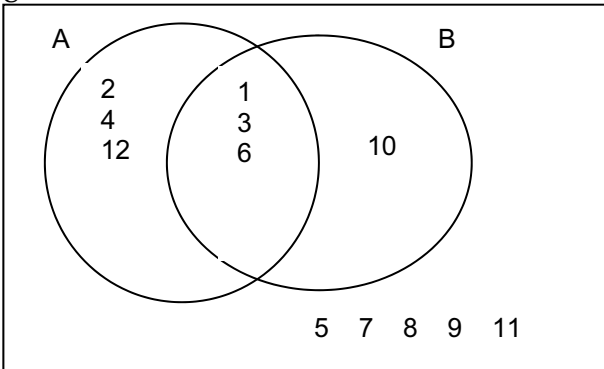
Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

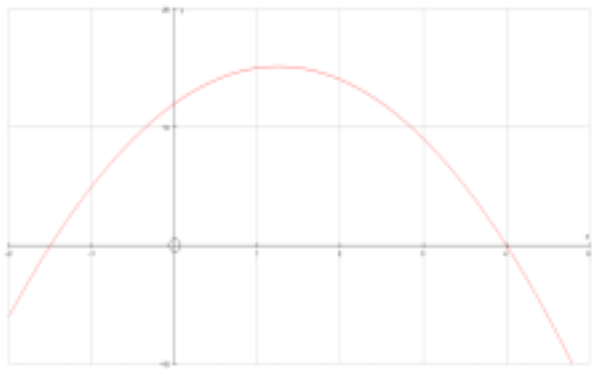
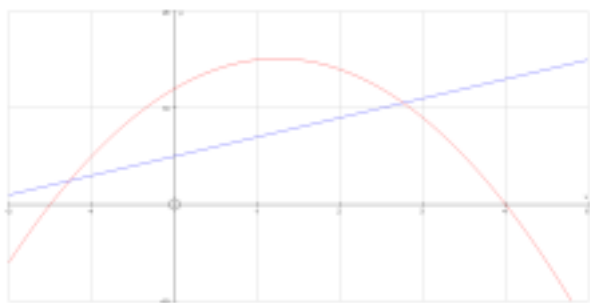
<p>1 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(c) (i)</p> <p>(ii)</p>	 <p>10 : 7 : 3</p> <p><math>\frac{35}{50}</math> oe</p> <p>50/50 oe</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p><b>B1</b> for 2 correct bars.</p> <p><b>B1</b> for 50 : 35 : 15 oe including decimals</p>
<p>2 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(d)</p>	<p><math>\frac{17}{50} \times 1400 = 476</math> Answer given</p> <p>504</p> <p>28</p> <p>2%</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>1FT</p> <p>2 FT</p>	<p><b>M1</b> for <math>\frac{17}{50}</math> or <math>1400/(15+17+18)</math> or 28 seen.</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>476 + 28</math> or <math>\frac{18}{50} \times 1400</math></p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>\frac{their\ 28}{1400}</math></p>
<p>3 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(c)</p>	 <p>0.06 oe isw</p> <p>0.62 oe isw</p>	<p>3</p> <p>2FT</p> <p>3</p>	<p><b>B1</b> for each pair correct</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>0.6 \times their\ 0.1</math></p> <p><b>M2FT</b> for <math>0.6 \times their\ 0.9 + their\ 0.4 \times their\ 0.2</math>, <b>M1</b> for one of these products</p>
<p>4 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p>	<p>10</p> <p>65.7 (65.66 – 65.67)</p>	<p>1</p> <p>2</p>	<p><b>M1</b> for at least three mid-values seen.</p>

(c)		Cumulative frequency	1		
	< 20	2			
	< 10	10			
	< 60	23			
	< 80	44			
(d)			2	<b>B1 FT</b> for 4 points plotted correctly. <b>C1FT</b> for reasonable curve through <i>their</i> points	
(e)	65 – 69		1 FT	FT from line or mark on curve at 30.	
(f)	31 – 35    www		2	M1 FT for reading off their UQ (45 <sup>th</sup> value, 81 – 83) or LQ (15 <sup>th</sup> value, 48 – 50)	
5	(a) (i)	900	1		
	(ii)	4500	1FT		
	(b) (i)	707 (706.5 – 707.0)	1		
	(ii)	22.5	1		
	(iii)	44.2 (44.15 – 44.1875)	1FT		
(c)	24	2	M1 for attempted correct use of $\frac{4}{5}$ oe		
6	(a) (i)	[0]8 05	1		
	(ii)	9	2		M1 for $\frac{3}{\text{time}}$ oe. e.g. $\frac{3000}{20}$
	(b)	[0]8 [00]	2		M1 for $\frac{1}{4}$ or 15 minutes seen
(c)	12.5	2	M1 for $30 \times 25$ or $\frac{25}{60}$ or SC1 for 7.5		

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(d)	Ana	1 FT	FT <i>their</i> (a)(i) and (b)
7	(a) (i) Reflection, $x = 7$	1, 1	Accept in words  SC1 for correct reflection in the $x$ -axis or reflection in $y = k$
	(ii) Translation $\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$	1, 1	
	(b) Shape with coordinates $(-2, 2)$ , $(-5, 2)$ , $(-5, 4)$ , $(-6, 4)$ , $(-6, 5)$ and $(-2, 5)$	2	
8	(a) 16 and 13	1, 1	M1 for $-3n + k$ or $31 + kn$
	(b) $31 - 3n$	2	
9	(a) Pentagon	1	M1 for attempt to divide into triangles or $(5 - 2) \times 180$ oe  M1 for <i>their</i> $540 - (90 + 85 + 135 + 125)$ FT only if the answer is positive
	(b) 540	2	
	(c) 105	2 FT	
10	(a) 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12	1	Award B1 for one correct subset
	(b) 	2 FT	
	(c) (i) 3	1 FT	
	(ii) 1	1 FT	
	(iii) 5	1 FT	

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<p>11 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(c)</p>	<p>54.5 (54.54...)</p> <p>131 (130.5 – 130.8)</p> <p>57.0 or 57.1 or 57.2 (57.02 – 57.16)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>M2 for <math>\sqrt{(60^2 - 25^2)}</math> oe  M1 for correct Pythagoras statement.</p> <p>3</p> <p>M2 for <math>2\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{25}{60}\right)</math> oe  or B2 for 65.4 or 65.27 to 65.40  M1 for <math>[\cos O = ] \frac{25}{60}</math> oe or  multiplying their angle  AOB by 2. Accept reflex angle  (229.2 – 229.3).</p> <p>2</p> <p>M1 for <math>\frac{\text{their } 131}{360}</math>. Accept major  arc  (100.0 – 100.1).</p>
<p>12 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(d)</p> <p>(e)</p>	 <p>(b) -1.5 and 4</p> <p>(c) (1.25, 15.125)</p>  <p>(e) -1.27 and 2.77</p>	<p>2</p> <p>C1 for smooth curve, correct shape.  C1 for axes intercepts in approximately the correct place.</p> <p>1, 1</p> <p>No co-ordinates</p> <p>1, 1</p> <p>Allow 15.1 or better</p> <p>1</p> <p>3</p> <p>B2 for one correct to 2 dp  B1 for -1.265 – -1.266, B1 for  2.765 – 2.766  If 0, SC1 for 2.76 and -1.26 or  2.8 and -1.3</p>

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13	(a) (i)	$4x + 3$	2	<b>M1</b> for $2x + 4$ or <b>SC1</b> for answer $4x + 1$
	(ii)	$15p^7$	2	<b>B1</b> for $kp^7$ or $15p^k$
	(iii)	$\frac{3}{2}r^3$ oe	2	<b>B1</b> for $kr^3$ or $\frac{3}{2}r^k$ , accept $1.5r^3$ for 2 marks.
	(iv)	$36t^8$	2	<b>B1</b> for $kt^8$ or $36t^k$
	(b)	$6pq(2p + 3)$	2	<b>B1</b> for any correct partial factorisation
	(c)	$s = \frac{r - 2pm}{n}$ oe	2	<b>B1</b> for subtracting $2pm$ or dividing by $n$ .