UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus			Paper		
			IGCSE	 October/November 2010 	0620	61		
1	(a)	ethanol a	[1]					
	(b)	arrow to	[2]					
	(c)	to prever effect of	[2]					
2	(a)	to speed	[1]					
	(b)	solid visi	ble owtte	e.g. no more solid will diss	solve	[1]		
	(c)	filtration	/ centrifuge	not decant		[1]		
	(d)		ake sure water (of crystallisation) is not lost / stop dehydration / rystals do not turn into powder / does not decompose not crystals break					
	(e)	carbonat	neat needed / not necessary to warm acid (1) conates react with acid at room temperature (1) coubbles would indicate that carbonate is in excess (1)					
						[Total: 6]		
3	(a)	idea of fa	air test / only on	e variable		[1]		
	(b)	nitric acid		[1]				
	(c)		ts plotted (3), – oth curve (1)	1 for each incorrect		[4]		
		(ii) valu	e from graph 18	Bs (1) indication on graph (1)	[2]		
	(d)			action quicker (1) rgy / increased collisions (1)		[2]		
		-				[Total: 10]		

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper					
	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620	61					
total volume 10, 11, 12, 13 temperature 68, 63, 59, 59	[5]							
points pl	a) appropriate scale for y-axis (1) points plotted correctly (4), -1 for each incorrect best fit straight line graph (1)							
(b) clear liqu) clear liquid formed / no solid visible owtte							
	value from graph for 9 cm³ of water, around 72 °C (1) extrapolation of straight line shown (1)							
· ,	temperatures at which crystals appear lower (1) solution more dilute in same volume of water / less saturated owtte (1)							
(e) sketch g	raph below line (1) label (1)		[2]					
don't use do not re	rovement from e.g. e a beaker of cold water to cool solution / emove thermometer from the solution / ond person or IT method to note formation of crysta	als /						
different loss of so observin	oplanation rate of heat losses / olid on thermometer / g formation of first crystals may vary /							
	ore accurate / increases reliability accurate		[2]					
			[Total: 20]					
(a) (i) blue	e (1)		[1]					
(ii) blue	e (1) precipitate (1)		[2]					
	e precipitate (1) p / royal blue (1) solution (1) or precipitate dissolv	ves	[3]					
(c) sulfuric a	acid (2) acid or sulfate only (1)		[2]					
			[Total: 8]					

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	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Sylla		Syllabus	Paper			
			IGCSE -	October/Novemb	er 2010	0620	61		
6	(a)	(a) bubbles / fizzing / effervescence							
	(b)	alkali fori	[1]						
	(c)	(i) chlo		[1]					
		(ii) indicator bleached / decolourised allow yellow							
							[Total: 4]		
7	(a)) universal indicator / pH paper (1) not litmus pH of 4–6 / yellow / orange (1) not red					[2]		
	(b)	b) sodium hydroxide / carbonate / oxide				[1]			
	(c)	marks can be obtained from diagram chromatography (1) description of applying E110 to paper (1) use of solvent (1) results / number of spots (1)					[4]		
							[Total: 7]		