## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

**0680/01** Paper 1, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 2		•	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus		Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2009	0680	01	
1	(a)	(i)	sun'	s in the atmosphere which absorbs (reflected) heat from the sheat; ming up atmosphere;	om earth/ idea o	of retains/traps	
		(ii)	carb	on dioxide/ CO <sub>2</sub> /CO;		[1]	
	(b)	sup but foss defe	sible porte fluctu sil fue oresta	figures quoted; d with correct figures; uates up and down as does so; l burning/eq emissions account for rise; ation/eq; I changes in plant uptake for fluctuations;			
		NO	TE M	ax 2 for description OR explanation points		[3]	
	(c)	(i)	CFC aero	:- sols/fridges/air conditioning (units)/fire extinguisher;		[1]	
		(ii)		nane– paddies/cattle/grazing/decomposition in landfill/pockets	s in crust/sea be	d; [1]	
		(iii)	meth give drier	alternatives/ban/HCFC; nane– cows more digestible diet/anti 'wind' agents in food/d conditions; ct references to burning	evelop rice whic	ch can grow in	
2	(a)	(i)	ocea one volca	es moving towards each other (label not needed but ar ded); anic/one plate shown going over other/subduction; plate labelled (then other implied) ano shown on continental shelf (labelled or accept suit ( 2 if one or no labels	·	direction are	
		(ii)		anic ash/eq contains nutrients/eq OR is fertile/eq; ded for crop/plant growth;		[2]	

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

**Syllabus** 

**Paper** 

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	(b)	(i)	ENVIRONMENT land covered in deposits; air polluted/eq; deforestation; AVP;		
			HOUSES destroyed; burnt; buried; by lava; possessions lost;		
			FARM destroyed; by burying;		
			TRANSPORT roads covered/eq; poor visibility; cars burned; tyres melted; airport destroyed;		[2]
		(ii)	ban houses near volcano (zoning); monitor and; warn; evacuate; food/water/medical aid; training in emergency procedures; good communications; channelling lava; bombing to divert;		[2]
3	(a)	(i)	400 million		[1]
		(ii)	6400 million MAX 1 if no units		[1]
	(	iii)	death rate lower; due to: better medical attention; better sanitation; better water supply; better food production/supply; preventive medicine (vaccination)/ eq;		
				2 × 2	[4]
	(b)	(i)	unemployment; high crime rate; war; poverty; lack of services; sec ½ each round down	urity;	[2]
		(ii)	possibility of having better: housing/health services/education/water supply/electricity supply/s employment; AVP	ource of food/	[2]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

IGCSE - October/November 2009

Syllabus

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Page 4		Mark Sche	me: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – O	ctober/November 2009	0680	01
(a) (i)	B - I C - C D - C E - I F - I G -	Humboldt/Peruvian; Benguela; Gulf Stream/NAD; Canaries; N. Atlantic Drift; Labrador, Brazil; Mozambique;			[2]
(ii)	cold	toward equator (or a	way from pole); warm from equat	or (towards poles	5); [1]
(iii)		ent F makes Labrado of same latitude, diff	•		[2]
(b) (i)		stal winds push surfac warm water is replace	ce water out to sea; ed by rising of colder, nutrient rich	n water;	[2]
(ii)	this of so we fish of whice	coastal winds weaker ses evaporation; causes reversal in su varm water moves tov migrate/move away; erals used by algae; ch feed fish; gen reduced in warm	vards the coast;		[3]
(a) (i) (ii)	Y-ca Z-w acce	ght/sunlight/sun/eq; arbon dioxide; ater; ept formulae ients/minerals/fertilise	ers;		[3] [1]
(iii)	too a	r in oxygen/air/waterlo acid/alkaline; thin/ eroded/ compac salty/polluted;			
	AVP	)			[2]
(b) (i) (ii)		– rpillar AND birds– lation/carnivore;	producer; consumer;		[1] [1] [1]
(iii)	pollii	nation/symbiosis;			[1]

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Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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(a) (i) (high sea temp), causes air above to be heated; convection currents; this warm air rises; clouds form; low pressure develops; this sucks up more air from sea surface; air sinks in middle; wind speeds increase; spiral winds; [3]
(ii) Y; [1]
(b) (i) spread of malaria/cholera/other water related disease/breathing problems; [2]

- (c) (i) period of dry weather/low or no rainfall; lasting longer than expected/where such weather not the norm; [2]
  - (ii) dam building to conserve water/storing water/irrigation; plant trees; improve soil with compost; drought resistant strains; desalination plant;

[2]