MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0470 HISTORY

0470/41

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2 Mark Scheme Syllabus						
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41		
De	pth Stud	y A: G	ermany, 1918–1945				
1	(a) (i)	Leve	1 – Repeats material stated in the source, no infe	erence made.	[1–2]		
		Leve	 2 – Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the armed violence; sympathetic to lawbreakers; peacemaking; widespread antagonism etc. 	-			
		Leve	3 – Supports valid inferences with reference to th armed violence from Kapp Putsch; sympathy banned Freikorps members allowed to join O right-wing papers saying patriotic Germans a	to lawbreakers with peration Consul, an	า		
			assassination of Walter Rathenau etc.		[5–6]		
	(ii)	Leve	1 – Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the	source.	[1–2]		
		Leve	2 – Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the so	urce e.g.			
		Yes	Spartacists in Berlin; government needed Fre Communist impact from Bavaria to the Ruhr; 1924 etc.				
		No	some early socialist opposition; Eisner's mure speedy defeats; scale of casualties; only 'atte SPD maintained its vote etc.		[3–5]		
		Leve	3 – Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the se issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses th	ne [6–7]		
	(iii)	Leve	 Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information. 		[1]		
		Leve	2 – Useful/not useful – One is from a Briton and t Communist so they could both be biased/unr		[2]		
		Leve	3 – Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information.	rmation given. Must	[3–5]		
		Leve	 4 – Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid excontext. Include at this Level answers that crow A and B to show reliability. 				
			6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.		[6–7]		

Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
(b) (i)	Level 1 –	 One mark for each valid aspect to a maximum believe in the defeat until confirmed by Hinde initially refused to concede any powers; 1 Oct Max Imperial Chancellor; by the end of Octob constitutional monarch; after Kiel Mutiny abdi went to live in Holland etc. 	nburg and Ludend tober appointed P per he was a	dorff; rince
(ii)	Level 1 -	Identifies aspects e.g. Head of State; Article 4	8, emergency pov	wers. [1–2]
	Level 2 –	 Develops aspects e.g. Elected Head of State; he appointed the Chancellor; maintain public emergency powers to suspend individual righ measures by decree etc. 	order; Article 48,	
(iii)	Level 1 -	Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	e explanation.	[1–2]
	Level 2 -	- Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for explained e.g. Already strong inflationary pres debt; scale of reparations; French/Belgian inv economic loss; passive resistance and gover to pay striking workers; lack of reserves; loss currency etc.	ssures because o asion of the Ruhr nment printing mc	; ney
(iv)	Level 1 -	- Simple assertions. Yes, wars bring change both social and politic	cal.	[1]
	Level 2 -	- Explanation of change OR lack of change, sin	gle factor given e	.g.
	Cha	No longer a monarchy; Weimar imposed upor brought political protest and social unrest; Str Golden Years; Germans more confident in lat seemed to have beaten off right and left wing hyperinflation on savings/different classes; tra architecture/ literature/cinema/radio; Berlin ar American influence etc.	esemann and the tter years of the 19 parties; impact of ade unions develo	920s;
	Lack	Still very conservative in the countryside; Stresseemed like an old style ruler – as did Article disapproval of high life in Berlin and the loose judicial and industrialists wanted no change e NB The question refers to social and politi	48 powers; much morals; military; tc.	
	Level 3 –	- Explanation of change OR lack of change, wit Allow single factors with multiple reasons.	h multiple factors.	
	OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	the argument (an	notate [3–5]
	Level 4 –	- Answers that offer a balanced argument. BOTH sides of Change AND lack of change r	nust be addresse	d. [6–8]

	Page 4							
		IGCSE – October/November 2012 0470 41						
De	pth Stud	ly B: I	Russ	ia, 1905–1941				
2	(a) (i)	Leve	el 1 –	Repeats material stated in the source, no infe	rence made.		[1–2]	
		Leve	el 2 –	Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the been ill; he had been outmanoeuvred but sho etc.	-		[3–4]	
		Leve	el 3 –	Supports valid inferences with reference to the became exhausted at meetings because of hi Politburo members had tried to sneak votes p he re-asserted his authority by putting time lin	is recent illness; ast him in his abs	sence;	[5–6]	
	(ii)	Leve	el 1 –	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the s	source.		[1–2]	
		Leve	el 2 –	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the sou	irce e.g.			
		Yes		Not deeply divided on issues; both industrialis peasants; disagreements less obvious than p etc.	-			
		No		Rivals over issues like industrialisation and per accused of stealing Trotsky's policy over rapid and file saw there were differences but not lar	d industrialisation		[3–5]	
		Leve	el 3 –	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the so issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses	the	[6–7]	
	(iii)	Leve	əl 1 –	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information.			[1]	
		Leve	el 2 –	Useful/not useful – One source is British, the os so both could be biased/unreliable.	other is from Ame	erica,	[2]	
		Leve	el 3 –	Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information.	mation given. Mu	st	[3–5]	
		Leve	əl 4 –	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid ev context. Include at this Level answers that cro A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.		• •	[6–7]	

Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
(b) (i)	Leve	 One mark for each valid aspect to a maximum Established as the newspaper of the Bolshev from Gorky; Stalin a contributor; Bukharin wa Truth etc. 	ik Party with mone	•
(ii)	Leve	 Identifies Rebellion e.g. Rebellion by sailors v soviet. 	vho set up their ov	vn [1–2]
	Leve	2 – Develops aspects of the Rebellion e.g. The S naval base had been great supporters of the had become disenchanted with the results of made demands, set up separate soviet; cruel led by Trotsky; helped influence Lenin to intro	Bolsheviks in 191 War Communism Ily put down by tro	7; ; ops
(iii)	Leve	1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	e explanation.	[1–2]
	Leve	2 – Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for explained e.g. Late convert from Mensheviks achievements in negotiations at Brest-Litovsk brilliant speaker, he was the obvious choice t things for granted, arrogant, not liked by fellor built support through position of Secretary-Ge one took Stalin seriously; no-one had Lenin's funeral; Stalin's role and speech at Lenin's fun- tional static stalin's functional static stat	but outstanding and in the Civil V o succeed; but he w Bolsheviks; Stat eneral of the Party nomination; Lenir	took lin ; no-
(iv)	Leve	 Simple assertions. Yes, he was the obvious leader. No, he was 	paranoid.	[1]
	Leve	2 – Explanation of security OR lack of security, si	ngle factor given e	e.g.
	Sec	He was leader; he had outmanoeuvred all riv Five Year Plans and collectivisation were ove of Personality working well; art and literature propaganda etc.	er early problems;	Cult
	Lack	Largely his own paranoia made him see rival Kirov meant that he began the Great Purge o military, managers, experts and 'slackers'; the show his lack of security etc.	f Old Bolsheviks,	the
	Leve	 3 – Explanation of security OR lack of security wir Allow single factors with multiple reasons. 	th multiple factors	
	OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	the argument (an	notate [3–5]
	Leve	 4 – Answers that offer a balanced argument. BOTH sides of security AND lack of security 	must be addresse	d. [6–8]

	Page							
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41			
De	pth Stuc	ly C: ⁻	Гhe USA, 1919–1941					
3	(a) (i)	Leve	l 1 – Repeats material stated in the source, no in	ference made.	[1–2]			
		Leve	I 2 – Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the groups benefited; variable impact; middle cling greedy; conspicuous consumption etc.		[3–4]			
		Leve	I 3 – Supports valid inferences with reference to t and investors doing very well with propertie off but unused to controlling spending; skille higher wages; unskilled have progressed le intolerable etc.	s; middle class fairly ed workers better of	y well f with			
	(ii)	Leve	el 1 – Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the	e source.	[1–2]			
		Leve	el 2 – Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the s	ource e.g.				
		Yes	Reduced tax and National Debt; benefits to 'freed' labour etc.	trade and investme	ent;			
		No	Higher wages fuelled demand; confidence; ethical etc.	large business mor	e [3–5]			
		Leve	el 3 – Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the issue of 'How far?'	source. Addresses	the [6–7]			
	(iii)	Leve	I 1 – Useful/not useful – Choice made on the bas detailed/gives more information, but does n information.		[1]			
		Leve	l 2 – Useful/not useful – One is from an Americar from President Coolidge so they could both					
		Leve	el 3 – Choice made on the nature or amount of inf specify what information.	ormation given. Mu	st [3–5]			
		Leve	 I 4 – Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid context. Include at this Level answers that of A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both. 					

Page 7	,		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
(b) (i)	Leve	el 1 –	One mark for each valid industry to a maximu iron, textiles, ship building etc.	m of two e.g. Coa	ıl, [1–2]
(ii)	Leve	el 1 –	Identifies problems e.g. overproduction; debt.		[1–2]
	Leve	el 2 –	Develops problems e.g. Tariffs; competition fr in grain; overproduction; mechanisation; price debt and loss of farms etc.		
(iii)	Leve	el 1 –	Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	e explanation.	[1–2]
	Leve	əl 2 –	Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for Ford and production line assembly; economie falling with competition; demand increased; a purchase; increased mobility of owners etc.	es of scale; prices	
(iv)	Leve	əl 1 –	Simple assertions. Yes, more jobs. No, lacked rights.		[1]
	Leve	el 2 –	Explanation of benefit OR lack of benefit, sing	le factor given e.ç].
	Ben		Expansion of new industries created jobs; tar markets; could afford new consumer goods; s had shorter hours etc.	-	
	Lack	ĸ	Wages not keeping pace with profits; no job p organisation; unemployment remained high; r the demand for labour; 42 per cent living belo the unskilled; problems of older industries, ag the South etc.	new methods redu w poverty line – la	uced argely
	Leve	el 3 –	Explanation of benefit OR lack of benefit with single factors with multiple reasons.	multiple factors. A	Allow
	OR		Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	the argument (an	notate [3–5]
	Leve	el 4 –	Answers that offer a balanced argument. BOTH sides of benefit AND lack of benefit mu	ist be addressed.	[6–8]

	Pag	je 8			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
					IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
De	pth St	tud	y D: (China	a, 1945–c.1990		
4	(a)	(i)	Leve	el 1 -	Repeats material stated in the source, no infer	ence made.	[1–2]
			Leve	el 2 –	Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the went around in small groups; they were unfar they seemed nice people etc.	-	-
			Leve	el 3 –	Supports valid inferences with reference to the were well-armed from a variety of sources; ei weapons captured in battle or US rifles from of were polite with bows and smiles; unfamiliar we to ask for directions etc.	ther Japanese deserting KMT tro	ops;
	((ii)	Leve	el 1 –	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the s	source.	[1-2]
			Leve	el 2 –	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the sou	ırce e.g.	
			Yes		KMT much better armed and equipped; KMT assistance from USA to transport troops to no	•	ny;
			No		Red Army got to Manchuria first; did it without communists in USSR; Red Army still felt it co manoeuvring and fighting had already started	uld win as	<i>י</i> [3–5]
			Leve	el 3 –	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the so issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses	the [6–7]
	(i	iii)	Leve	el 1 –	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information.		[1]
			Leve	el 2 –	Useful/not useful – One is from a German and Chinese person, so they could both be biased		a [2]
			Leve	el 3 –	Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information.	mation given. Mu	st [3–5]
			Leve	el 4 –	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid ex context. Include at this Level answers that cro A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.		、 <i>,</i>

Page 9		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
(b) (i)	Level	 One mark for each valid aspect to a maximum with Nationalist supporters to Taiwan; an islar mainland China; always a threat to communis position; threats, alternative systems and sup 	nd off the coast of st China because o	of its
(ii)	Level	1 – Identifies working e.g. Courts where landlords	were brought.	[1 – 2]
	Level 2	2 – Develops working e.g. Courts where landlords receive allegations and both verbal and physi against the peasants over many years; land c often executed etc.	cal abuse for actic	
(iii)	Level	1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	explanation.	[1–2]
	Level 2	2 – Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for explained e.g. USA hostile to communists; al with communist USSR and if China became of threaten the whole Asian continent, where the fundamental rejection of anything that smelled already invested much in keeping China nation must continue to invest etc.	ready had a proble communist it would e USA had interes d of communism; l	l ts; nad
(iv)	Level	 Simple assertions. No, the Communists definitely won it for them 	selves.	[1]
	Level	2 – Explanation of KMT weakness OR other facto e.g.	rs, single factor gi	ven
	КМТ	Exhausted fighting Japanese since 1931; des support from USA, the KMT leadership, strate poor; KMT unpopular with peasants; many de etc.	egy and discipline	were
	Other	Impact of long civil war and the war against Ja discipline and drive of CCP army and leaders Chinese people largely wanted peace and dic delivered it etc.	hip; land issues;	ide [2]
	Level	3 – Explanation of KMT weakness OR other facto Allow single factors with multiple reasons.	rs with multiple fac	ctors.
	OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	the argument (anr	iotate [3–5]
	Level 4	4 – Answers that offer a balanced argument. BOTH sides of KMT weakness AND other fac addressed.	tors must be	[6–8]

	Paç	ge 1							
			IGCSE – October/November 2012 0470				41		
Dej	Depth Study E: Southern Africa in the Twentieth Century								
5	(a)	(i)	Leve	el 1 –	Repeats material stated in the source, no infe	rence made.	[1	1–2]	
			Leve	el 2 –	Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the urgent problems; some wishing to avoid apart blacks etc.	-	ion of	3–4]	
			Leve	el 3 –	Supports valid inferences with reference to the Dangerous situation brewing because of prop urgent action required for a more just solution undermine all races and the country as a who an experienced white Senator etc	aganda and actic ; separation woul	d ⁄ital;	5–6]	
		(ii)	Leve	əl 1 –	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the s	source.	[1	1–2]	
			Leve	el 2 –	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the sou	irce e.g.			
			Yes		National Party had won voter support on a cle Afrikaner dominance in government would giv new; most policies favoured segregation; ruth confidence to supporters etc.	e support; nothin	g		
			No		Narrow majority; Afrikaners only 12 per cent of implies division among whites – United Party the task etc.			3–5]	
			Leve	el 3 –	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the so issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses		6–7]	
		(iii)	Leve	el 1 –	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information.			[1]	
			Leve	el 2 –	Useful/not useful – One is from a white South is British so they could both be biased/unrelia		ther	[2]	
			Leve	el 3 –	Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information.	mation given. Mu		3–5]	
			Leve	el 4 –	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid ex context. Include at this Level answers that cro A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both		ween	6–7]	
							[0	1	

Page 11		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
(b) (i)	Level 1 –	One mark for each valid group to a maximum Afrikaner Party; Malan's National Party; Pirow Broederbond; Ox-wagon Sentinel (Ossewabr republicans; Communists (till 1941).	v's New Order Party	<i>r</i> ;
(ii)	Level 1 –	Identifies aspects e.g. It increased membersh up.	ip; Youth League se	et [1–2]
I	Level 2 –	Develops aspects e.g. Xuma president. 1940- executive stronger; 1943 – new constitution, r chiefs; active recruitment, published Africans' founded in 1944 by Lembede, Sisulu, Mandel for Pan-Africanism; cooperation with NRC for campaign etc.	reduced power of claims; Youth Leag la, Tambo etc; supp	jue
<i>/···</i>			. <i>e</i>	
(iii)	Level 1 –	Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	e explanation.	[1–2]
I	Level 2 –	Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for explained e.g. By 1945 it was producing 50 p arms/ ammunition; naval ship repairs; ports e too dangerous; Britain carried most of the cos government domestic investment increased; of imports stimulated domestic production; ch	er cent of Allies' sm xpanded as Suez/M st of SA military; SA demand for gold; la	led
(iv)	Level 1 –	Simple assertions. Yes, racial classification. No, continuation of e	earlier policies.	[1]
I	Level 2 –	Explanation of change OR lack of change, sin	igle factor given e.g	
	Cha	It designated the racial group of every citizen: ended; 1953 – segregated every aspect of far removals, restricted blacks'/coloureds' town a prohibited; Bantu Education Act; suppression reactivated ANC; Treason Trials etc.	cilities; forced areas; black strikes	
I	Lack	Reserves/townships/Pass Laws already exist power of chiefs; opposition failed – Defiance Charter; Afrikaner control tightened – Strijdon election etc.	Campaign/Freedom	
I	Level 3 –	Explanation of change OR lack of change with single factors with multiple reasons.	n multiple factors. A	llow
(OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	the argument (anno	otate [3–5]
I	Level 4 –	Answers that offer a balanced argument. BOTH sides of change AND lack of change n	nust be addressed.	[6–8]

	Page 1	2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape	r
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41	
De	pth Stud	ly F: I	srae	is and Palestinians, 1945–c.1994			
6	(a) (i)	Leve	el 1 –	Repeats material stated in the source, no infe	rence made.		[1–2]
		Leve	el 2 –	Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the act from previous experience; outcome not al	-		[3–4]
		Leve	el 3 –	Supports valid inference with reference to the decided that this 'dictator' would not be appear French and Israeli support; unpopular in Britis among Britain's friends as well etc.	ased; Britain had		[5–6]
	(ii)	Leve	el 1 –	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the s	source.		[1–2]
		Leve	el 2 –	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the sou	ırce e.g.		
		Yes		Dishonoured commercial agreements; many would have agreed as a dictator must not be there is a chance he could attack neighbours etc.	appeased; accept	ts that	
		No		Had broken no treaties; does not rule by terro at home; land reform: had not turned on his n the Canal etc			[3–5]
		Leve	el 3 –	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the so issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses	the	[6–7]
	(iii)	Leve	el 1 –	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information.			[1]
		Leve	el 2 –	Useful/not useful – One is a British history boo British newspaper, so they could both be bias		om a	[2]
		Leve	el 3 –	Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information.	mation given. Mu	st	[3–5]
		Leve	əl 4 –	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid excontext. Include at this Level answers that cro A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.		• •	[6–7]

3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
Level 1 -	plan between Britain, France and Israel for Is and advance on the Canal; Britain and France sides withdraw 16km from the Canal; Britain I	rael to attack Egype to demand that be the Nasser woul	ot ooth d not
Level 1 -	- Identifies roles e.g. both were angry and threa	atened action.	[1-]
Level 2 -	probably bluff and bluster to cover its own inv	asion of Hungary;	USA
Level 1 -	- Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	e explanation.	[1-]
Level 2 -	explained e.g. Resented the foreign ownershi had been dug using Egyptian labour with mar Egypt should have more control of and reven received promises from USA, Britain and Wo 1955 to finance the Aswan Dam; May 1956 N Communist China; July, West withdrew the of Nasser would fall; 26 July, Nasser announced	ip of the Canal wh ny lives lost; felt th ue from the Canal rld Bank in Decem lasser recognised ffer of aid, hoping d his intention of	at ; had ıber
Level 1 -	•	nal.	[
Level 2 -	- Explanation of triumph OR lack of triumph, sir	ngle factor given e	.g.
Triu	would be much diminished; his current backe the sponsor to many Arab states; Nasser was popular than ever; Israel gave back gains in S	r, the USSR, beca s stronger and mor Sinai in 1957; Nass	ime re ser
Lack	arms had been captured; Israel knew it could nothing had changed in the domestic area of	defeat Arab armie Egyptian politics -	es;
Level 3 -	Explanation of triumph OR lack of triumph with single factors with multiple reasons.	h multiple factors.	Allow
OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief)	the argument (anr	notate [3–
			-
	Level 1 – Level 2 – Level 2 – Level 2 – Triu Lack Lack	 Level 1 – One mark for each valid aspect to a maximum plan between Britain, France and Israel for Is and advance on the Canal; Britain and France sides withdraw 16km from the Canal; Britain 1 comply so could invade under the pretext of t and, thus, secure the Canal Zone. Level 1 – Identifies roles e.g. both were angry and threat Level 2 – Develops roles e.g. USSR threatened Britain probably bildf and bluster to cover its own invistopped oil for Britain from its only availables – the pound sterling collapsed etc. Level 1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for the explained e.g. Resented the foreign ownersh had been dug using Egyptian labour with mare Egypt should have more control of and reven received promises from USA, Britain and Woo 1955 to finance the Aswan Dam; May 1956 N Communist China; July, West withdrew the of Nasser would fall; 26 July, Nasser announced nationalising the Canal as he would receive in than from Western aid etc. Level 1 – Simple assertions. No, he lost money as he sank ships in the Ca Level 2 – Explanation of triumph OR lack of triumph, sir Triu Had humiliated Britain and France whose inflwould be much diminished; his current backe the sponsor to many Arab states; Nasser was popular than ever; Israel gave back gains in S could claim that Israel had only won the milita Britain and France to help it etc. Lack The Canal was closed with sunken ships; mu arms had been captured; Israel knew it could nothing had changed in the domestic area of when popularity subsided, criticism would grow when popularity subsided, crit	 Level 1 – One mark for each valid aspect to a maximum of two e.g. Secreplan between Britain, France and Israel for Israel to attack Egy and advance on the Canal; Britain and France to demand that the sides withdraw 16km from the Canal; Britain knew Nasser woul comply so could invade under the pretext of taking 'police action and, thus, secure the Canal Zone. Level 1 – Identifies roles e.g. both were angry and threatened action. Level 2 – Develops roles e.g. USSR threatened Britain with a missile attach probably buff and bluster to cover its own invasion of Hungary; stopped oil for Britain from its only available source in Latin Am – the pound sterling collapsed etc. Level 1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for the explanation. Level 2 – Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for each reason explained e.g. Resented the foreign ownership of the Canal which ad been dug using Egyptian labour with many lives lost; felt th Egypt should have more control of and revenue from the Canal received promises from USA, Britain and World Bank in Decem 1955 to finance the Aswan Dam; May 1956 Nasser recognised Communist China; July, West withdrew the offer of aid, hoping Nasser would fall; 26 July, Nasser announced his intention of nationalising the Canal as he would receive more revenue from than from Western aid etc. Level 1 – Simple assertions. No, he lost money as he sank ships in the Canal. Level 2 – Explanation of triumph OR lack of triumph, single factor given e. Triu Had humiliated Britain and France whose influence in the Arab would be much diminished; his current backer, the USSR, beca the sponsor to many Arab states; Nasser was stronger and mor popular than ever; Israel gave back gains in Sinai in 1957; Nass could claim that Israel had only won the military campaign as it Britain and France to help it etc. Level 3 – Explanation of triumph OR lack of triumph with multiple factors. when popularity subsided, criticism would grow

Page 14			4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41	
De	pth S	Stud	y G: T	he Creation of Modern Industrial Society			
7	(a)	(i)	Level	1 – Repeats material seen in the source, no infere	ence made.	[1	1–2]
			Level	 2 – Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the demand and use for steel gets greater and greater industry must be flourishing, providing jobs ar 	eater; the whole	etc. [3	3–4]
			Level	 3 – Supports valid inferences with reference to the and production of steel is climbing at a huge r is about twenty-five times as great as in 1870 times that of 1880; so there must be huge der many areas of construction etc. 	ate; production in , in 1900 it was th	i 1913 iree so	5–6]
		(ii)	Level	1 – Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the s	source.	[1	1–2]
			Level	2 – Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the sou	ırce e.g.		
			Yes	Converter rendered wholly unfit for the envisa was too much phosphorus in the iron ore; failu energies; the press insulted him as a wild ent	ure had paralysed		
			No	The concept of the process was fine but the ir conception it would have produced huge mas treated; if the phosphorus in the ore could be have his crowning success; he is writing his a somebody wants to read about his Converter	ses of iron ready overcome he wou utobiography so	to be uld	3—5]
			Level	3 – Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the so issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses		6–7]
	((iii)	Level	 Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information. 			[1]
			Level	2 – Useful/not useful – One is a graph and the oth Bessemer so they could both be biased/unrel		ורy	[2]
			Level	3 – Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information.	mation given. Mu		3–5]
			Level	 4 – Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid ev context. Include at this Level answers that cro A and B to show reliability. 			
				6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.		[6]	6–7]

5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41
Level			
Level	1 – Identifies problems e.g. Underground, diffic	ult to get at.	[1–2
Level			ons – [2–4
Level	1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for t	he explanation.	[1–2
Level	explained e.g. Demands of growing industr tools; expansion of the use of steam in fact engines and rails; improved technology me steamships and naval vessels driven by sc ever improving as problems of production v	y – for machinery ar ories and railways – ant the developmen rew mechanisms; qu vere solved; mass	t of
Level	1 – Simple assertions. No, both about the same.		[1
Level	2 – Explanation of iron and steel OR coal, singl	e factor given e.g.	
& S	in machinery or the railways as both were r	najor drivers of indu	strial
Coal	steel and for the steam industries; railways have been severely restricted; domestic he badly hit.	and steamships wo ating would have be	uld een
Level	3 – Explanation of iron and steel OR coal with r single factors with multiple reasons.	nultiple factors. Allo	
OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	of the argument (ani	notate [3–5
	Level Level Level Level I & S Coal	IGCSE – October/November 2012 Level 1 – One mark for a valid example for each half Sheffield; (ii) Yorkshire, Durham, Newcastle asks for English examples. Level 1 – Identifies problems e.g. Underground, diffic Level 2 – Develops problems e.g. Drainage, flooding, gases e.g. fire damp; depth of mines, raisin transportation away from the pithead etc. Level 1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for the explained e.g. Demands of growing industr tools; expansion of the use of steam in fact engines and rails; improved technology me steamships and naval vessels driven by sc ever improving as problems of production v production reduced the cost; domestic uten Level 1 – Simple assertions. No, both about the same. Level 2 – Explanation of iron and steel OR coal, singl I & S Without iron and steel industries there woul in machinery or the railways as both were r expansion; there would have been slower t raw materials, food and people etc. Coal Coal was the driving force behind increased steel and for the steam industries; railways have been severely restricted; domestic he badly hit. NB – They are interdependent for growtl who see this. Level 3 – Explanation of iron and steel OR coal with r single factors with multiple reasons.	IGCSE - October/November 2012 0470 Level 1 - One mark for a valid example for each half of the question e.g. Sheffield; (ii) Yorkshire, Durham, Newcastle areas. NB. Questi asks for English examples. Level 1 - Identifies problems e.g. Underground, difficult to get at. Level 2 - Develops problems e.g. Drainage, flooding, ventilation, explosic gases e.g. fire damp; depth of mines, raising coal from the pit; transportation away from the pithead etc. Level 1 - Single reason. One for the reason, one for the explanation. Level 2 - Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for each reason explained e.g. Demands of growing industry - for machinery ar tools; expansion of the use of steam in factories and railways - engines and rails; improved technology meant the developmen steamships and naval vessels driven by screw mechanisms; quever improving as problems of production were solved; mass production reduced the cost; domestic utensils etc. Level 1 - Simple assertions. No, both about the same. Level 2 - Explanation of iron and steel OR coal, single factor given e.g. I & S Without iron and steel industries there would not have been grow materials, food and people etc. Coal Coal was the driving force behind increased production in iron a steel and for the steam industrie; railways and steamships wo have been severely restricted; domestic heating would have be badly hit. NB - They are interdependent for growth - reward candida who see this. Level 3 - Explanation of iron and steel OR coal with multiple factors. Allow single factors with multiple

	Page 16		6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41	
Depth Study H: The Impact of Western Imperialism in the Twentieth Century							
8	(a)	(i)	Level 1	- Repeats material stated in the source, no infe	rence made.	[1–2]	
			Level 2	 Makes valid inferences, unsupported from the and envied; good role model of ruling; inspires 	0	mired [3–4]	
			Level 3	 Supports valid inferences with reference to the empire with increasing colonial possessions; in as governs well; inspires German rivalry etc. 	-	-	
		(ii)	Level 1	 Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the s 	source.	[1–2]	
			Level 2	2 – Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the source	urce e.g.		
			Yes	Gave protection to both weak and strong; all e conquests and victories etc.	else consolidates	their	
			No	Justice and prudence; interest in material com customs and religious beliefs inspires loyalty a British rule etc.	<i>'</i>		
			Level 3	6 – Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the so issue of 'How far?'	ource. Addresses	the [6–7]	
		(iii)	Level 1	 Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis detailed/gives more information, but does not information. 		[1]	
			Level 2	 Useful/not useful – One source is from a Fren is from a German so they could both be biase 		other [2]	
			Level 3	 Choice made on the nature or amount of infor specify what information. 	mation given. Mu	st [3–5]	
			Level 4	 Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid ev context. Include at this Level answers that cro A and B to show reliability. 			
				6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.		[6–7]	

Page 1	7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
-		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0470	41	
(b) (i)	Leve	l 1 – One mark for each valid example to a maximu (German South-West Africa), German East A Cameroon (accept German spelling with 'K').		mibia [1–2]	
(ii)	Leve	1 – Identifies motives e.g. Gain and reward etc.		[1–2]	
	Leve	I 2 – Develops motives e.g. A ready market for go imperial and industrial nation; a source of che source of cheap labour for whatever industrie source of labour for other imperial tasks e.g. I Africa; source of cheap and numerous troops and the imperialists' interests etc.	eap raw materials; s established loca Indians used in So	; a ally, a outh	
(iii)	Leve	I 1 – Single reason. One for the reason, one for the	explanation.	[1–2]	
	Leve	I 2 – Multiple reasons. One for each reason, one for explained e.g. Wanted the prestige and recog power, not just a European one; envied earling the sun'; believed economic advantages wou celebrating the union of German states throug territory; to prove Germany, as a state, had a	gnition as a world er empire; a 'place ld accrue; a mear gh acquisition of		
(iv)	Leve	l 1 – Simple assertions. Yes, they took land and material and made fo	ortunes.	[1]	
	Leve	I 2 – Explanation of European benefit OR other fac given e.g.	tors, single reaso	n	
	Euro	Gained empires, raw materials, markets; indiv Africa and India; some altruistic missionaries, they achieved their missions; traders; govern government and gained reputations – Lugard prestige etc.	explorers gained	if proved	
	Othe	r Native populations gained from law and order education, missionary work etc. but not alway of local political organisation; break up of triba interference in local customs and religions; A governments made great successes of empir missionaries, explorers met sad ends etc.	vs in these fields. al groupings; LSO not all Europ	Loss Dean	
	Leve	I 3 – Explanation of European benefit OR other fac factors given. Allow single factors with multipl			
	OR	Undeveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of BBB – Balanced but Brief).	the argument (an	notate [3–5]	
	Leve	I 4 – Answers that offer a balanced argument. BOTH sides of European benefit AND other f addressed.	actors must be	[6–8]	